Look out for To-Morrow's POST-DISPATCH with full returns from Election. News from all parts of the world. Whole history of the day, ready for you at supper.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

CITY ELECTION TO-MORROW. Reports up to time of going to press will be given in the POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. XXXIII. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1885. NO. 246.

HEAVY DIRECT IMPORTATIONS!

—IN—

Linen Goods, Quilts, Towels, Etc.,

—BY—

D. CRAWFORD & CO.,

Now Offered at Prices that Flatten Out All Competition, either Wholesale or Retail!!

READ THE OFFERINGS!

250 pcs 60-inch Turkey Red Table Damask at 40c; would be good value at 60c.
2 cases Turkey Red Table Damask at 30c; price elsewhere 45c.
75 pcs 60-inch German Cardinal Red Table Damask at 75c; would be good value for $1.
350 dozen Erskine, Beveridge & Co.'s No. 7 Bleached Damask Towels, 24x45, at 19c; worth 30c.
150 dozen Knotted Fringe Damask Towels, 22x42 inch, at 18c; price elsewhere 28c.
46 pcs very fine Bleached Table Damask, 60 inches wide, at 50c; would be cheap at 65c.
6 dozen Solid Brass Cornice Poles, with rings, end and brackets complete, at $1 25; worth $1 75.
60 dozen Ebony Cornice Poles, with brass ends, rings and brackets complete, at 35c; price elsewhere 75c.
100 pairs Cross-Striped Turcoman Curtains, 3 1-2 yards long, at $5 a pair; worth $8.
3 cases 11-4 size White Marseilles Quilts at $1; price elsewhere $1 50.
2 cases very heavy White Crochet Quilts at $1; would be good value at $1 35.
40 dozen Extension Cornices at 75c, $1 and $1 25; price elsewhere $1 25, $1 75 and $2 25.
3 cases Choice Patterns Cretonnes, 31 inches wide, at 15c; would be cheap at 20c.
150 dozen 5-8 White Damask Napkins at 85c; well worth $1 10.
46 pcs very fine Cream Damask Table Linen, with red border, 60 inches wide, at 45c; cheap at 55c.
2 cases 11-4 White Marseilles Quilts, very fine goods, at $1 75 each; price elsewhere $2 25.
1 case extra quality White Marseilles Quilts at $2 25; would be cheap at $3.
2 bales 18 inches wide All-Linen Glass Toweling at 7 1-2c; would be good value at 10c.
250 dozen very fine Damask Napkins, 24x24 inches, at $2 25 per dozen; worth $3.

LINEN DEPARTMENT!

--OF--

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

OUR OPENING DAYS

TUESDAY AND WEDNESDAY, APRIL 7 AND 8.

S. J. BRITTAIN & CO.,

Famous Millinery and Fancy Goods Dapartment, Broadway and Morgan.

SPRING NOVELTIES!

CUNNINGHAM & SCHMITT

Will Open on MONDAY, April 6,

100 pieces of Arnold, Constable & Co.'s CHOICEST ZEPHYR CLOTHS, in all the newest colors and designs, at New York prices.

DRESS TRIMMINGS!

We have just received through

OUR PARIS COMMISSIONAIRE:

The Newest Styles of Dress Trimmings,
Full line of Braids, in all widths and colors,
Chenille Fringes in great assortment of styles,
Jet and Iridescent Passementeries, Beaded Fronts,
Beaded Jackets, Beaded Vests, Beaded Laces in all widths.

TO ORDER:

We take special orders for Trimmings to match dress materials.
New styles of Handkerchiefs just opened and not to be found elsewhere.
350 dozen Sheer Linen Initial Handkerchiefs at 35c, worth 65c.
150 dozen quarter-inch hemstitched All-Linen Handkerchiefs at 10c, worth 20c.
250 dozen Colored-Bordered All-Linen Handkerchiefs at 10c, regular price 20c.
New Egyptian and Oriental Laces very cheap.
New Black Chantilly Laces, 3 in. to 36 in. wide, to match.
New Black Spanish Guipure Laces, Marquise Laces.
Very choice stock of New Embroideries.
Embroideries in Dark Navy Blue, with dress material to match.

WILL GUARANTEE THE LOWEST PRICES!

CUNNINGHAM & SCHMITT,

505 N. FOURTH STREET.

HEADQUARTERS

FOR

BABIES'.

CAPS AND OUTFITS

$ ST. BERNARD DOLLAR STORE, $

414, 416 and 418 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

10-4 Sheeting, - - - - - - 15c
Black and White Check Summer Silk, - - 35c
Satins, all colors, - - - - - - 25c

New Spring Goods and Low Prices in Every Department.

T. F. MOLONEY, 615, 617 N. Broadway,

Between Washington Avenue and Union Market.

MITCHELL FURNITURE CO.,

607 North Fourth Street.

We have put in a complete line of new styles and designs of Furniture, and gaurantee our work first-class and Prices the Lowest in the city.

MITCHELL'S CANDIES,

French Fruits, Chocolates, Ice Creams and Lunch Parlor.

TRADE MARK.

503 N. FOURTH ST.

C. FARNER Stove, Furniture and Carpet Company,

N. W. COR. 14TH ST. AND CLARK AV.

A large cargo of the finest as well as medium goods just received, which we will dispose of on EASY TIME PAYMENTS. Call early and get Bargains. Open every evening until 9 o'clock.

SAVED HER LIFE.

RIDGE, McINTOSH CO., GA.

DR. J. BRADFIELD: *Dear Sir*—I have taken several bottles of your Female Regulator for falling of the womb and other diseases combined, of sixteen years' standing, and *I really believe I am cured entirely*, for which please accept my heartfelt thanks and most profound gratitude. I know your medicine saved my life, so you see I cannot speak too highly in its favor. I have recommended it to several of my friends who are suffering as I was.

Yours very respectfully,
MRS. W. E. STEBBINS.

TESTED A QUARTER OF A CENTURY—IT STANDS UNRIVALED.

LAGRANGE, GA.

DR. J. BRADFIELD, Atlanta, Ga.: *Dear Sir*—I take pleasure in stating that I have used, for the last twenty years, the medicine you are now putting up, known as Dr. Bradfield's Female Regulator, and consider it the best combination ever gotten together for the disease for which it is recommended. With kindest regards I am, respectfully,
W. B. FERRELL, M. D.

ATLANTA, GA.

DR. J. BRADFIELD: *Dear Sir*—Some fifteen years ago I examined the recipe of Female Regulator, and carefully studied authorities in regard to its components, and then (as well as now) pronounce it to be the most scientific and skilful combination of the really reliable remedial vegetable agents known to science, to act directly on the womb and uterine organs, and the organs and parts sympathising directly with these; and, therefore providing a *specific remedy* for all diseases of the *womb*, and of the adjacent organs and parts.

Yours truly, JESSE BORING, M. D., D. D.

Treatise on the Health and Happi[illegible] of Wo mailed free to any address.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.
Box 28, Atlanta, Ga.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

They have always a good draft,
They roast perfectly,
They require but little fuel,
They are easily managed,
They are suited to all localities,
Every one guaranteed to give Satisfaction.

CHARTER OAK STOVE

EXCELSIOR MFG. COMPANY.

WOODWARD & TIERNAN,

212 Locust Street, St. Louis.

Printers, Book Binders, ENGRAVERS, AND Manufacturing Stationers.

AGENTS FOR "KOSMIAN SAFETY INK."

TRADE MARK.

Our facilities for the PROMPT and FAVORABLE Placing of ADVERTISEMENTS In all Newspapers and Magazines are UNEXCELLED. Send for estimates. LORD & THOMAS Newspaper Advertising CHICAGO.

ST. LOUIS OFFICE: 5 Emilie Block.

In the complaint concerning our cooks, which never seems to lessen as the years go by, but on the contrary seems to swell in volume, we wonder that it has not occurred to many of those who find the complaint unavoidable that they have one way of remedying matters a good deal in their own hands. An active half hour three times a day, with a "Home Comfort" Wrought-Iron Cooking Range in the kitchen, is all that is required to prepare the most substantial meal without fatigue. Made in all sizes. For Sale by

Simmons Hardware Co., 9th and Washington av.
Ringen Stove Co., 808 N. 4th st.
Chas. Niedringhaus, 10th and Franklin av.
Henry Pins, 14th and Monroe sts.
Valentine Fath, 1209 S. Broadway.

THE WONDERFUL RETAIL
5c, 10c and 25c Store,
417 Washington Av.
If you have not been there, go at once.
Immense Stock in Great Variety
—AT—
LOWER PRICES
THAN YOU
EVER HEARD OF BEFORE.

M. E. HIRET JR. & CO. 9th & Olive Sts. St. Louis, Mo.

ACME ROOF PAINT
FOR
Tin & Iron Roofs, Iron Columns, Fences, Etc.
Fully warranted. Sold by the gallon or applied by the square. Estimates furnished.

Self Cure Free for Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood and Misery. A favorite prescription of a noted specialist (now retired.) Druggists can fill it. Address DR. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, Mo.

REMOVAL!
BASCOME & MUNSON
INSURANCE AGENTS,
Removed from 317 Chestnut street to Turner Building, Eighth street, opposite Post Office, first floor.

E. E. SOUTHER & BRO.
St. Louis, Mo.
Dealers in IRON AND STEEL;
MANUFACTURERS OF
Corrugated Iron for Roofing, Siding & Ceiling.

Climax Iron Roofing shown below.

Catalogues, Prices & Complete Information on application.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, loss of manhood, etc. I will send you a valuable treatise upon the above diseases, also directions for self-cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

LATEST EDITION.

CHEERFUL TO-DAY.

Gen. Grant Passes the Morning Napping and Chatting.

Nearly Eight Hours' Uninterrupted Sleep—The Patient Awakes This Morning Refreshed and Stronger—A Night Without Incident—The Bulletins.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—General Grant obtained a peaceful night's rest, and awoke this morning at 5:30 o'clock refreshed both in body and mind. He seemed to have overcome the depression under which he labored yesterday, and was much more cheerful in spirit. After the administration of anodynes he was placed in bed. At 10 o'clock last night he soon fell into a quiet slumber, from which he was awakened at intervals to receive nourishment. Each time he was awakened he dropped off to sleep again within a few minutes. Altogether he obtained seven and a half hours' sleep during the night. The general condition was so favorable last night that the presence of both his physicians was not deemed necessary. Dr. Douglass left the house at midnight to obtain the rest he needed so much after his long vigils. Dr. Shrady remained in the sick room. There were in attendance the General's valet, Harrison, and the professional nurse, Henry. Col. Fred Grant was in and out of his father's room during the night, and was much pleased at the unbroken rest he obtained and his

MERCIFUL FREEDOM FROM PAIN.

There was not an incident throughout the long hours of the night to cause alarm to the watchers. Gen. Grant coughed but little, and there was no serious accumulation of mucus in the throat. The last bulletin was issued at midnight. The shades on every window in the front of the house were then drawn, and the only light visible was the faint gleam of a low-turned gas jet in the library. Two policemen paced up and down the sidewalk from midnight until 6 o'clock this morning, when they were relieved by two fellow bluecoats. The first sign of life to be perceived in the house from the street was the raising of the shades in General Grant's room by Harrison, at half-past five o'clock. Ten minutes later Mrs. Sartoris, who had come down from her room immediately on waking to learn how her father was, drew up the shades in the library and stood for a while at the window looking out. But the truth remains that General Grant is growing weaker all the time.

Bulletins.

NEW YORK, April 6, 6:30 A. M.—Gen. Grant has had an undisturbed and refreshing sleep of seven and a half hours. His pulse is 80 and full, temperature normal. He has had no pain during the night, and has coughed very little. He is inclined to be cheerful.

[Signed] GEO. F. SHRADY, M. D.

NAPPING AND CHATTING.

BULLETIN—12:45 P. M.—General Grant has had a quiet morning in his easy-chair, napping and chatting by turns. His pulse is 78, and of good volume. He has had no pain for several hours.

[Signed] GEO. F. SHRADY, M. D.

MAY LIVE TWO OR THREE DAYS.

Senator Chaffee left the house between 10 and 11 o'clock. He said that the General's voice was clear at times, and husky at times, according to the amount of mucus, and that he may live for two or three days yet. The family last night and the night before, slept more than they have in a good many days. U. S. Grant, jr., left the house at 11 o'clock. He said that he had talked with his father, and the General had talked with him. He was very quiet. The situation this morning was cheering. Jesse Grant and Fred Grant's wife went out for a walk this forenoon.

A PENITENTIARY REVOLT.

Female Convicts Refuse to Take the Places of Discharged Strikers.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—There was a revolt last week in the King's County Penitentiary among the female prisoners. Those who engaged in it were put in dark cells and placed on scant diet. They are now undergoing punishment and will be kept on the scant fare and locked in the dark cells until Wednesday morning, when the ten days of their punishment will have expired. The Bay State Shoe Company controls the labor of the convicts. The amount of work, however, requires the help of outsiders, and among the number who are thus employed are many women. Last Monday ten women employed on rough work were notified that there would be a reduction in their wages. They objected, and obtaining no satisfaction, they left the shops. The superintendent then called in some female convicts, who were at other work in the Penitentiary, to take the places at the machines which the ten girls had vacated. They did so, but when it was made known to them that operators had quit work on account of a reduction in wages, they arose from their seats and

REFUSED TO WORK.

The superintendent notified the warden, who ordered the girls from the shop, and marched ten others in to take their places. These prisoners took their places at the seats, but remained standing, when they were ordered to sit down and work. The matrons talked to them, and strove to encourage them to do the bidding of the superintendent. They refused, and finally they were marched from the place, and then with the others who had preceded them, were ordered to close confinement for ten days, and to receive the diet which prisoners in close confinement receive. At different times since being locked up they have been visited and asked to give up their determination not to work, but they have steadfastly refused, saying they will not do harm to the strikers. Warden Green and the matrons speak of the prisoners who are being punished with some respect as well as kindness. One of these prisoners said: "Poor wages has made me a convict, and there are few despised ones among my sex here or elsewhere who cannot point to that as the cause which has made them what they are."

DANGERS OF WATER GAS.

The Fatal Experience of a Family at Wilkesbarre.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WILKESBARRE, PA., April 6.—The family of Henry C. Engelke, who resides on River street, were discovered by a neighbor in an unconscious condition last night from the effect of gas which was escaping from a broken pipe in the cellar. Mr. Engelke, his wife and daughter, and a servant girl named Kate Schlessinger, were overcome. Mr. Engelke was found near the door, having evidently made an effort to reach the open air. Mrs. Engelke was lying on the floor in the sitting room, the daughter was upstairs and the servant girl was in the kitchen. Drs. Mayor and Miner were summoned and were in time to save the family, but it was impossible to rouse the girl Schlessinger, who died during the night. The others are now thought to be out of danger. The gas was the kind known as water gas, made from naphtha, and is more poisonous than coal gas.

JEFFERSON JOTTINGS.

A Quiet City Election—New St. Louis Corporations.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

JEFFERSON CITY, MO., April 6.—The Home Cotton Mills of St. Louis filed articles to-day; capital, $10,000; Judson M. Bemis, S. A. Bemis and J. G. Marriott, incorporators. Also, the St. Louis Wholesale Bread Company; capital, $2,500; Wm. Schaefer, Hermann F. Jobusch, sr., and Hermann F. Jobusch, jr., directors. State Auditor Walker will go to Fulton to-morrow on official business. The canvass of city officers proceeds quietly, and creates but little excitement. The candidates are running on their own special merits without political indorsement; hence, the result will be without any party significance.

THREE daily trains with Pullman cars via Vandalia Line. St. Louis to New York, quickest time, thirty-two hours.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Gossip About To-Morrow's Election—News Notes and Personals.

The refusal of ex-Mayor John B. Bowman to become a candidate for the Mayoralty, caused interest in the election, which takes place to-morrow, to relax considerably, and the probability was, unless the Law and Order League placed a candidate in the field before to-morrow, that Maurice Joyce would be elected by an unprecedented majority. The only opponent that Mr. Joyce had was Louis Gross, who announced himself last night as the independent candidate for Mayor, and who, although he has come into the race almost at the eleventh hour, is making strenuous endeavors to make it at least interesting. The Law and Order League, however, to-day, at noon, completed its nominations with the following ticket: Dr. Thos. C. Jennings for Mayor; Patrick Flannery for Alderman from the First Ward, Joseph Franks for Alderman from the Second Ward, Capt. John W. Renshaw for Alderman from the Third Ward and Frank Keating for Alderman from the Fourth Ward. Keating is the only one of these nominees who is now in office and occupies the same place for which he is renominated. This ticket is the only one in the field in opposition to the one mentioned above, with Maurice Joyce for Mayor and C. A. Haines, William Shea, Robert Cunningham and Garrett Stack for Aldermen. The contests for Aldermanic honors are causing little uneasiness as to the result, as it is very easy to prognosticate who the successful ones will be. In the First Ward the candidates are Charles Haines, Patrick Flannery, F. M. Sullivan and Valentine Eustache. The fight in this wary seems to be between Messrs. Flannerd and Haines, the indications to-day favoring the success of the latter, although Mr. Flannery will no doubt push him hard. In the Second Ward the candidates are Joe Franke and William Shea, the latter being by long odds the favorite in the betting, of which there is considerable being done. Mr. Robert Cunningham is the only man who coveted the position of Alderman from the Third Ward until the Law and Order League furnished him with an opponent. The contest in the Fourth Ward is the only one which does not seem to be a foregone conclusion, and is exciting a great deal of interest. The contestants are Frank Keating, the present incumbent, and Garrett Stack. It is hardly safe in this case to predict what the result will be, but it looks as if the only consolation left Mr. Stack on next Wednesday morning will be that he made a hard fight. The township election will also take place to-morrow and the candidates are as follows: For Supervisor: Eugene Halloran, John F. Tmiln. For Assistant Supervisor: T. J. Canty, jr., Louis Menges, jr., Joun W. Renshaw, Philip Lynch. For Town Clerk: James P. Doyle, John J. Driscoll. For Collector: Louis Boismenue, jr., Patrick H. Stack. For Assessor: Wm. Buttenuth, Thomas Halpin, Isaac Noton. For Highway Commissioner: George Crotty, Joun Dwyer, Patrick Dulon. For Justices of the Peace (five to be elected): Richard J. Long, Joseph Draggon, Maurice Bunyan, Daniel Shea, Michael Healy, sr., Jerry Kane, James W. Chapman, Maurice F. Tissier, Stewart McLean, Thomas Grany, John W. Benedict. For Constables (five to be elected): Walter H. McGarrahan, Ashley W. Abernathy, Michael Healy, jr., John W. Woods, Henry James, L. M. Fleming, John J. Collins, Theo. F. Sherrick, Henry McDermott, William Brockmeyer.

The election held on Saturday to elect two members of the Board of Education resulted in the success of Messrs. J. M. Sullivan and J. C. Kelly by a small majority.

Messrs. Haines and Sullivan, candidates for Aldermen in the First Ward, had an angry discussion at the Law and Order League meeting last night, and came near coming to blows, but their friends interfered and the belligerent candidates were separated.

A Warning to the Public.

We would again warn the public against some unprincipled clothing merchants on Franklin avenue who represent themselves to be the *Globe* or a branch of the *Globe*. Do not enter these dens, for you will surely be deceived. The *Globe* is one establishment and has no branches. Look for name and number above entrances.

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

ANNUAL ELECTION.

The Real Estate Exchange Chooses Officers for Another Year.

The annual election of the Real Estate Exchange occurred to-day, the polls being open from 9 a. m. till 12 m. There was no opposition, but despite the absence of any contest, considerable interest was shown, over half of the stockholders voting. The regular ticket, constituted as follows, was elected:

Directors—Charles Green, James S. Farrar, Leslie A. Moffett, Wm. C. Wilson.

Membership Committee—David Bailey, F. W. Kelferstein, C. Bent Carr, Leon L. Hull, Robert Rutledge.

Arbitration Committee—John G. Priest, E. S. Rowse, M. R. Collins, jr., L. H. Conn, L. S. Brotsche.

The annual meeting of the members and stockholders of the Exchange will take place Wednesday next, at 3 p. m.

EXCITING and interesting. The great polo game at the Star Rink to-night. St. Louis vs. Galesburg.

A TOWN IN ASHES.

Destructive Conflagration This Morning at Maryville, Tenn.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., April 6.—News has reached this city of a very destructive fire after midnight this morning, at Maryville, Blount County, Tenn. Only meager details can be learned, but it is understood that the Court House, court records and the leading business houses of the town are destroyed. Engines were telegraphed for to Knoxville, sixteen miles distant, and they saved the town from total destruction.

A COMPARATIVE SHOWING.

The Earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad During February.

BOSTON, MASS., April 6.—The earnings of the Union Pacific Railroad for February were $1,563,000, and the expenses 1,178,000; the surplus earnings for February were $380,000, against $368,000 in February, 1884; the surplus earnings for two months of 1885 were $807,000, against $428,000 during the same period last year.

MR. FRELINGHUYSEN DYING.

The Late Secretary of State Not Expected to Live Through the Day.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—A dispatch received here this morning from the home of ex-Secretary Frelinghuysen, says he is not expected to live through the day.

Denison's Court.

There were eighty-one cases on Judge Denison's docket this morning, including forty cases of crap-players, thirteen of which were fined the costs, the balance of them being nolle pross'd. James Powers was fined $50 for trespassing; Dennis Keefe $10 for same offense. There were two cases of wandering against Mary Thompson, on which she was assessed $10 and $18; Louis Sutton, on charge of cruelty to animals, was fined $20; Herman Wachs was fined $18 for disturbing the peace; John Harrigan, Pat Kiteullen, Mike Grady and Parthenia Brigham were fined $10 each for the same offense.

BUSINESS men of the West use fast trains of the Vandalia Line. St. Louis to New York and the East only thirty-two hours.

A Diabolical Deed.

KNOXVILLE, TENN., April 6.—On Saturday night, Reon Joyce, 75 years old, was burned in his dwelling, together with his three-year-old daughter and Miss Rice, aged 40 years. Mr. Joyce lives fourteen miles from Asheville, Tenn. Foul play is suspected but no clew is yet obtained. The dwelling was entirely consumed when the tragedy was discovered.

THE champion Roller Polo Team from Galesburg at the Star Rink to-night.

Woolen Mills Closed.

FITCHFIELD, MASS., April 6.—Barnum & Lathers, woolen manufacturers, whose mill has been idle some time, filed a voluntary petition in insolvency to-day. They owe about $30,000 of which $15,000 are secured.

THE Easter session opened with a grand polo game at the Star Rink to-night. St. Louis vs. Galesburg.

JOEY, OLD BOY.

Further Comments as to What Mr. Brown Did When He Had a Chance.

How the Poplar Street Track Nuisance Was Created, and How the Building of a Fine Union Depot Was Prevented—What the Politicians Were Doing on Saturday Night—The Grand Committee Indorsed by Chairman Warner.

Notwithstanding the shift of the past three days, which seems to favor Democratic success, it has not served to better the position of Mr. Joseph Brown to any great degree, and scores of Democrats who were certain of a general sweep, when asked as to Brown, freely acknowledged that he was probably an exception to the rule. There is no mistaking the fact that Mr. Brown's greatest obstacle to success (after Henry Flad) is his own record in public life here. It is a burden which is always with him, and exceedingly hard to bear. New facts in connection with it are being constantly brought forward, and they are all hard to meet.

HIS RECORD.

Mr. Joseph Brown is eminently a man of promises. As a writer in the DISPATCH of July 26, 1873, says: "The trouble with the man (Joe Brown) is that he could not let well enough alone. He made promises without reservation and broke them without scruple. If he has ever been accused of keeping his word in a political sense, we have yet to hear of it, etc." In the same way he is now a very spendthrift in promises. St. Louis is to have a new City Hall if he is elected and streets are to be paved with a material to be invented by him, which costs little and lasts forever, and all kinds of nice things. All of this suggests an inquiry as to what he did when he had the power. In 1871 there was a strong effort made by railroad companies and other interested parties to secure to the city a grand Union Depot to cost not less than $4,000,000. Plans were made and $2,000,000 of the necessary capital had been subscribed; but before the company could commence operations and condemn the lands required for such a Union Depot, the following section of the State law in relation to Union depots had to be complied with:

Act in relation to Railroads and Union Depots, approved March 18, 1871.

SEC. 2. Any association of persons or corporation desiring to become incorporated under the provisions of this act, may present their articles of association to the Circuit Court of the county in which such city is, or to the judge thereof in vacation, with the petition from such members for a certificate of incorporation under the provisions of this act, to which petition shall be added or appended a certificate of at least three railroad companies who have tracks leading into said city, stating its public utility, and that they expect to make arrangements for its use when it shall be constructed.

Signed by the presidents of their respective companies.

At that time the tracks of only three railroad companies actually entered the city: The North Missouri, whose president was Barton Bates; the Iron Mountain, represented by Thomas Allen, and the Missouri Pacific, of which Captain Joseph Brown was president. The presidents of the two first-named roads, Allen and Bates, without any hesitation signed the necessary papers, but Captain Brown refused point blank, without giving any reason. Brown was the only man in the city who could prevent the carrying out of this enterprise, which would have brought several millions of capital to the city, furnished employment to thousands of mechanics and given to the city a grand structure worthy of its wealth and importance, and he did prevent it.

What his reasons were may readily be divined. As president of the Pacific Railroad, which had a depot connected with the bridge by the tunnel, and therefore could get along, he probably considered it his duty to look to its interests alone, and he adopted a short-sighted, dog-in-the-manger policy. At the time he refused to let the city have a Union Depot, Joseph Brown was and had been Mayor of St. Louis for more than six months, and he evidently did not mean to allow his public duties to interfere with his interests as a railroad man.

But the captain may claim that, although he prevented the building of a great Union Depot, he succeeded admirably in adding to the city what he doubtless considered a very valuable improvement for the Pacific Railroad, but which is denounced by all our citizens as the greatest nuisance in this city, namely, the Poplar street track.

Ordinance No. 7,897, by and under authority of which the Missouri Pacific Railroad Company has been enabled to lay and maintain its track on Poplar street, to the utter ruin of adjoining property, and the great injury of the southern part of the city, was passed while Capt. Brown was Mayor, and signed: "Approved January 25, 1872, Joseph Brown, Mayor."

There is also a demand that Mr. Brown should explain why during his administration he employed the firm of Sharp & Broadhead, at an expense of $10,000 to the city, to defend the suit brought by the St. Louis Gas Light Company against the city under the iniquitous tripartite agreement in the face of a declaration in writing from that firm that the city had no case. Mr. Brown admitted on the witness stand a few years later that he had made no efforts to secure the services of attorneys who had not practically abandoned the case at the time they were employed, and could give no reason for not having done so, except that the head of the law firm thus employed was a near neighbor who had placed him in nomination for Mayor at the convention that first nominated him.

FAVORABLE TO FLAD.

While the tide is so strongly against Mr. Brown, it is, in a corresponding degree, favorable to his opponent, Col. Henry Flad, in whose behalf Edwin Harrison, who was discussed as a probable Democratic nominee against him, writes the following letter:

ST. LOUIS, MO., February 18, 1885.

Henry Flad, esq.

DEAR COL.: A week ago some friend told me he had seen my name mentioned in some newspaper as a candidate, or as a suitable person (or something of that kind) for the Presidency of the Board of Public Improvements. I answered as my first impulse prompted me and without hesitation; "I would not run against Col. Flad for that office even if I otherwise desired it and believed myself to be properly qualified to fill so responsible a position." Those are still my sentiments. I have come to be, at a time too high an appreciation of your ability as an experienced engineer; of the value of the long continued but lightly remunerated services which you have rendered the city in the past—too strong a conviction as to the value of the services which you may render in the future—to entertain the idea for a moment of entering the lists against you for that office. With assurances of my highest regards, I remain, Yours very truly,

[Signed.] EDWIN HARRISON.

WARNER INDORSES GRUND.

A few days ago D. P. Grier wrote to Chairman Warner of the State Republican Committee, asking him to speak definitely as to whether he (Warner) had at any time indorsed the Filley Committee as the "regular" organization, and asking also his advice to the Republicans of St. Louis in the present emergency. Major Warner, responded in a letter stating that he had carefully avoided expressing any opinion whatever as to which was the regular Republican Committee here, and had said nothing that could be tortured into an indorsement of the Filley organization. His opinion was and is, that the Grund Committee is the one that represents the Republicans of St. Louis, and in his belief good Republicans had but one thing to do on Tuesday, namely to support the ticket headed by Wm. L. Ewing.

POLITICAL NOTES.

On Saturday night the Twentieth Ward Democrats, in mass meeting assembled, were addressed by John I. Martin, H. Clay Sexton (who assured his neighbors he would secure 5,000 majority), Joseph Brown, P. O'Malley, W. J. Blakely, Thos. Morris, M. W. Hogan, Edward White, D. R. Francis, T. P. Bell, R. A. Campbell, John D. Pluney, Judge Noonan, P. Carmody and Geo. Castleman.

A. J. P. Garesche comes to the rescue of Clay Sexton in a card in which he says, that if Sexton was a Know-nothing in 1854, Mr. Garesche did not discover it. At least he is satisfied that if Mr. Sexton was a Know-nothing his fanaticism did not go so far as to make him an enemy of the Catholic Church.

Oscar C. Koehler, who was mentioned in one of the morning papers as a candidate for the Lower House from the Ninth Ward, asks that an emphatic denial be made of that statement. He is not a candidate, and he recognizes in this attempt to make him one, a scheme to defeat Mr. Merriott. He says that the scheme won't win.

Rudolph Kornberger writes to ask that an alleged interview with him published in one of the city papers a day or two since was bogus, and that, so far from desiring to make any attack on Clay Sexton, he holds the old chief in high esteem.

The Republicans of Carondelet will hold a mass meeting at the Turner Hall (South St. Louis) to-night, which will be addressed by nearly all of the Republican candidates and several of the leading orators of the party. Mayor Ewing will be one of the speakers.

At the corner of Seventh and O'Fallon streets on Saturday night the Fourth Ward Democracy was addressed by D. R. Francis, J. J. Butler, D. O'Connell Tracy and H. C. Sexton, who promised to knock the teeth down the throat of any man who would face him and charge him with having been a Know-nothing.

A meeting of Seventh Ward Democrats at Union Hall on Saturday night was addressed by H. D. Westbrook, C. R. Donahoe, B. F. Harrington and Frank Cosman. Cosman is one of the four members of the Lower House who has been able to secure a renomination after having voted for the iniquitous old-company gas bill.

Frank MacManus, J. N. Judge, J. A. Seddons, Van Tracy, R. H. Toubey, Bob Goode and others addressed a Democratic meeting in the Tenth Ward on Saturday night.

Dr. Brennan and Dave Francis addressed a Fourteenth Ward meeting of Democrats Saturday night.

The biggest Democratic meeting of Saturday night was held at the corner of Thirty-first and Locust streets. Dr. McPheeters presided, and the speakers were T. M. Estes, A. A. Paxson, H. Clay Sexton, C. M. Napton, J. L. Boogher, Geo. Castleman, J. J. O'Neill, J. M. Dickson, Jeff. Storts, Rob Goode, and Jos. Brown.

At No. 1530 Morgan street Saturday night the Tenth Ward Republicans were addressed by D. W. Clark, C. A. Tandy, Rev. A. J. Warner, Wm. A. Hobbs, Gen. A. J. Smith, C. Dandridge, Chris. Oberbeck, D. P. Grier, Hy. Ziegenbein, Alf. Smith, Joe Stern, Emile Thomas, J. W. Wheeler and others. This is the home of the Tyler forces, and Tyler was excoriated in a way that was awful to contemplate.

J. Milton Turner, J. D. Wheeler, Commodore Smith, J. H. Tandy, Joe Buckley and others addressed a meeting of colored Republicans in the Chambers Street Church Saturday night.

Wm. C. Bull, Wm. A. Hobbs, Chris Oberbeck, Peter Freeman and L. B. Pitman addressed a meeting of colored voters in the Second Ward on Saturday night.

The Eighth and Sixteenth Ward Republicans held a mass meeting on Saturday night at North St. Louis Turner Hall, which was addressed by Peter Gundlach, Hy. Ziegenbein, H. L. Rodgers, Judge Wieland and others.

The Filley ratification meeting at Mercantile Library Hall on Saturday night had a very large Democratic attendance. It was addressed by Cornelius McBride, D. T. Jewett, C. I. Filley and C. H. Tyler.

The business men of the northern part of the city are making a special campaign in behalf of James Duross for the Upper House, by reason of the fact that he has been for so many years prominently identified with the lumber and planing mill interest, which comprises such a large part of the commerce of the North End. Mr. Duross is a native American of very conservative character, whose Irish ancestors came to this country in 1798. He came to St. Louis a carpenter, and the success he has achieved is the result of hard work, directed by a good business head. He served two terms in the School Board and made an excellent record there.

Charley Johnson said: "Francis' vote will be a very close one, but with Filley running I guess Dave will get there. Filley's worth about 1,500 votes to Francis."

"Francis is what I call a providential candidate," said John Haverty. "Either of the other candidates would have given Ewing a close rub, but Francis will lead him."

Frank Washington said: "Francis? Well, I should say so. I don't look very much like a Ewing man, do I?"

The blue Francis and pink Sexton badges make quite a pretty contrast and decorated about every other man at the Post Office yesterday.

"I believe in supporting the candidates of the regular committee," said D.T. Jewett, "and you can put me down as a Filley man, straight. No backsliding for me."

Thos. A. Russell remarked: "I honestly believe Francis will lead both the Republican tickets by 3,000 votes, and I think Filley will poll from 1,000 to 1,500 votes."

"If Francis is elected I'm the only man that will get an appointment from him," said Capt. Von Phul, "and that will be head street cleaner. I suppose some of these politicians would like to have a mortgage on Dave's house and lot."

Quite a number of bets were made on the election yesterday morning. Among others Ed Butler bet Tom Woods $500 even on Sexton against Ziegenbein and a similar bet of $100 with Henry Martin. John E. Hagerty bet $100 even on Sexton against Ziegenbein with Tom Woods. John S. Pohlman, bet Tom Woods $100 even that Ewing wouldn't poll 14,000 votes in the whole city.

"I'll give Francis 3,000 majority," said Henry N. Hart, "and I don't think I'll miss my guess by 100 votes. He's making the best race ever made for the mayoralty."

"Any man that says I'm working for Ewing lies," said Ben Davenport. "I'm working for my ward, as the saying is, and I want to know who it is. I'll show up my colors all right next Tuesday, but I'm not pledged to any man."

"Francis and Sexton," said J. L. Kick; "those are the two men I want to be elected, and I'll be very much surprised if they are not."

"This looks a good deal like a Democratic massmeeting," said F. J. Mepham. "I don't believe I've seen ten Republicans here this morning."

Ed. Butler, Chris Schawacker and P. Morrissey made an interesting group at the corners yesterday. Of course their meeting was accidental and had no particular significance.

"The Post-Dispatch is doing one good thing," said Wm. C. Orr, "and that is it is putting all the candidates on record on the gas question. If we don't have cheap gas now, with all the Councilmen and delegates in favor of it, we might as well lay in a stock of candles."

"Of course the Democratic ticket will be elected with such a man as Francis at its head," Frank Ryan said. "He's strong enough to carry 'em all through."

"All these little attacks on Sexton," remarked George A. Castleman, "only serve to strengthen him on the ticket. People don't like to see a clique trying to down a man and lots of people will vote for Sexton in consequence who might have voted for Ziegenhein."

Senator Fhelan said: "The Democratic ticket has gained a good deal of strength in the last two days and I believe Sexton's chances particularly have been greatly benefited."

GALESBURG vs. St. Louis. Grand polo game at the Star Rink, Nineteenth and Pine, to-night.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

LEGAL NOTES.

Items of Interest Gathered in the Circuit Courts To-Day.

In Duryee against Turner a judgment was ordered for plaintiff for $400 to-day.

In Weber against Scherzens the motion to make the answer more definite was sustained in part.

In Landford against Cook the motion to dismiss the appeal was overruled.

In Frank against Krupmeyer a new trial was granted. Motions for new trial, in arrest for a rehearing, and to set aside dismissals and non suits were overruled in the following cases: Currell vs. Cleary; Wall vs. Jamison; Overstolts vs. Grand Trunk Railway, Goldsall vs. Chatham National Bank, Hynes vs. Metropolitan Life Insurance Company, German Savings vs. Jones, Gitchill vs. Bothe and Cohick vs. Thomas.

In Vogel against Gast, a suit for damages for breach of contract, Judge Thayer ordered to-day that unless plaintiff remits $60 60 of the damages awarded him within thirty days, a new trial will be granted.

In the case of Roddy's administrator against Danley and others, the motion for a rehearing was overruled.

In the case of Barton and others against Donovan and others, a suit to set aside a foreclosure and sale under a mortgage, the Court held that the redemption bond of the mortgagor not having been given within a reasonable time, the demurrer to the petition should be sustained. It was so ordered.

New York Suitings.

Now or never is the time to decide on spring and summer costumes, as a St. Louis thermometer has a trick of injecting July weather into April. The shops are filled with the most novel dress goods ever brought West and every taste has been carefully considered. Especially has the new house of T. F. Moloney, 615-617 N. Broadway, proven attractive to the ladies as one containing the most perfect stock of new combination suitings, tambour embroidered flannels, all shades of cloth for tailor-made costumes, elegant plaids, latest traveling woolens, plain rich cashmeres in favorite colors, and perhaps for its size the most perfect assortment of checked summer silks, all popular tints in lustrous satin, durable and beautiful brocaded duchess, superb black silks, and all so low as to nail men folks on the spot. Until the ladies examined this stock thoroughly they were a trifle skeptical. No wonder. Summer silks as good as anybody's, at 35 and 50 cents; black silks of handsome surface, $1 per yard, and beautiful dress satins in all shades, at 25 cents per yard.

Moloney is taking rapid strides to the front. He has just opened his new house, everything is choice, nobody teased to buy, because the goods and prices do the business and speak for themselves. It is not our design to puff Mr. Moloney in this little mention, but simply to do justice to a merchant who will substantiate all that he prints himself in other columns. During a grand spring shopping step into this new, clean, well-filled store, and see for yourselves. As for suitings, Moloney has the best going—got them where other merchants got their's, but sells lower because he wants to make friends. The sun shades and parasols at T. F. Moloney's are the greatest bargains in town. His loss will be the ladies' gain here.

UNRIVALED!

OUR SELECTION OF WILTONS.

UNRIVALED!

OUR STYLES OF MOQUETTES.

UNRIVALED!

OUR BODY BRUSSELS STOCK, in Beauty and Quality.

UNRIVALED!

OUR TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, in Elegance.

UNRIVALED!

OUR STOCK OF EXTRA SUPERS AND INGRAINS, In Novelties.

WE Solicit an Inspection of Our

UNRIVALED!

Facilities in Every Respect.

TRORLICHT & DUNCKER,

506 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

THE FAST MAIL.

How It Will Affect the St. Louis and New York Banks.

A Railroad Device Which Saves One Day's Interest on St. Louis Remittances—What the Bankers Have to Say.

At 10 o'clock this morning the first of the fast mail service trains pulled out of the Union Depot on the Vandalia Line. It consisted of a Pullman and three coaches. Among those on board were Colonel Hill, general superintendent, Mr. E. R. Darlow and Mr. J. M. Chesbrough. Colonel Hill is going to Indianapolis, while Messrs. Darlow and Chesbrough will meet the incoming train from the East. The train which left Union Depot this morning makes the following arrivals: Indianapolis, 5:40 p. m.; Pittsburgh, 6 a. m.; Baltimore, 4:50 p. m.; Washington, 5:55 p. m.; New York City, 6:55 p. m. The train from the East will arrive at 3 p. m.

This innovation in train times will have its effect in all lines of business, and is looked upon with general satisfaction.

MR. J. C. COLBURN

of the Vandalia was seen by a POST-DISPATCH reporter. "Yes, sir," said he, "the limited express is what St. Louis has been needing for a long time' and if it wasn't for the Vandalia she would be pleading for a still longer time. Now, let them put on their fast trains, and we will go them one better.'

MR. E. H. SEMPLE,

Assistant Postmaster, was seen by a reporter of the POST-DISPATCH and expressed himself as follows on the fast train:

"The city will be benefitted in two respects by the New York Limited which the Vandalia Company sends out to-morrow evening. In the first place in addition to the number of trains at present sent over the Pennsylvania road between here and New York there will be a daily limited leaving each end which will shorten the time between the two points six hours, and the result will be the putting of an Eastern mail from New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Pittsburg, Columbus and Indianapolis in St. Louis at 3 p. m., which will be delivered when on time, at 4 p. m. This mail is now delivered the following morning. In other words, an advantage of fifteen hours will be gained in the delivery. The great benefit, however, is the fact of the arrival of the St. Louis mail in New York, which, at present, is at 11:30 a. m. This mail will be delivered at 8 a. m. under the new management. This would appear to be a gain of three hours and twenty minutes. In practical effect, however, it is a gain of twenty-four hours. Trains at present are arriving in New York, for business purposes, twenty-four hours behind Chicago; that is, we, heretofore, have arrived there in time for delivery in the afternoon of the remittances of the banks in this city, being delivered too late for the New York Clearing House, had to lay over until the following day. Business men found that by the time they had located themselves at the hotels the day for business was gone. To the banks the difference amounts to the interest at 6 per cent on the average amount of daily remittances during the year. Looking at it as a matter connected with the postal services, which is the way we generally look at these things, it is the most important event for the interests of this city which has occurred in years. This advantage having been once attained will never be lost. It is not in the nature of that class of things to go backwards."

MR. J. L. BIRCH,

cashier of the Laclede Bank, does not entertain a very high opinion of the utility of the fast mail train for banking purposes. "It is more of a benefit to New York and Kansas City than to St. Louis," said he to a POST-DISPATCH reporter. "The train from the East reaches here at 3 p. m. Now what good can it possibly do the bankers to receive their New York mail at that hour? Certainly none. So far as our chances are concerned we might just as well receive it the next day, for the Clearing House closes at 1 p. m., and 9:15 a. m. is the very last minute at which the banks can receive remittances in time for the Clearing House. The East-bound train leaves here at 7 a. m., and arrives in New York at 8 a. m. the following morning. The Clearing Houses in New York close at 10 a. m. which gives the banks there just one hour in which to arrange their business, for it will require an hour, if not more, in which to handle the mail at the Post Office. Of course the New York banks in an hour's time can get ready for the Clearing House, but I have my doubts about their desire to do anything which would be so much to the benefit of their correspondents and detrimental to their own interests. Such an arrangement would lose one day to New York bankers and gain a day to St. Louis bankers. Now, in this connection, let me show you a letter which I received from a New York bank only a few days ago on this subject." Mr. Birch read a letter which was written in reply to a letter written by him remonstrating against the practice of the New York bank in clearing its remittances the day after their arrival, when they arrived in ample time for clearing on the day on which they were received. "You see," continued he, "our New York friend says that the legal hour for opening the bank is 10 o'clock and that it chooses to put himself out by coming down and opening up at an earlier hour, he is entitled to what little benefit may arise therefrom. Now, if these Eastern gentlemen intend to pursue such a course, why what good will our 8 o'clock train do when the Clearing House closes at 10 a. m.? As I stated before, the New Yorker receives the remittances three hours earlier, and he alone obtains the benefit of those three hours. The early arrival of the New York train here insures a morning delivery in Kansas City. As it is now, the New York mail frequently misses connection and is delayed a day."

MR. VAN BLARCOM,

the cashier of the Bank of Commerce, said: "The train from New York carries the New York mails and remittances, and if it does not arrive here in time for the Clearing House it certainly cannot affect us. It is not our money which is carried, but New York's. Put the train from St. Louis to New York is the one in which we are interested. This train gets to New York three hours earlier than at present, arriving there at 8 a. m., which is ample time for the Clearing House, which does not close until 10 o'clock. This arrangement gains one day for us and its importance cannot be overestimated."

"Will the New York banks make an effort to clear remittances arriving there at 8 o'clock on the same day?"

"I don't see why they shouldn't. It depends pretty much upon the banks with which you correspond."

Mr. Chase of the United States Clearing House expressed the following opinion: "The only benefit which St. Louis would derive, in my opinion, would be that the arrival of the mails at 3 p. m. gives the local banks more time in which to make up their clearings for the next day. As it is at present a good many of them are rushed too much in the morning to get ready for the Clearing House and let their New York business lay over until the following day. No doubt the fast mail will be a great convenience to Kansas City, reinsuring their morning delivery."

Ammoniated Bread.

Ammoniated baking powders—that is, baking powders in which ammonia is employed as one of the ingredient, and which exhale an odor of ammonia when heated—are classed by many eminent physicians and sanitarians as superior to all others. Professor Hassell of London, who is recognized as highest authority on the subject of food hygiene, commends in the strongest terms the use of carbonate of ammonia as a leavening agent, stating its great advantage to be in its perfect volatility, which permits it to be, by the heat of baking, entirely thrown into leavening gas whereby the bread is raised. The experiment with heat would seem to indicate the superior, not the inferior, value of such baking powder. The little heat that is imparted to the hand held over a gas jet, lamp or stove, suffices to resolve the carbonate of ammonia into leavening gas and throw it off. The first heat of baking, therefore, will effectually develop the gas, thoroughly leaven the loaf, and dissipate the gas-producing ingredients of a powder of this kind; and this is the highest test of a perfect baking powder. Where other alkalies alone are used they are not infrequently retained, unresolved, through the whole process of baking, and remain an unwholesome ingredient in the finished bread. The carbonate of ammonia cannot be used as a substitute for cream of tartar.—*N. Y. Weekly Tribune.*

KNEW IT ALL.

A Jury Which Ran Away With the Law and the Evidence.

In the case of Rudolph F. Piel against Goetz and Cobb, the verdict of the jury was set aside to-day by Judge Thayer, and a new trial granted.

This was a peculiar case, and afforded a fair illustration of how a jury will sometimes take both the law and facts in their hands, and render a verdict in direct opposition to the instructions of the Court. The plaintiffs sued for $8,000 damages for the breach of a contract for the sale and delivery of a quantity of black lime. The jury brought in a verdict for the full amount. Judge Thayer, in his opinion, says in substance, that the plaintiffs' counsel admits that the verdict was in violation of an instruction given by the Court relative to the measure of damages. But at the same time contends that the instruction was erroneous and the verdict was justified by the evidence and should stand. Even if the plaintiff's theory was correct as to the measure of damages, a new trial should be granted. The defendants have had no opportunity to rebut the plaintiff's claim for damage upon the theory on which plaintiff's counsel would have the same assessed. The Court held the measure of damage to be the difference between the contract price and the market price for so much lime as was demanded and not delivered. If plaintiff is to be allowed damages for loss of customers, etc., defendants must be given a trial on that theory. They have a right to show what was the cause and extent of the plaintiff's loss of custom. There was no error in point of law in the instructions. For breach of contract to deliver personal property at a given price, the measure of damage, except under very peculiar circumstances is the difference between the contract and the market price. If the plaintiff had been supplied with every bushel of lime demanded of

PROPHETS CONFLICT.

And Both Sides Figure Out Great Victories To-Morrow.

Filley Said to be Making an Open Money Fight.

How He is to Secure Five Votes in Each Precinct—Mayor Ewing Promises a Great Surprise From the Men Who Keep Still and Vote—The Instructions Which Will Govern Election Judges—The Betting Largely in Favor of Francis.

The Francis boom apparently reached high tide yesterday afternoon, and the man who will devote two hours to visiting the Merchants', Exchange, the Court House, the Democratic headquarters, the City Hall, the Turner Hall and the Post Office saloons cannot but arrive at the conclusion that these political barometers are not so favorable to a sweeping Democratic victory as they were yesterday and Saturday. Men who were yesterday talking of 5,000 majority for Mr. Francis are to-day quite certain that he will reach 2,000 anyhow. Men who were yesterday talking of 2,000 majority for that gentleman are to-day satisfied that he will not be beaten, but they believe the contest will be very close. Republicans who on Saturday believed that the situation was desperate, so far as their interests are concerned, are very chipper to-day, and talk glibly—with apparent sincerity—of a majority for their ticket ranging between 2,000 and 4,000.

"Our reports," said Chairman Grund of the Republican Committee "are very favorable from nearly every ward in the city. We are not talking much, but we are devoting considerable attention to getting accurate information, and I assure you I will be very greatly surprised if we do not win a very decided victory to-morrow."

As to what figure the letter of Chairman Warner of the State Committee will cut in to-morrow's election, the Grund men are very reticent, but the silence with which they answer inquiries on that point is significant, and suggests that, there may be truth in one or the other of two reports which are in circulation as to the programme of the Grund men. One report has it that the Grund ticket will bear the heading

"REGULAR REPUBLICAN TICKET,"

and another report has it that the Filley ticket, if it bears that heading, will be destroyed as fraudulent.

From a Democratic source the information comes that the Filleyites, who have manifestly a mint of money at their command, have employed five men in every precinct in the city to serve as ticket-holders and to work for the ticket. As there are 344 precincts in St. Louis, this plan will of itself organize an army of 1,720 men to carry the Filley banner, and it will represent an investment of not less than $7,000, and probably $10,000. Nobody supposes for an moment that Mr. Filley, or the few men who are with him, could afford to put up any such sum of money, or would put it up if they could, for a ticket which they have no hope of electing; nor does it seem at all probable that Mr. Francis' private means could stand such a drain as that. The problem is the subject of a great deal of gossip, and the most popular theory for its solution is that Mr. Filley's purse runs into the

OFFICES OF THE OLD GAS COMPANIES.

Whatever may be the solution, such a campaign as that would be a very effective one for Mr. Filley's purposes, if carried to the extent indicated.

The greatest enthusiasm for Mr. Francis is among his friends on 'Change, especially at the call board, where the talk this morning was altogether as to the extent of his majority. At Democratic headquarters there was little or no betting, and the proposition that the entire ticket would win was no quite so popular as on Saturday, although an occasional Democrat was found who expressed a belief of that kind.

Mr. Francis has been making an untiring canvass, and was not to be found in the vicinity of his usual resorts, hence his view of the situation could only be obtained by proxy, and it was a sanguine one.

Mayor Ewing was at the City Hall as usual, and was all smiles and confidence. "I guess," said he, "if the teeter-board you talked about on Saturday was really in a situation unfavorable to me, as the Post-Dispatch seemed to think, you will find if you go on counting the voters and not among the politicians, that it is very largely my way to-day. I don't profess to be much of a politician, but if I am any judge at all, I am very sure that there is a big surprise in store, to-morrow, for those who have been listening to the claquers down town. When I ran before, there was such a loud noise made by the opposition, that

NOBODY HAD ANY IDEA

of what the real state of affairs was until the votes had been actually counted. It is my opinion that the same state of affairs exists now—although the disproportion is, of course, not so great as it was then. If you are acquainted on 'Change, you probably know that fully one-half, if not more than half of that body are favorable to me, but if you go down there now, you will find that all the noise comes from the other side. I have great faith in the support of that element which is not given to frothing."

ELECTION JUDGES, ETC.

All parties have now fully posted themselves as to who the judges are to be in the respective wards, and in a majority of cases satisfaction has been given, although in a few there is complaint that the men selected are not reputable. The commissions have all been distributed, and the ballot-boxes and poll-books will all be in their proper places by 9 o'clock to-night.

"Can any corrections be made of erroneous registration now?" asked a reporter of the gentleman who spoke for Recorder Hoblitzelle in his absence.

"Not a bit of it. The books were closed over two weeks ago, and that settled the list so far as this election is concerned."

"But can the judges swear a man who desires to vote, and whose name is not on the poll-books?"

"No, sir. There is no ground whatever for the impression that such a proceeding is legal. The judges are all instructed that they must govern their action by the lists as they appear on the poll books. If a man has been unjustly stricken off, that is his misfortune and no fault of there. And even if they know a man to have lived all his life in their precinct, they cannot accept his vote unless his name is on the books. If they do, they are liable to prosecution."

BETTING ON THE ELECTION.

Since the day of his nomination Francis has been steadily gaining in favor among betting men as the coming Mayor. From even money on him against Ewing, two odds of 100 to 80 were freely offered with few takers. Then 100 to 70 were offered, and to-day 25 to 15 or 100 to 60 is the rule of betting. In fact, on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange even these odds find no takers and all betting that is done is on the majority which Francis will receive. In this regard there is a diversity of opinion but it is generally conceded he will beat the Republican candidates all the way from 1,500 to 3,000 votes. For Auditor, A. J. Smith seems to be the favorite against John G. Martin at the odds of ten to eight. Few bets, however, are made on this race. For the Collectorship the betting is even generally, bets of $50 to $100 being freely taken on either candidate. One bet of $100 even was made at Baldwin's, however, that Ziegenhein would beat Sexton 1,000 votes.

For Register, W. A. Hobbs has the call at $50 to $40 against Tracy. Outside of the pool rooms Hobb's election is pretty generally conceded.

For Marshal bets of $50 even on Nieser against Thomas find no takers at the pool rooms.

For Comptroller, E. L. Adreon is the favorite against Campbell at 100 to 90, though few bets are made for this office.

For President of the Council, a bet of $100 even on Allen against Parker finds no takers at the pool rooms.

In the French Mutuals the favorite combination is Francis, Ziegenhein and Adreon, with Francis, Sexton and Adreon a close second.

The heaviest part of the election betting will probably be done this afternoon.

MR. CAMPBELL'S TAXES.

Mr. R. A. Campbell is greatly exercised over the charges made against him that he was one of the supporters of the plan to let convict labor by contract. Mr. Campbell has letters from Speaker Basham, D. A. Ball and John M. Kelly, all of which testify to the stand which he took against the letting of convict labor and the speeches and personal work which he made and did against that measure. "And now about your tax bill for $2 55?" asked a reporter.

"It was a case of pure omission, a mistake made by Mr. Nyhoff. I paid it this morning; here it is." And Mr. Campbell produced the Collector's receipt for the amount. "It was Nyhoff's mistake altogether. I supposed that the bill was paid, and so did he. Of course nobody imagines that I would be fool enough to let a matter of that kind go unsettled if it were a hundred times as much. I am very glad to find it out, very glad indeed."

POLITICAL NOTES.

Dick Johnson has issued a letter circular to the voters of the Twentieth Ward, in which he sets forth the grounds on which he asks their franchises. He has sent one to every voter in the ward.

John F. Long has written a letter in which he declares that his seventeen voting relatives in this city are unanimous for Ewing.

There will be a Democratic rally at the corner of Ninth and St. Charles streets to-night.

The friends of Peter Gundlach, who has been representing the Eighth Ward in the House of Delegates, called on him last night in a large body, and through their spokesman, Mr. Flynn, presented him with a handsome gold-headed cane as a testimonial of their appreciation of services rendered by him.

P. H. Clarke of the Nineteenth Ward expresses his intention, if elected to the Lower House, of introducing and pushing a bill to compel street railways—especially John H. Maxon's—to furnish better accommodation to the traveling public, and to require them to extend their lines to the full limit fixed by their charter.

An anonymous circular is being distributed today, which assails Mr. Francis as being the king gambler in wheat, and being connected by the lobby which worked to defeat the cable railroad bill; also with having signed a petition to have $70,000 of the State funds applied to the support of the militia to suppress the toilers. It assails R. A. Campbell as being connected with the Administration ring of Gov. Crittenden, who did his part toward discarring a labor representative from the Senate, and who is still with the Missouri Pacific Railroad lobby. It assails Fred Espenschied on account of his connection with ex-Mayor Overstolz. It assails Martin Neiser for being the bosom friend of Barney Thomas. It assails George W. Allen as a railroad monopolist. There is nothing to indicate the source whence it comes.

The prediction is very popular to-day that good weather to-morrow will bring out at least 40,000 votes. The total vote four years ago was 36,464, of which Ewing received 24,597. The total vote last November was 42,930, of which Cleveland received 21,712 and Blaine 21,155.

The mistaken idea prevails among a good many people that W. A. Hobbs, candidate for Register on the Ewing ticket, is, or has been connected with the police force in the capacity of a detective. This is altogether wrong, the only professions which Mr. Hobbs has followed being those of telegraph operator and newspaper man.

UNCLE SAM'S FORCE.

Marines and War Vessels Dispatched to Central America.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The Secretary of the Navy has ordered 250 marine and 100 blue jackets to sail to-day on the Acapulco from New York to Aspinwall. When these men arrive at their destination, the United States will have a force of about 1,900 men and 100 officers on the Isthmus. The marines are armed with Springfield rifles, and the sailors with Hotchkiss rifles. Four gatling guns and two three-inch rifles with 100,000 rounds of ammunition will be sent with the men leaving New York. The entire force is to be under command of Admiral Jonett, who is expected to arrive at Aspinwall with the Tennessee Wednesday. Capt. B. H. McCalla and Lieut. T. B. Mason, who left Washington for New York Friday last, have been ordered to proceed to Aspinwall today. Capt. McCalla will be in command of the supplementary force of marines, subject to the orders of Admiral Jonett. Lieut. Mason will be in command of the artillery. With the arrival of the Tennessee at Aspinwall the fleet will consist of five vessels, including the Tennessee, the flagship of the North Atlantic squadron, with twenty-two guns; the Yantic, with four guns; the Galena, with eight guns; the Swaters, with eight guns, and the Alliance, with six guns.

READY TO START.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—Secretary Whitney to-day instructed the Commandant at the navy yard here to have the marines prepared to start for Central America at short notice. Only enough will be left to guard the Government property at the yard, and the remainder will be sent to New York, and thence to the scene of operations by the insurgents. All the available men have been notified that no more leaves of absence will be granted, and the Washington Battalion is considerably exercised about the matter.

PACIFYING THE HALF BREEDS.

The Government's Policy Towards Riel—Troops Going to the Front.

OTTAWA, ONT., April 6.—Captain Howard of the United States Army is here. He will leave at once for Winnipeg to instruct the Canadian troops in the use of the gatling guns recently purchased, and which are now en route to Winnipeg via Chicago. The guns weigh 1,500 pounds each, with their carriages. The ammunition used is the 45-calibre United States Government cartridges. Col. Williams, M. P., in command of the provisional battalion at Kingston, has received instructions to push forward immediately to the front. He will leave this morning for Renfrew and will go by the Canadian Pacific Railroad to the north shore of Lake Superior. Notwithstanding the pressure brought to bear on the Government to rush the remainder of the troops via Chicago, they adhere to the original plan to send all troops to the Canadian Pacific Road.

THE MIDLAND BATTALION.

KINGSTON, ONT., April 6.—The Midland Battalion, under the command of Colonel Williams, M. P., left for the Northwest this morning by a special train.

PACIFYING THE HALF-BREEDS.

It is reported that, as a means of pacifying the half-breeds in the Northwest, the Government will remove Mr. Dewdney, and appoint Mr. Royal, M. P., to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the Northwest Territories. Some Government supporters urge that a reward should be offered for the capture of Riel, dead or alive, but the Cabinet is said to be divided in opinion as to the policy of such a course.

A HIRED ASSASSIN FOILED.

Bold Attempt to Murder Mr. Eddings at Moberly, Mo.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MOBERLY, Mo., April 6.—This afternoon while Wm. Eddings was standing in the butcher shop of W. B. Jones, an attempt was made on his life, but without success. It seems that an old grudge has been existing between one Granville Wilson and Eddings, and Wilson, it is alleged, not having the courage to enact the murderous work employed Bob Young, a worthless reprobate, to perform the job in which he made a flat failure. Discovering the party he wished to destroy, he sent a brick whizzing through the door of Jones' shop, but missed Eddings, the latter simultaneously turning around and knocking Young through the recess door of the shop. Young was arrested and Wilson escaped. The latter, however, was captured and brought to Moberly.

FIRED AND FAINTED.

Plucky Rena Hudson Drives off a Daring Burglar.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MARSHALL, Mo., April 6.—Miss Rena Hudson, aged about 17, and daughter of C. D. Hudson, a wealthy stock dealer of this city, while alone at home late Saturday afternoon, had stepped out of the house for a few moments, when suddenly she was attracted to the house by a noise inside. Upon entering the bed-room door she came face to face with a man who was searching the bureau drawers. Reaching up over the door to a shelf, she grabbed a revolver and leveled it at him. He started on a run and she followed and shot just as he was going out of the door, the ball striking the door facing. Being so badly frightened, she fainted before she could fire the second time. The burglar had secured a lot of valuables, jewelry, and two pocketbooks, but dropped one as she fired. The purse he made away with contained $12. The one he dropped $38. The man escaped.

Missouri Postmasters Commissioned.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 6.—Commissions were issued to-day to the following Missouri Postmasters: Rudolph L. Mayfield, at Mayfield, Bollinger County; David B. Boyt, at Baldridge, Pulaski County; W. B. Schaefer, at Appleton, Cape Girardeau County, and Edward S. Wyatt, at Buffington, Stoddard County.

Adjourned Over the Election.

TOLEDO, OHIO, April 6.—The Exchange adjourned on account of the city election. No market to-day.

GETTING READY.

The Pacific Assurances of Russia Not Satisfactory to the English.

Active War Preparations in India—The Ameer of Afghanistan Treated to a Grand Military Review—Osman Digna's Son Reported Killed in the Recent Engagement—Foreign News.

CALCUTTA, April 6.—Orders have been received by the Indian Government from London to actively continue the preparation for war, notwithstanding the pacific assurances of Russia. This action has created a good impression in India and sustains the enthusiasm of the British and native troops.

EMBARKED FOR INDIA.

BRINDISI, April 6.—Sixty-five British officers have embarked here for India, having received orders to rejoin their regiments in that country.

ELUSIVE AND UNSATISFACTORY.

LONDON, April 6.—The morning papers generally declare the Russians' answer regarding the Afghan frontier dispute to be elusive and unsatisfactory.

A GRAND MILITARY REVIEW.

RAWAL PENDI, April 6.—A grand review of all the British and native troops here took place to-day in the presence of Abdurrahman, the Ameer of Afghanistan; Earl Dufferin, the Viceroy of India, and all the native Chiefs, with their brilliantly uniformed staffs. The march past the point of review occupied two hours. The troops presented a splendid appearance, and the parade was one of the finest spectacles ever beheld in India. The Ameer was profoundly impressed by the ceremony with the power and glory of England. The Earl of Dufferin gives a grand banquet in honor of Abdurrahman to-night. The immediate completion of the railway to Quetta has been ordered. The Maharajah of Nepaul has offered the services of 15,000 picked Gorkas, who, he says, are ready to march under British officers across the frontier in the service of the Queen, on the receipt of a telegram from the Viceroy asking them to do so. The Maharajah also has tendered every assistance in his power to give for the purpose of recruiting native troops for service against Russia.

The Soudan.

BUILDING A NEW ZEREBA.

SUAKIM, April 6.—The Guards and the Australian Contingent marched this morning in the direction of Handoub, with orders to build a zereba at that point. The British expect no serious opposition on their line of march until Wednesday, when they will probably reach a point where a body of Arabs are reported entrenched.

SUFFERING FROM THE HEAT.

The heat grows worse and the sick list is increased largely. Osman Digna's son was shot in the recent engagement.

GRAHAM ON THE CAPTURE OF TAMAI,

LONDON, April 6.—Gen. Sir Gerald Graham telegraphed from Suakim to the Government as follows: "Our march to Tamai and our destruction of that place, after Osman Digna's boast to drive us into the sea, must greatly discourage the rebels."

WOLSELEY AT WADY HALFA.

WADY HALFA, April 6.—Gen. Lord Wolseley has arrived here. Prince Hassan will return to Cairo.

Island of Cyprus.

ENGLISHMEN ATTACK A RELIGIOUS PROCESSION.

LONDON, April 6.—A dispatch from Larnica, Island of Cyprus, reports a serious riot growing out of a wanton attack upon a religious procession of the Greek Church. While the procession was passing the English Club House, a party of loungers began to jeer and hoot at the priests. Finally they attacked the processionists with stones, and the troops had to be called out before the disturbance was quieted.

France.

A NEW CABINET FORMED.

PARIS, April 6.—Le Siecle, the organ of M. Brisson, says that a Cabinet has been formed including M. DeFreycinet and General Campignon. The new Cabinet will meet to-day at the Elysee to draft a programme to submit to Parliament to-morrow. MM. Brisson and De Freycinet had a conference with M. Ferry yesterday in reference to the Tonquin difficulties.

The Dominion.

A FATAL FIRE.

HALIFAX, N. S., April 6.—At a fire in a Water street boarding house yesterday, Jas. Fuller was burned to death. Seven fishermen, who were sleeping in the upper part of the house, escaped by jumping from a window to the arm of a telephone pole and then sliding to the ground.

England.

THE EASTER REVIEW.

LONDON, April 6.—The programme of the Easter volunteer review at Brighton to-day had to be considerably curtailed, owing to a heavy rain which set in early this morning.

IN THE WILDS OF AFRICA.

Safe Arrival of Bishop Taylor and Missionaries at Sierra Leone.

WASHINGTON, April 6.—The United States Consul at Sierra Leone, under date of the 21st of February last, has informed the State Department of the arrival at Sierra Leone of Dr. Wm. Taylor, the American Bishop for Africa, together with Dr. Somers and Mr. Chatelaine, on or about the 21 of January on their way to Liberia, where they will stop for a short time before proceeding to St. Paul de Loando. There arrived also at Sierra Leone on February 18, another party of missionaries, forty in number, on their way to Loando. They intend to proceed toward the interior of Africa in hopes of meeting a party starting from the eastern coast. The Consul expresses much anxiety for the fate of these people, sixteen of whom are children, the two youngest being fifteen months and the other twenty-three months old. Should they arrive at Loando they will have made a voyage of over 8,000 miles from New York via Liverpool. They propose going a thousand miles at least into the interior. The Consul says he is frequently asked what the missionaries are going to do with the children, and people who know the coasts do not hesitate to say that it is absolutely wicked to bring them out here, where they have many chances to die and only a few to live. "It would no doubt be well," the Consul continues, "for missionary societies at home to consider well before contracting the expense and responsibility of sending an expedition to the wilds of Africa." He hopes for the best, but says: "We are prepared to hear sad news within a year from this little band, who go out with light hearts, not knowing what is before them."

A SAD STORY.

Ida A. Russell's Curious Confession in Judge Cady's Court.

Among the prisoners arraigned before Judge Cady in the First District Police Court to-day was an honest looking young girl, who was arrested in company with a lot of disreputable women who were found patroling the streets down town. When asked what she had to say this morning she replied: "Your Honor, I have never been here before, and I hope I will never be here again. I have been leading a bad life for several months, but I am tired and disgusted. I want to leave it."

"How came you together this life?"

"I had nobody to tell me not to. I was working, and I thought this was an easy life. I am through with it now, and will do any work I can get, rather than continue. If I can't get work I will enter some institution to live better."

"You have given your name as Ida Williams. Is that your name?"

"No, your Honor. There is no one to be hurt if my name is known. My real name is Ida Russell."

The girl's manner guaranteed her sincerity, and Judge Cady stayed the execution of costs and fine in the case.

A Store Burglarized.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MOBERLY, Mo., April 6.—The store of Jones Bros. was burglariously entered last night and after pillaging the house and turning everything topsy-turvy, the thieves carried away a lot of goods, consisting of boxes of knives and forks, spoons and small musical instruments. The burglars have not been apprehended.

BELLEVILLE.

Mr. Louis Pithan left for a visit to Germany this morning.

The Kronthel Liedertafel will give a concert tonight at the Park Tuestar.

The contract for building the smokestack of the pump-house and foundation for the masonry of the Belleville Water Works has been let to Messrs. William Erwig and Valentine Reis of this city.

The Belleville Township election takes place to-morrow, the candidates being as follows: For Supervisor, John Gross and Augustus Chenot; for Clerk, William E. Ward and Henry Huhn; for Collector, John Winter; for Assessor, Henry Abend, Charles Duering and Joseph Troll; for Highway Commissioner, John T. Ward, Louis Stookey and Fred Kaemmerer. For Justice of the Peace, the candidates, from which five are to be elected, are: Henry Guentz, Fred Phillips, George Schuessler, Martin Medart, George Busken, George Deeke, William Bauman and William Stolz. There are also five Assistant Supervisors and five Constables to be elected, but the candidates are too numerous to mention.

MRS. ESHER WINS,

But She Gets a Smaller Sum Than She Asked For.

In the case of Louisa Esher against Jacob Esher for maintenance there was a decree for the plaintiff. The Court says that it is clear from the evidence that the parties who are husband and wife separated by consent with an understanding that the husband should contribute to the support of the wife. This he did until 1875. After this he was in the eye of the law guilty of an abandonment of her. Considering the circumstances of the case, however, an allowance of only $150 per annum payable in quarterly installments of $37 50 was made beginning April 15, 1885.

Women's Training School.

The card of the Women's Training School, located at 807 North Fourth street, is published in another column of to-day's paper. The enterprise is one which certainly commends itself to all citizens, inasmuch as it aims to help young girls to gain a livelihood in any department most suited to their moral, physical or social condition. Among other things instructions are given in cooking, plain sewing cutting and fitting and art needle work. A lunch room is also one of the features of the institution, where a very wholesome lunch is served between 11 and 2 o'clock at a very moderate sum. In addition a night school is being run, at which classes in stenography, typewriting, telegraphy, book-keeping, arithmetic and spelling receive nightly instruction. The public is invited to visit the institution at any time to-morrow, April 7, between the hours of 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. as will be seen from the card.

The Illinois Legislature.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., April 4.—In the joint assembly Morrison received 13 votes; scattering, 4. Adjourned.

SAVE TIME AND MONEY
BY USING BURRS' COMBINATION INDEX. THE BEST IN THE WORLD.
LEVISON & BLYTHE STATIONERY CO.,
213 and 215 North Third St.

MONEY.

WALL STREET, NEW YORK, April 6.—The Stock market was heavy at the opening, first prices generally being ½ to ¼ per cent below the closing figures on Saturday and, during the first hour, there was a further yielding in quotations of ½ to ⅝ per cent. Lackawanna was particularly weak, while Pacific Mail sold down to 30⅜, a decline of ¾ per cent from Saturday. The market is still in the run out which it has traveled for some time past. Transactions are very light. After 10:30 prices rallied, led by St. Paul, and continued strong during the remainder of the first hour. At 11 o'clock prices were ¼ to ⅛ per cent higher than they opened in most cases, while St. Paul is up ⅝ per cent. Canadian Pacific earnings for the month of March 1885, were $467,000, an increase over the corresponding month last year of $49,000.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Money easy at 1. Bar silver 105¾. The stock market has been quiet and prices have shown only slight fluctuations during the past hour. The weakest stock on the list is Northern Pacific, on rumors that the company will not earn fixed charges for the year. At noon prices are about steady. The earnings of the Chicago, St. Paul, M. & O. railroad for the month of March, 1885, were $456,000, a decrease from the corresponding month last year of $13,200. Threes 101, 4½s, 113½; 4s, 121¾. Pacific 6s of of '95, 125.

NEW YORK, April 6., 3 P. M.—The stock market has been dull throughout the afternoon, with only slight fluctuations except the Northern Pacific, Oregon Railway and Navigation, and St. Paul which developed considerable weakness. The market closed weak.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whittaker, bankers and brokers, No. 121 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Central New Jersey	83½	83¾	83¼	83¾
Central Pacific	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Chicago, St. P., M. & O., pfd	83	83½	83	83½
Chicago, St. P., M. & O.	11 3/4	11 3/4	11 3/4	11 3/4
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	112¾	113	112¾	113
Chic., Mil. & St. P.	70¾	71¼	69¾	69¾
Chicago, Mil. & St. P., pfd	108	108	108	108
Delaware, Lackawanna & West.	104	104½	103½	103½
Den & Rio Grande	7	7	7	7
Erie, Com	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Ind., B. & Western	12	12	12	12
Lake Shore	69¾	69	69¼	69¼
Louisville & Nashville	81	81	80¾	80¾
Missouri Pacific	91	91¾	90	91¼
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	18	18	17¾	17¾
Mobile & Ohio	..	15¾	..	15¾
Ex dividend	..	15¾	..	..
Manhattan Elevated	17¾	18	17¾	18
New York Central	99½	99	98¾	98¾
N. Y. Chicago & St. Louis	2	2	2	2
Northern Pacific, com	17	17	16¾	17
do pfd	30	29¾	29¼	29¼
Oregon & Transcontinental	12¾	12¾	11¾	11¾
Oregon & Nav. Trans. Co	65	65	63¾	63¾
Pacific Mail	30¾	31	30¼	30¼
Phil. & Reading	14¾	15	14¾	15
Texas Pacific	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Western U. T. Co	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾
West Shore bonds	94¾	95	94¾	95

London Exchange closed on account of Easter Monday. No quotations of English consols.

COMMERCE.

LED BY ST. LOUIS.

Wheat Advances and the Other Markets Stronger Through Sympathy.

Special by Telegraph from Pickering & Co., Chicago, to the Post-Dispatch.

CHICAGO, ILL., April 6.—The Chicago commission men are feeling good, as orders have been thick all day. We have no doubt done the largest outside of any day for two months past. Wheat opened weak under fine weather and no war. There was very little trading for the first half hour and the local crowd was disposed to sell, but by 10 o'clock they found the commission men were all getting orders to buy. The St. Louis brokers were all busy filling buying orders. On investigation, we find the advance started in St. Louis, and as they kept a continual stream of buying orders on our market, we had nothing to do but advance. The opinion of our crowd is that St. Louis is wild and will get left if they continue to buy on damage reports. Some of our old bulls headed by Baxter, Woodbury, Driver and Lindbloh, think their time has come, and are prominent in bidding for large lots. Local speculation has been confined to the "scalpers," the big traders not caring to go in on such a will market, and so little apparently to buy on. On the whole, our market has been strong, and but for the cutting orders outside we would have been no higher. St. Louis is predicting a repetition of 1881, but they will have some heavy men to fight here.

Corn was more active and higher. Receipts were large, but the advance in wheat stimulated buyers.

Provisions opened weak, but closed a trifle higher. Wheat traders were the principal buyers, packers refusing to take hold.

On the Curb.

Wheat—Puts on May 91¼ and calls at 94. Chicago puts 80⅝ and calls 88.

The Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ELGIN, ILL., April 6.—The butter market opens weaker and depressed. Buyers are offering 22 for choice grades, but sellers are unwilling to accept. Cheese is dull; skims 5 full; cream 83@⅝.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat was unsettled and irregular, closing easy at about 1 o'clock prices. Corn stronger and in demand. It is learned from a reliable source that the Commissioner of Agriculture for Missouri will tomorrow report a decrease of 15 per cent in the acreage sown, and that the crop will be 79 per cent of last year's, not including the decreased acreage.

Wheat—April 91¼ b.; May 92¾ to 93, closing a 92 3-4; June 94¼ to 94⅝, closing at 94⅝; July 90¾ to 90¾, closing at 90 3-4; August 85¼ to 86 3-4, closing at 86¼.

Corn—April 36⅝ b.; May 40 to 40¾; June 40¾; July — ; year 37¾ b.

Oats—May 29¾ b.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported Daily by Redmond Cleary & Co., No. 24 S. Commercial street, St. Louis.

Grain—CHICAGO—Wheat — April 77; May 81⅝@⅝; June 83¾@⅞; July 85 7-8 a. Corn—April 33⅜; May 42¼@⅜; June 43 b.; July 44. Oats—April — ; May 32¾ b.; June 32½ b; July 32⅝.

BALTIMORE—Wheat—April 82½ b.; May 90¼@⅜; June 90¾@92⅞. Corn—April 49¼@49¾; May 49¼ a.

NEW YORK—Wheat—April 91; May 92; June 86⅝; July 86⅜ b; August 97. Corn—April 49¾ b; May 50¼ b; June 51; July 52. Oats—April 37⅝; May 37⅝; June 37¼ b; July 37¼.

Provisions — CHICAGO—Pork—April $11 70; May $11 83¾ a.; June $11 93½ a.; July $11 02½. Lard, April 6 80; May 6.85 a.; June 6.95@6.95; July 7.03¼. Short ribs—April 5.80@5; May 5.92½; June 6.02½; July 6.10.

Cotton—NEW YORK—Futures closed steady: April 11.12; May 11.20; June 11.31; July 11.39; August 11.47; September 11.17; October 10.69; November 10.52; December 10.52. Sales, 38,300 bales.

NEW ORLEANS—Futures at 1:10 p. m. dull: April 10.61; May 10.74; June 10.94; July 11.14; August 11.28; September 10.70; October 10.38; November 10.17; December 10.17. Sales, 14,400 bales.

Oil Market.

Reported daily by Barnes & Durbin, Brokers in Petroleum, No. 118 N. Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

OIL CITY MARKET, April 6.

Opened.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closed.
79 offered.	78¾	77¼	77¾ bid.

Pittsburg Quotations.

PITTSBURG, PA., April 6.—Trading in oil this morning was quiet, the sales being few and far between. The market opened weak at 78¾, declined to 77¾, and then rallied to 78¾ at noon. The latest gauge of the Thorn Creek region shows a total production of 8,388 barrels.

Oil Broker Suspended.

PITTSBURG, PA., April 6.—G. W. Vandergrift, a well known oil broker, was suspended from the Exchange to-day for non-fulfillment of contract, and 25,000 barrels of oil were sold out under the rule this morning for his account. The money consideration was small.

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.	Rye.	Barley.
To-day	1,878,510	428,512	69,593	15,270	6,997
Saturday	1,924,558	384,621	65,794	15,650	6,997
	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2	No. 2	
	Red.	Mixed.			
To-day	1,438,600	199,535	48,072	15,105	.....
Saturday	1,470,009	163,541	43,242	11,288	.....

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts.		Shipments.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	13,340	167,480	3,604	77,116
Chicago	28,430	191,032	28,176	145,176
Milwaukee	12,000	12,000	13,585	.....
Baltimore	54,690	88,095	15,902	85,411
Toledo	.....	.....	.....	.....
New York	84,575	288,102	111,628	9,526

CHICAGO INSPECTIONS—27 cars winter wheat: 10 cars winter wheat; 436 cars corn: 90 cars oats; 5 cars rye; 25 cars barley.

Grain Inspections.

INTO ELEVATORS—Wheat—1 car No. 2 hard winter; 5 No. 2 red winter; 7 cars No. 3 do; 4 cars No. 4 winter; 4 cars rejected do; total, 21 cars. Corn—20 cars No. 2 white mixed; 11 cars rejected do; 152 cars No. 2 mixed; 21 cars rejected; total, 204 cars. Oats—2 cars No. 2; 12 cars No. 3 white; 2 cars rejected; total, 36 cars. Barley—1 car No. 2 spring. Total in, 262 cars.

OUT OF ELEVATORS—Wheat—43 cars No. 2 red winter; 17 cars No. 3 do; total, 60 cars. Corn—1 car No. 2 white mixed; 4 cars rejected do; 17 cars and 45,000 bu No. 2 mixed; 2 cars rejected; total, 23 cars and 45,000 bus. Rye—4 cars rejected. Total out, 93 cars and 45,000 bu.

Receipts and Shipments of Leading Articles for the Past 48 Hours.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, brls	2,381	11,089
Wheat, bu	13,340	3,604
Corn, bu	45,000	77,116
Oats, bu	46,800	8,720
Rye	2,550	1,735
Barley	3,240	306
Hay, tons	382	193
Pork, brls	50	54,410
Meats, lbs	336,280	288,972
Lard, lbs	52,940	66,076
Grease	800	4,818

Commercial Notes.

The country mails of commission men were overflowing with damage reports this morning.—A number of Exchange members were out in Illinois and Missouri yesterday, putting in Easter Sunday in an examination of the wheat crop.—All these men were unanimous in the opinion that the wheat they saw would not make over a third to half a crop, most of them placing their estimate at the latter.—Wheat on bottom lands, where it had no timber protection, and on ridges exposed to the wind, has suffered most. Some nice well grown wheat was brought in, but was said to be an exception to the general run of the crop. The number of country men on the floor was larger than for a long time past. They were buying wheat on damaged crops in their section. If there is any reliance to be placed in all the news gleaned on the floor to-day, the winter wheat crop is this year in a bad way indeed and present prices are too low.—St. Louis is setting the pace for the other markets to follow in wheat. It is to be hoped it will not be another 1883.—Private telegrams from California say no rains and crop condition critical.——New Orleans exports of corn to-day were 24,238 bus to Liverpool, and 52,963 bus to Bracelona, Spain.——The crop is ruin ed and so am I," groaned a certain trader who saw his broker throw his short wheat at 90½c.

—A move to close the Merchants' Exchange tomorrow for election was brought before the members to-day, but a motion to adjourn was declared defeated by Vice-President Cobb, who presided at the meeting. The grain trade voted against adjournment.—Milwaukee's stock of wheat has decreased 97,650 bus, to 1,137,018 bus. Exports from the Atlantic seaboard last week were 4,792 brls pork, 3,737,682 lbs bacon and 4,055,409 lbs lard.

—The Chicago Board of Trade will adjourn over to-morrow, when they hold a city election.——From the way in which the difference between the May and June and the June and July options is widening, it looks very much as though traders had made up their minds to carry the stock of No. 2 wheat here beyond May.——New York stocks this morning were 4,420,854 bu wheat, 1,457,332 bu corn, 1,133,308 bu oats, 5,537 bu rye and 130,553 bu barley. This is a decrease of 210,000 bu in wheat and an increase of 223,000 bu in corn and 166,000 bu in oats, as compared with last Monday.——Exports from New York for last week were 132,824 brls flour, 335,496 bu wheat, 755,234 bu corn, 201,592 bu oats, 47,632 bu rye.——To-day's wheat market was one of the wildest that has been seen here in many, many days past.

The Markets.

FORENOON SESSION, CLOSING AT 1 P. M.

Wheat bulls had their war-paint on this morning. They paid no attention to the fact that Chicago was lower, that markets seeming to start in with the idea that they could run alone, but afterwards they had to change their mind. There were no cereals and no market cables from Europe, where there was a holiday—Easter Monday—which was probably a good thing for the bulls, as facts would only have hampered them terribly. While there was a large number of countrymen in with doleful tales of the condition of the crop in their sections. All these were on the floor, and the bulk of the buying orders received by mail and wire were large. And a number of St. Louis traders, who were in the country yesterday examining wheat, came on the floor as buyers. While there was a good deal of buying there was a notable scarcity of sellers. The bear element was conspicuous by its absence. Those who have been persistently fighting the advance either pulled out altogether or went to covering their shorts. Some of the biggest bears had turned rampant bulls. Hence the only sellers were parties selling their long contract with their recent profits. From the opening the feeling was strong and excited, and the advance at times was a perfect cyclone sweeping everything before it. Months beyond May were urgently sought for and the differences between months

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

One year, postage paid	$8 00
Six months	4 50
Three months	2 25
One month	85
One month (delivered by carrier)	65
By the week (delivered by carrier)	15

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THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
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All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

MONDAY, APRIL 6, 1885.

The daily average number of copies of the Post-Dispatch delivered by carriers in the city of St. Louis and suburbs during the week ending Saturday, April 4, was 20,703. This does not include sales to newsboys and dealers, and it does not include our country circulation in more than 400 important cities and towns of the West.

SCRATCH with care.

A FULL ballot and a fair count.

THE election to-morrow will be full of surprises.

AFTER the political campaign we want a sanitary campaign.

THE Democratic turn-out at the corners yesterday was immense.

WE flatter ourselves that the gas monopoly will be defeated to-morrow.

THE interests of political justice demand that Mr. FILLEY's ticket should be let severely alone.

THE air is full of bets, but no one is betting that ADREON or FLAD will be disturbed in their offices.

SOME of the candidates who are running for the House of Delegates will bear watching. Others will not.

THE tremendous local circulation of the POST-DISPATCH surprises even those who were the best prepared for it.

IF WE had a favorite in to-morrow's election we would rather see him defeated on a full vote than elected on a half vote.

THE election to-morrow will furnish every Republican an opportunity to rebuke partisanship by voting against the Filley ticket.

A VOTE cast for FILLEY is a vote cast for the man in the moon. Only a citizen who thinks his ballot worthless will throw it away on the Filley ticket.

THE men who are sounding the party tom-tom in the present municipal campaign do not seem to remember what happened in this town four years ago.

ACCORDING to all accounts the Democrats at the corners yesterday had a monopoly of the enthusiasm and of the betting, not to speak of the beer and the whisky.

THE English now say that OSMAN DIGNA has only 150 men. How lucky for John Bull! If he had a whole army, of as much as a thousand men, what would become of the British invaders!

IT is more than likely that the result of to-morrow's election will be known and decided before we go to press, and that news of the decision will be given in the day's issue of the POST-DISPATCH.

MR. GEORGE W. ALLEN will poll the full strength of the party. He is a fair-minded, even-tempered young gentleman, who has every motive to act impartially in office and to be guided by the public interests.

IF BOB CAMPBELL is elected Comptroller to-morrow it will not be the first time a citizen of Pike County has held office in St. Louis, but it will be the first time in which the special support of the *Republican* has not been fatal.

IN the best-tempered, most decent and dignified campaign St. Louis has ever known we behold the restraining influence of the POST-DISPATCH. It is the mission of the POST-DISPATCH to serve the public and to do justice even to politicians.

THERE are less than a hundred candidates for office, and there are more than forty thousand voters to vote for them. Our opinion is that the interests of the forty thousand voters are entitled to more consideration than the desires of the hundred candidates.

WHILE the *Globe-Democrat* supports the whole Republican ticket without regard to the merits of the candidates, and the *Republican* supports the whole Democratic ticket without regard to rhyme or reason, the POST-DISPATCH deals fairly with both parties and both tickets.

THE *Republican's* platform is that any incompetent demagogue who secures a Democratic nomination is a better man to vote for than the most honest, efficient, experienced and faithful Republican in the city. The time for such machine opinions is past, and the *Republican* is several years behind the times.

THE colored men of St. Louis are relied on to furnish the main strength of the Filley vote. If their votes are cast for that ticket in any considerable numbers, they will not merely make themselves the laughing stock of their fellow-citizens, but they will play directly into the hands of the Democrats, and we hereby think that this is a part of the purpose of the intelligent colored voters of St. Louis.

THE contest over the Registership is immense. TRACY was the first to come out with dodgers saying "Stimmt fur DANIEL O'CONNELL TRACY." HOBBS quickly got on to this and while his visiting cards (south of Market street) read "ZIEGENHEIN und HOBBS," he has a professional polyglot distributing dodgers which read "Stimmt fur HOBBS," "Votes pour HOBBS," etc., according to the nationalities for which they are intended.

IN his speech on Saturday night, ex-Mayor JOE BROWN served notice on the tax-payers that if he were charged with the work of public improvement he would run his office not to save money, but spend money, not to carry out the idea of economy, but to furnish jobs for statesmen at $2 a day. He even made it a ground of complaint against Colonel FLAD, that he attempted to find some cheaper way of cleaning streets than by hand-labor. Inasmuch as the city of St. Louis has not enough money to pay for cleaning streets on the cheapest plan, it is not pleasant to think of the condition of our streets if BROWN should be elected and if he should carry out his philanthropic idea of utilizing the public funds for the greatest happiness of the greatest number.

CHICAGO is not having a spirited, but good-tempered municipal contest as we are in St. Louis. CARTER HARRISON is charging that General Logan's Federal Marshal and DICK TUTHILL promised JOE MACKIN, the convict, immunity from punishment if he would secure one or two Democratic votes in the Legislature for LOGAN, and that the trio met in Springfield to make the trade. General LOGAN, who is stumping all the wards in Chicago against HARRISON, denounces the latter as "a vile, infamous liar, a poltroon and a coward," and HARRISON simply replies with the affidavits of Representative JAMES MCHALE and others supporting his charge. It is not edifying to see an ex-Senator cavorting thus in the sewers of city politics and talking on the stump like an ordinary ward bully and bummer.

MR. JEFFERSON DAVIS recently brought an avalanche of fury upon his aged head by daring to make a very pretty, pathetic and patriotic little speech over the liberty bell in his character as grandson of a soldier of the Revolution. The Kansas commissioner who stood by and listened without shooting "the old arch-traitor" on the spot, has been court-martialed, as it were, by the Kansas Legislature, and crucified by the Republican press of his State. What they will do to Mr. DAVIS now, we cannot tell, but he has actually had the effrontery to send a feeling message of sympathy to Gen. GRANT, in which he said that the Southern people joined in the prayers of their Northern brethren for the old hero's recovery. Is it possible for J. D. to do or say anything in which the stay-at-home patriots of the late war will not find mortal offense?

LIKE the POST-DISPATCH, the New York WORLD is vigilantly watching and exposing the schemes of the gas monopolists. A bill proposed by a Senate committee, and accepted by some as a desirable measure of reform, provides for regulation by an expensive commission, with officers receiving large salaries from the gas companies, one of the Commissioners to be chosen by the gas companies and one by the Gas Consumers' Association, a highly respectable but wholly irresponsible and unauthorized body. The WORLD attacks this feature of the measure as a snare; shows that its pretended limitation of stock-watering will amount to nothing as a means of regulating price under existing laws and decisions, and finally points out a provision in the bill for perpetuating monopoly by prohibiting the laying of mains by any new gas company without the consent of the Commissioners, who are to be appointed and paid in a way to make them the creatures of the monopolists. Yet the legislative committee that investigated the gas question and proposed this bill had preceded it with a report that came out strong for protecting the people and imposing effective restraints on the gas companies. Somehow it often happens that legislators make mistakes of this kind in the midst of their loud-mouthed pretensions of serving the public.

Royal Osculation.

From the New York World.

It must be admitted that male Americans generally are not so effusively affectionate in regard to their own sex as the more sympathetic Germans, French and Italians are. When Sonnenthal, the great Austrian actor, made his farewell appearance in the Thalia Theatre he is believed to have kissed everybody on the stage and behind the scenes, including the stage-carpenter. And just before Sonnenthal sailed he is said to have kissed everybody on board the ship. But no masculine kissing on record begins to come up to the overwhelming osculation which accompanied Bismarck's birthday.

First Bismarck kissed the Emperor three times on the mouth and the cheeks, and proceeded to kiss his hand, but this the Emperor would not permit. Of course the kisses were given by Bismarck, but the Emperor regarded them as a loan and returned them. There was then a general kissing of hands between the Royal and Bismarck families, and enthusiasm rose to full height when the venerable Emperor kissed Bismarck's three juvenile grandsons, and even condescended to caress Bismarck's dog.

Over here we are not so demonstrative. It is scarcely conceivable, for example, that two such Senatorial icebergs as Edmunds and Evarts should incontinently meet and osculate, and if Minister Phelps, on receiving his commission, had fallen on President Cleveland's neck and kissed him, neither he nor the public would soon hear the last of it.

No Right to Growl.

From the New York World.

Really it is unreasonable that the Tribune should growl as it does over the appointment of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston as a Railroad Commissioner. Gen. Joe Johnston was one of the best soldiers in the Southern service. Alexander H. Stephens declared him to be by far the ablest General in the Confederate Army. And he gets nothing now but a Railroad Commissionership. The Republicans have been much more liberal in rewarding "Rebels." Billy Mahone, who was nothing but a Brigadier-General, has been a Republican United States Senator and has had the control for years of every Federal appointment in Virginia. "Rebels" like Orr were favored with first-class missions. Longstreet, Akerman, Key, Mosby and other Confederate chieftains, but all outranked in the service by Johnston, have had foreign consulships and other choice pickings. The Southern custom houses and post offices have been stuffed full for the past twenty years with "Rebels," who took these places in pay for becoming Republicans. When these fellows walk out to give place to Democrats the Tribune can open its ears to its favorite "Rebel yell."

Cleveland's Rock.

From the Springfield Republican.

But Mr. Cleveland is a man who feels "pressure" about as much as the rock felt pressure when Roderick Dhu cooled his back against it, and dared his enemies to come on. Having got a clear perception of the fact that the New York Post Office is not a political machine, but the largest business office of any kind in the country; that it is now managed by a man who has grown up in it and mastered all its business; and that the introduction of a mere politician would probably introduce confusion in the mail service of the whole country, Mr. Cleveland determined to reappoint, and trust to the recognition of the business public for popular support in that attitude. He knows that with the great business class supporting him, he can dispense with the "gangs" who are controlled from federal offices. That is one of the strong points of his political creed.

A Fashionable Novelty.

From the Cincinnati Enquirer.

The toilet mask really seems to be getting into favor. The notion of it is that, being worn nights, it imparts delicacy of tint and texture to the complexion of the wearer. There are a dozen different makes, but the principle of them all seems to be the same—that of sweating the skin. Just as the small of one's back gets delicate from constant seclusion, so a partial treatment of the cheeks on the same plan is calculated to etherealize them. But imagine a woman, intended by nature to be a sight, ly slumberer, abed with a good portion of her vis age hidden by patches of black material.

MEN OF MARK.

THE Zuni Indians have smoked cigarettes for 700 years.

HERR SONNENTHAL, the actor, has a passion for canaries.

JAY COOK eats two sticks of mint candy before breakfast every morning.

MINISTER PENDLETON has sold his Cincinnati dwelling house for $50,000.

JEFFERSON DAVIS is suffering from rheumatism and from an unhealed Mexican war wound.

MR. HENDRICKS, the Vice-President, and his wife, intend to go to Europe during the summer.

THE King of Bavaria has spent $250,000 for a chandelier from the Meissen manufactory.

STEVE ELKINS has been uncovered as a partner in the Fish & Ward bubble. Steve is "into everything."

THERE are 920 disabled ex-Confederate soldiers living in the poor houses of North Carolina.

THE pork houses talk of sending Bismarck a white wig, manufactured of bristles from the best American pork.

MAX O'RELL, author of "John Bull and His Island" and "John Bull and His Daughters," is writing letters from London to the Pittsburg Dispatch.

BISHOP MCQUAID of Rochester has issued an order that hereafter in his diocese none but Roman Catholics and actual communicants shall sing in the choirs.

"WHAT does Jay Gould want?" asks an exchange. Nothing but the earth, with perhaps a strip of water to sail his yacht in.

MR. TILDEN doesn't forget to be neighborly. Near Graystone lives Clara Morris, actress, and among her callers the other afternoon was the famous Samuel J. himself.

JAMES AND HARRY GARFIELD, sons of the martyred President, called at the White House Wednesday and had a pleasant interview with Mr. Cleveland and his sister.

VICTOR HUGO, writes one of that poet's closest friends, will die as he has lived, a Deist. He is familiar with the idea of death, and often quotes the words, "Dei Voluntas" with entire serenity.

IT is stated that Henry F. Keenan, author of "Trajan" and "The Money Makers," has been appointed to a responsible and well paid position in the Navy Department by Secretary Whitney.

THE new American Minister to Rome, Mr. Kelley, has some curious religious associations. He is a devout Catholic, but his father is a Presbyterian minister and his wife is a Jewess. He may be said to be a representative man.

THE Hon. E. B. Washburne says: "There is no mistake in such appointments as Mr. Phelps to be Minister to England. I have known him for a long time. He is an able man. No one will be able to get the better of him.

THOMAS STEVENS, bicyclist, is about to start to ride astride his wheel around the world. He will sail from New York on the 9th instant. The wheeling distance will be about 10,000 miles. Mr. Stevens rode last season from San Francisco to Boston.

S. S. COX sent from Zanesville, Ohio, the following dispatch: "My mother barely survived the night. Our physician thinks she will not survive the day. Her life is almost gone. There is no hope. She is unconscious now. It is my consolation, as it was hers, that I came in time for recognition."

MINISTER PHELPS said to a reporter of the New Haven News on Monday: "I regard Senator Edmunds as one of the first lawyers in the United States, as well as one of the most upright and independent of men. He is an example to the young men of the country of what perfectly straightforward conduct and downright hard work will accomplish for a man."

EARL CAIRNS, the father of Lord Garmoyle, is dead. It was the objection of the noble Earl that broke off the engagement between the Viscount and the actress, Miss Fortescue. The young man has his fortune now, and he can lavish himself upon the dramatic profession in whatsoever manner he listeth.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

THE name of the Chinese Emperor's wife is Kan-Di. Sweet, isn't it?

GEORGE RIDDLE of Carroll County, Mo., has twenty-two daughters.

COL. DONAN is publishing the letters he receives from young ladies in the East inquiring after husbands in Dakota.

MISS EMMA THURSBY was given a complimentary reception by Miss Cleveland at the White House last Thursday evening.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND may now regard his administration an undoubted success. A society belle says he has lovely eyes.

MRS. MCPHERSON (wife of the Senator) is an indefatigable collector of works of art—paintings, engravings, china, silver, etc.

MRS. MANNING, wife of the Secretary of the Treasury, has returned to Albany to arrange for their final removal to the Capital.

MISS FOLSOM of Buffalo, now Miss Cleveland's guest at the White House, is voted the prettiest girl in Washington by the swells.

THERE is a report that Mrs. Langtry's whole physique is dwindling. Mrs. L.'s manager would do well to conceal the pickle jar for a few days.

HANS MAKART painted Sarah Bernhardt's portrait, and made it so life-like as to be altogether unsatisfactory to her. She refused to accept it, and he then covered it with a yellow tint that gave it the appearance of a skeleton ghost in a London fog. In this plight the picture was found among his effects, and was sold with the rest of his paintings. Sarah did not bid for it.

MISS KATE FIELD preserves and highly prizes the medals and rings presented to her mother when, as a young girl, she was a favorite actress in Philadelphia.

MRS. LOGAN proposes to go to Springfield, Ill., to put an end to the Senatorial dead-lock. This will be good for Mr. Logan, but it is rather rough on the beloved country.

MISS AMANDA STOKES, who served in the Union army as a nurse, died at Lebanon, Ohio, a few days ago, and was buried with military honors by the Grand Army post of the place.

MISS MURFREE ("Charles Egbert Craddock") was not fully indorsed by the best Boston society till she was discovered to be the great grand-daughter of Col. Hardy Murfree of Revolutionary fame.

THE heirs of the late Aaron Somers, whose will left $10,000 to the "Democratic widows" of Bridgeport, now propose to prove that "Democratic" is a clerical error for "Protestant," and so mean to break the will.

THE wives of the Turkish soldiers will not be blamed for using force to get their husbands' pay. A Turkish lady can no more wait for her new spring bonnet than a lady of the United States.

MRS. TOM THUMB, though about to make new arrangements, still fondly dwells on her old married days, and says that while she and the General had occasional spats he never struck her, but she seems very much struck by her ten-cent "Count."

MRS. MADISON'S complexion was not the result of cosmetics, says a professor of her miniature on ivory. Even after she was 80 the delicate, beautiful color came to her cheeks and her complexion was like a child's. She received callers graciously at her great age, her head "crowned by the inevitable turban, in which she always wore a tiny miniature, surrounded with pearls, of Mrs. Madison."

MRS. GARFIELD thus disposes of what to many persons was a painful story. One of her friends in Cleveland, Ohio, has furnished the following to the Associated Press: "The report that has been extensively circulated that Mrs. Garfield is to be married undoubtedly originated from some malicious person who wished to annoy her, as it has been authoritatively ascertained that the rumor is utterly false, having no foundation whatever. Mrs. Garfield has only recently heard of it. She still wears mourning, and matrimony has no place in her thoughts.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS

What the Editors of the New York Journals are Saying To-day.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The WORLD says: "Since President Cleveland assumed the duties of his office one month ago last Thursday, there has been practically a complete revolution in the Government. The Cabinet has change from a Republican to a Democratic body. The principal foreign missions representing our National policy abroad, have, for the first time in a quarter of century, been filled by Democrats. The Republican Senate, convened in extra session, considered 173 nominations, all but two Democratic, confirmed 169, rejected two for unimportant offices, and left twelve unacted upon. There has been no disturbance, no wrangling, scarcely any perceptible friction. The country is tranquil and satisfied, and is doubtless better off than it was before the change."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "We do not believe that the Democrats of Kentucky are sulking as their Senators are, because Buck and Durham were taken and Thompson and Boyd were left. The rank and file of the Democratic party want good government. They know that without good officers it can not be secured. They see that the President is a man who keeps his promises, and that his sole object in choosing this man or that man for an important offices is to get the best man he can find. It does not appear to them that he is serving favorites or satisfying grudges and they are willing to trust him."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "The real reason, then, for pleasing the Mugwumps is because they are Cleveland men. They helped elect him to the Presidency, and they are recognized now in return, with the hope that they may remain steadfast and continue to help him hereafter, when he or his policy shall have to undergo a popular judgment. That is a sound reason. But it can not be foretold what effect it will have on the New York election of 1885 and the Democratic National Convention of 1888. But if it should not be found successful with the Democracy, Mr. Cleveland can at least have the satisfaction of having rewarded his friends."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "Possibly the Anarchists will presently learn the wisdom of holding their tongues. They had a safe asylum in Switzerland so long as they kept quiet, but they could not refrain from making themselves conspicuous by intefering with the local affairs of the cantons. Then they were ordered to quit the Republic, and that the order was not intended for show merely is proved by the fact that the authorities are still energetically forcing them to 'move on.' This is hard on the rest of the world, but the Swiss certainly had the right to protect themselves."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SUBSCRIBER.—England produces the most beer.

A SUBSCRIBER.—He is still a citizen of the United States.

T. G.—You cannot vote from the number you mention.

G. O. T.—It is a "lone" euchre, and it is worth four points.

INQUIRER.—The contract you mention has not been let.

A. M. R.—You can find the address you want in any directory.

TAX.—The tax-lists you mention were published on March 10 and 11, 1884.

FLORISSANT AVENUE.—We cannot undertake to give you the information.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—The silver dollar is stamped and milled with one impression.

DOC.—H. Clay Sexton was appointed Chief of the Fire Department September 14, 1857.

L. N. C. AND N. B.—Dealing in options is carried on on the floor of the Merchants' Exchange.

TWO BILLS.—The Grant in the firm name was U. S. Grant, jr. General Grant, like Fish, was only a special partner.

SUBSCRIBER.—There is nothing in the Constitution or the statutes to prevent the President from leaving the States during his term of office.

E. W.—The saloons must close, under the Mayor's proclamation, at 11 o'clock to-night, and remain closed until 11 o'clock to-morrow night.

T. P. O'C.—Among the English speaking Catholic Churches St. Bridget's has the largest congregation. Among the German, St. Peter and Paul's.

A Colored Man Worthy of Fame.

From the Atlanta Constitution.

Mr. E. Matthews of Jackson County has a colored man living on his place who was left in the Cherokee Nation, in twenty-nine mile stretch, sold twice by John A. Murrel, and shot at three times by the Confederate soldiers. He is now the father of forty-nine children, and is 90 years old. He can plough as much in a day as any man.

The Prize Spring Poem.

From "Japhet in Search of a Father."

"Oh, where is the spring,
That mysterious thing?
Now do not all answer together."

Correct. Let us sing
That the advertised spring
"Is postponed on account of the weather."

A Political Resurrectionist.

From the Pittsburg Commercial (Rep).

If Cleveland keeps up this resurrection business clear through his term of office, he will be able to give Gabriel pointers at the "great day."

Watterson's Error.

From the Philadelphia Press.

We are almost persuaded that Col. Watterson will never learn to stand at the right end of the gun when he fires at Uncle Randall.

What the Red Sunsets Have Caused.

From the Washington Star.

The world outside—North, South, East, West—is in a tempest of war, but all is quiet on the Potomac.

OPINIONS TO ORDER.

Being the Views Expressed by the Statesmen of St. Louis.

What the People Think of To-Morrow's Election, and What They Bet—Chances of Thought About the Candidates.

The assemblage at the Post Office corners was a Democratic love-feast, and a roll-call of the leaders of Democracy would have discovered few absentees. No such crowd has been gathered at the corners for a year or more, and were a stranger to have strolled among the gathering, he could not have escaped the impression that St. Louis was a hotbed of bourbonism, and that the banner of Republicanism in this great metropolis was being upheld by one lone, born enthusiast—a wiry, dapper brunette, who will figure in the sporting records of the country as Tom Wood, the man of the iron nerve. Everybody was in right good humor, because there was nobody to quarrel with, and nearly everybody had a new hat or a new spring suit.

It would be strange indeed if the Democratic ticket were not boomed in such a gathering as that; it would be strange indeed, and boom it did, despite all that Tom Wood could do to prevent it.

The first arrivals were content to say that the election would be pretty close, but they thought Dave Francis would be elected Mayor; but two hours later, when the streets were so crowded that street cars and carriages had difficulty in getting through, and when everybody had corroborated and encouraged everybody else, the popular idea appeared to be that Francis would go in with a majority of all the way from five to twenty thousand, and that everybody on the Democratic ticket had such a sure thing that there was really no occasion for any further election work. What had become of the Republicans—at least of that class of Republicans which is engaged in fighting the Democratic ticket—nobody appeared to know.

CHAT.

M. A. Rosenblatt thinks Filley will poll about 8,000 votes.

Col. W. A. Hobbs and Mr. Ziegenhein are making a Siamese Twins campaign.

Eugene Miltenburger has sesterces which speaks up for the Democratic ticket.

T. H. McMinn says he has but one opinion, and that is: Francis will be elected.

In all of the gossip as to the Lower House, Pat. Monahan had the call or the speakership.

The regular Republican party came near being run over by an Olive street car yesterday.

Ed. Baggot was offering yesterday to bet twenty to fifteen that Sullivan couldn't be beaten.

Tuesday, April 7th, will be a cold day for quite a number of the "Regulars," if Ewing wins.

Turner Lewis was electioneering Saturday night and says he will chew grass if Francis doesn't get there.

"The man of destiny" is the popular name for D. R. Francis. W. L. Ewing is getting to be known as "Old Reliable."

"I think Pohlman's bets are good," said Pat Kane, and I have no doubt that Filley will poll a bigger vote than Ewing."

Ed Butler gave a few more of his friends some pie yesterday, in the shape of silk hats on the whole Democratic ticket.

"If it was me," said Harry Vogel, "I would sooner own one of the corner saloons than be elected Mayor two times."

Mr. R. E. M. Parks visits the corners regularly, chiefly for the purpose of looking unutterable things at the party.

T. J. Henly predicts that the whole Democratic ticket from Alpha to Omega will go through like mush through a horn.

There was a noticeable absence of Ewing badges at the corners yesterday; in fact, not a single white badge was to be seen.

Ernst Lefzig says that he is for Tyler for City Marshal, and he wants to wager considerable sums that he will be elected.

John D. Finney had a whole bagful of prophecies about the Democratic ticket, and they were all of the most favorable kind.

"I am a Francis man and a good Democrat," said Frank P. Walsh, the coal man, "but you can bet I'm for Billy Hobbs every time."

Lon Tatum bet T. P. Dyer a plug hat that the Democrats would elect a larger number of their candidates than the Republicans.

The start in yesterday's betting was made by Ed Butler and Martin Henry, who each put up an even hundred on the collectorship race.

Bob Campbell's speech, in which he inferentially advocated the reduction of the salaries of the Circuit Judges, will cost him several votes.

Tom Woods was one of the pluckiest betters on the corners yesterday. He was anxious to get about $1,500 up, but did not quite succeed.

Jim Hardy, looking as fresh as a spring rose, drove through the assemblage in a buggy, with his two little girls, and was tendered an ovation.

Mr. James Sweeney wants to bet his copper foundry on Francis. It is his impression that Filley is the only dangerous candidate in the running.

"No fighting in our ward this time," said Jerry Sheehan; "we usually give 800 or 900 Democratic majority, but this time it will be 1,000 or 1,100."

Mr. August Frank very seriously disputes Mr. Walter Blakely's claim to be considered the handsomest man now running for office in St. Louis.

"D—— Ewing!" said Ed Butler. "No, sir; this is a Francis-Sexton hat, and don't you forget it. After the election I'm going to change it for a silk plug."

"If Francis isn't elected it will be the biggest surprise of my life," said Harry Keevil. "Sexton will go in, too, for he's holding right up to his ticket."

Sexton and Ziegenhein passed a pleasant five minutes yesterday in each other's company, telling one another how sorry each would be to beat the other.

Commodore Smith was beaming on everybody, asking everybody in to get some cloves, and assuring everybody that he never discusses politics on Sunday.

Morris McKaag expressed the belief that Sexton would run behind his ticket, and, that while Francis would probably be elected, the old Chief would be left.

"Oh, I got there all right," said Henry Ziegenhein. "The boys are all working hard for me, and I'll get the whole saloon vote, Republican and Democratic."

Lester Crawford has a bet of 20 to 30 on Francis and wants to know now whether he will bet 20 to 30 on Ewing and make 10, or stand to lose the entire 20 cents.

"Where's your badge, Commodore?" was asked of the Mayor's secretary. "I don't need any badge. After next Tuesday we Republicans will wear our badges."

Mr. A. Frank hoped it would not be regarded as egotistical for him to say that he believed the entire Democratic ticket would be elected, including Councilmen.

A regular cyclone of betting on the election struck Furber's saloon about noon yesterday. Furber holds about $3,000 worth of bets made in less than half an hour.

A circular headed "Read, Read and Consider," was scattered broadcast, containing an arraignment of Joe Brown, copied from the St. Louis Journal of 1873.

"What a shame they didn't nominate Bob Goode for something," said Miss ——, who came down to the corners in the buggy with papa, "he has such nice mustaches."

Thomas E. Harvey said: "I think the whole Democratic ticket will go through from the Mayor to the Councilmen. There won't be much scratching done on our side."

"Not a doubt of it, sir," said Charley Napton. Ewing will be snowed under so badly next Tuesday he'll never run for another office. Mark my words and see if he don't."

"A great deal will depend on the kind of a day we have next Tuesday," said Judge Simmons. "If 30,000 votes are cast I don't think there's any doubt of Ewing's election."

Chauncey I. Filley dreamed that he was run over by a sprinkling cart last night. This is interpreted to mean, that unless something is done to lay down the dust trouble will ensue.

Clay Sexton's throat is hardly in condition to warrant his employment as a tenor of an opera company. His chest tones remind one of the dulcet breathings of an escape valve.

Henry Ehlert, secretary of the Grand Committee, drove through the crowd in a buggy, but did not stop. He had the aspect of a man who was full of business, and had no time to talk.

Mr. A. M. Sullivan was quite a prominent figure on the corners yesterday. It was not generally known that he was not the candidate Sullivan and the fact called for much explanation.

"I am too much of a friend of Dave Francis to want to see him exposed to any office. We want him to stay where he is," was the verdict of an Exchange delegation at the corners yesterday.

Chief Harrigan wagered a hat with somebody that the total vote next Tuesday will be 40,000 or over. Judge McCaffrey put up a small stake that the vote would be between 35,000 and 40,000.

"Sure, what kind of a question is that to ask a man," said John Finn; "why Francis, of course. He's the Democratic candidate and that settles it. Come around and see me next Wednesday."

Bob Goode's three-by-nine voice could be plainly distinguished half a block away, as he stood in the center of a crowd of admiring Democrats and exhorted them to "vote the ticket straight, boys."

By Telephone—"Hello, Tyler!"
"Hello, Grund Committee!"
" ?"
"S"
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Henry Ziegenhein, who has been making a steady canvass, day and night, since his nomination, spent a half hour in the crowd, shaking hands, and expressed himself as entirely satisfied with his prospects."

"If those blooming bolters would get out of our way," said Mr. Rosenblatt, "we could show Francis what a campaign means, but as the case stands they may prepare for a heavy reckoning in the future."

Copies of an extra edition of a paper called "The St. Louis Commercial List," were distributed among the crowd gratis. The paper booms Francis and Sexton, and leaves the balance of the ticket to take care of itself.

Sid. Francis says the majority will be anywhere from one to five thousand, and, as far as he is considered, he would just as soon have the first as the last. "Its not the majority, but the mayority we're after," said he.

Mr. Clem Creveling is wearing a shiny silk hat, and a very smooth suit of Sunday clothes, including a pair of pearl-colored trousers. This, however, is not a circumstance to the way he will be attired after the election.

"I'll admit," said Ben Davenport to Sid Francis, "that your brother Dave's word is as good as any man's in business transactions, but I'm against him politically, and I'm especially against the corporations that are at his back."

"Things look well and keep looking better all the time," said Col. Grif. Prather, as he called for a cigar with a little lemon in it. "I think our ticket will pull through, and the Fifteenth Ward will probably give a small Democratic majority."

"There is hardly any doubt that the Fifth Ward will send me to the Lower House," said Joseph Auer. "I'm running independent, but the Democrats have indorsed me, and the indorsement won't hurt the Democratic ticket a bit in that ward."

Nobby Clarke claims to have been misunderstood. He says that, while not entirely agreeing with Sexton upon the temperance question, he is still a strong Sexton man and proposes to vote and work for the old chief for all he is worth next Tuesday.

"How many votes do I think I'll get?" queries Chauncey I. Filley. "Well, I'm the regular Republican candidate, and the regular candidate ought to get the full vote, ought he not?" said Mr. Filley, with a wink that always accompanies him.

"That cartoon in Saturday's POST-DISPATCH was a fine thing, but I believe you mistook the artist's meaning," said Mr. Conrad Pretzle. "I think the real idea is that as soon as Ewing got well mixed up in the fight with the dragon, Francis was going to stab him in the backbone."

"I don't know about the Nineteenth Ward," said John Lynch. "It used to go Republican, but we gave a pull altogether last fall and scored a Democratic majority of sixty-four, or something like that. I will be pretty well satisfied if we hold her about even next Tuesday."

"Single-handed and alone," said Thomas Woods "I faced that howling Democratic mob, and bet them to a stand-still." And then Tom went across the street and asked Officer O'Malley what he thought the Government would ask for the Custom House, if a fellow wanted to buy it.

"I know of about thirty-five votes that my friend Francis will lose," said John H. Tracy. "Our Committee on Waterways starts for the South to-night, and it is composed almost entirely of Francis men. Still, I imagine that thirty-five votes would not be enough to either make or break him."

"Oh, I guess I'll not win," said Michael Foerstel, the Filley candidate for Treasurer. "But I'll be glad if I don't. If I get beaten so badly that it will knock me out of politics forever, I'll attend to my business, and it will be the best thing ever happened to me. Still, I'm making the strongest race I can."

Harrison Mann will vote the straight Democratic ticket. He proposes to scratch nobody, but will start from the head and vote right through to the bottom. He thinks that Francis is a sure winner. "Why," he remarked, "up in North St. Louis they don't know any one is running for Mayor but Francis."

"I'll bet $5 to $100 that Filley is the next Mayor of St. Louis. I'll bet it as often as anybody wants to," shouted John H. Pohlman, at Eighth and Olive streets yesterday, while people stood around and remarked that there was a splendid chance for a rich man to get John's stable without paying a cent for it.

John E. Hagerty stood in the vestibule of Jack Furber's for about fifteen minutes and flourished a hundred dollar bill till he nearly shook his arm off, daring any Ziegenhein man to come up and cover it. After he got tired Tom Wood heard about it, hunted Hagerty up, and covered the bill as desired.

"I think that Pohlman's bet that Ewing won't get 14,000 votes is a pefectly good one," said Tom Wand, the original Noonan man. "Do you?" said Maj. Harrigan. "Well I'm not betting against the Democratic ticket, but I'll take all the bets of that kind from $1 to $1,500 that Pohlman or anybody else has to make."

"When your stomach ain't just right from the night before," said Robt. Jacobs of the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Company, "just take a thimble full of salt in a glass of beer. As to the election, I say when you've got a good thing keep it. So I'm for Ewing for Mayor, and I think that's the way most business men feel."

"Do you know how you happened to get left for the nomination?" asked a reporter of Pat Kane. "Of course I do. Tom Cleary sold me out in the Twelfth Ward delegation. You may have noticed that I wasn't long in getting even, for I sold him out for Inspector of Weights and Measures ten minutes later. Oh we're square."

"There were 1,900 votes polled in my ward at the last general election," said Jos. Rauer, Democratic candidate for the House of Delegates from the Fifth, with 800 Republican majority. But then that was a Presidential election and there are lots of Republicans who are going to vote for me. I think my chances are pretty good."

"I expect that our ward (the 15th) will elect E. P. Fox to the Lower House," said George Arnold, "but the other offices, I think, will give a Democratic majority. It looks to me as though Sexton will be elected, but if he's beaten on the Prohibition issue I am satisfied it will be a bad thing for the men that made the issue. The Legislature will remember it to them."

"If there is anything in civil service reform," said a Democratic friend of Assessor Lange's yesterday, "it does seem to me that it will be not only a serious mistake but a violation of reform principles to remove such a man as Lange. In my opinion he has been one of the most courteous as well as efficient officers that the city has ever had in that position."

"I didn't think we'd have any money to risk on this election," said a Hudson deputy yesterday, as he staked $5, "but our collections were so good in April that every man in the office got his full salary yesterday, and we feel like we had made a regular pick-up on it. Why, at the end of Rosenblatt's term eight deputies who agreed to take their chances on the collections worked four months for nothing."

"I think Ewing will be elected, but it will be close," was the comment of E. P. Fox. "You can say for certain that I will be elected to represent the Fifteenth Ward in the Lower House, notwithstanding the dirty work of Filley. He came down to our ward two nights ago and harangued about thirty-five negroes for two hours in their church. Then he paid them not to let us have the church next night to answer him. Oh, he's mean as they make 'em."

John G. Martin would have a great deal more time to canvass if he did not have to devote so much time to explaining that he is not John I. Martin. By some means or other the impression has gone abroad that it is the latter who is running for Auditor on the Democratic ticket, and blunders in the newspapers have strengthened this impression. John G. and John I. are good friends, but they are separate and distinct identities, and are not even related.

Clay Sexton, with a voice like the wheeze of a leaky bellows, was the center of an adjoining crowd for an hour or more. "I'll be dad gummed," said he, "if I don't surprise the natives on Tuesday. I'll beat the man Ziegenhein so bad that he won't know he was running." "You never know how many friends you've got till you run for office, Clay," was the remarked of a friend. "No, and you never know how many enemies, either," said Clay philosophically.

"Do you know the explanation of Rosenblatt's intense desire to secure Adreon's defeat?" asked a gentleman who used to be a deputy collector. "Why, I thought everybody knew it," he added. "Rosenblatt, you know, made over $175,000 the first year he was in office, and this struck Adreon as rather a high price for the city to pay for even such exceptional talent as Rosenblatt's. So Adreon went to work and got the law amended so as to limit the salary to $10,000. Rosenblatt has hated him since then, with an undying hate."

C. W. Irwin inclines to the impression that Francis will win. "It depends very largely on the Noonan vote," said he. "I am told that a good many of the Noonan men feel that they were sold out in the convention, and, in that event, there may be a considerable defection, which will certainly elect Ewing. No matter who is elected, however, it seems to me that the old gas companies will be screwed enough to protect themselves against any seriously adverse legislation."

Chas. Creveling, the Eighteenth Ward hustler, wore a pale and dejected look. "I've had an ulcerated sore throat for several days," said he, "and have not been taking any hand in the work, but I think the Eighteenth Ward will go all right. I don't think we've got such a walk-over as they talk about, though, as the fight is hard and the vote is bound to be close. I guess our ward can be counted on for its usual four or five hundred Democratic majority, but not much more, because the Republicans who usually stay at home whe the ticket is not very strong are all well satisfied this time, and will come out and vote."

"Governor Woodson," a little, square, pompous, saved-off darkey, drove up to Furber's in a new plug hat and stylish buggy. With an air of large importance he squared himself at the handsome bar alongside of the other politicians, and was just admiring his reflection in the mirror when Furber snatched him by the back of the neck and shot him clear out upon the sidewalk with the remark, "—— —— —— didn't I tell you not to come in here!" Woodson recovered himself, smoothed out his rumpled coat collar, and was just about to start in again, when somebody in the crowd smashed his glittering new plug hat down over his ears, completely ruining it. He then started to hunt for his buggy, but it had been kidnaped, and he walked away with a worse opinion than ever of the Democracy.

The most conspicuous figure among the multitude was Ed Butler, who, arrayed in a new and handsome white felt hat with a very broad br

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nded in each getting out $200 and
nands of Moses Fraley, who is to
d to Butler if Sexton is elected
od if Ziegenhein is elected. Ed.
rely through the crowd, putting
ger of a hat that the whole
would be elected, and finally
Martin Henry, who wanted to
more money to put up on Sex-
ad, and would bet his whole
anybody wanted. Martin Henry
roposition, just for a flyer, and
ike this excitement was kept up
after 2 o'clock.

RTING NEWS,

a Yesterday—Sporting News
nd Sundries.

of ball between the Browns and
sterday resulted in another vic-
lub. The Milwaukees were bad-
their catcher, Falch, who had
harged against him, which gave
f the six runs made in the game.
6 to 1.

the Union Park drew an enor-
filled every inch of space in the
of the grounds. The Prickly
eir best game yesterday, and
either side scored. In the ninth
a double bagger and scored on
Sweeney. This was the only and
as the P. A. B's. failed to do any-
f the ninth. The final result was

e Hath Charms.

quotation which has been freely
vage breast" seems to apply to
e Philadelphia Record says:
g the flattery of his friends Sulli-
ows melancholy and lonesome.
f the heaps of money he has
ince he blossomed out as a pugil-
calls to mind the $180,000 that he
red during his Western trip, he
old times to come again, and
falls upon his breast and the
e fistic arena becomes
low-spirited. Patsey Shep-
he can to cheer him
n, with a wave of his hand, com-
summon his minstrels without
g and willing negroes, genuine
cotton-fields, who are always in
y respond. That "music hath
the savage breast" none would
after seeing the wonderful in-
ugo darkies' music exerts over
ut twilight last evening, after a
ends, who had been in his com-
departed, Sullivan grew morose,
ere at once taken to his room.
ar and the other a harmonica.
t all the music out of the instru-
bic. The big fellow lay stretched
dstr, and the negroes struck up

that," said John L., in a com-
on as the negroes had finished.
the tune they played "Old Mose
me Gwine Down to Dixie," and
rn tunes. When the entertain-
an was feeling in a happy mood,
e landlord, ordered him to pre-
supper for his minstrels.
colored men about a year ago,
ta to Chattanooga. They were
n, and he was so pleased with
they have been traveling around
e. Wherever he goes they fol-
e made a good living thereby
with Boston's pet."

ortling Sundries.

rteen men in line made a splendid
esterday.

rose are matched to shoot bats
an Antonio at an early date.

dianapolis game yesterday at
in a victory for the Louisvilles

beat the St. Gotthards at Kansas
a score of 12 to 5. The attend-
00.

and Pittsburg American teams
on game at Cincinnati yesterday.
on by a score of 9 to 8.

es Base-ball Club defeated the
Amateur Base-ball Park by the
23. The feature of the game
g of the Watson Blues, who had

take his celebrated stable of
y-Eye-See, Phallas and others,
Cincinnati, next Friday, where
about a week. They will be
m Lexington, Ky., and given
he Chester Park track, before
fill their engagements. Sup-
f the turf, will occupy the stall
d by Maud S, the queen of the
in there until the 15th.

AK FOR EWING.

, Orator to Enthuse the
Ticket Supporters.

e apostle of Greenbackism for
, arrived at the Lindell this
oms in Danville; and spent the
pany of a number of the sup-
ens' ticket, each of whom wore
ing badge at his button-hole.
ak this evening in behalf of Mr.
urner Hall. He said to a Post-
this morning that it gave him
looking back upon what the
arty had done in the past to be
t its efforts had been aimed
tion of good government, and
the best men in localities where
re evenly divided it had effected
f great value. In his mention of
of the Greenback vote had been
ouner either of the old parties
ning more and more demoralized
by. Three or four first-class
nd as many dance houses were
, and their effect upon the popu-
pon the young men and women,
like all mining towns, it was in-
place, but with these evil in-
work, it was degenerating in-

CLASS REPRODUCTION
the worst cities in the land. The
ndertook to purify the place and,
ng itself to the support of only
the old tickets and nominating
wn where there was a chance of
ood government was secured.
resumed its reign and the
se houses were closed. He had a
wledge of the way in which St.
n down the past four years, and
ion that the re election of Wm.
ns of perpetuating an era of good
said that the Greenback party is
ided to support Judge Sidney
ican nominee for Mayor of Chi-
of overthrowing the Carter-Har-
on, whose peculiarities are too
d description. It was going to
t it was believed that the citizens
of party, arise and elect a pure
rescue the citizens from the gam-
like character now in possession.

Missing Man.

51 years, left his home at No. 1118
ast two weeks ago, stating that
e City Hospital to apply for ad-
stitution. He is suffering from
wife, who has not seen him
, describes him as of medium
, brown hair, mixed with gray,

W. C. STEIGERS
ants wishing to contract for ad-
T-DISPATCH. Telephone 555.

POLITICAL PORTRAITS.

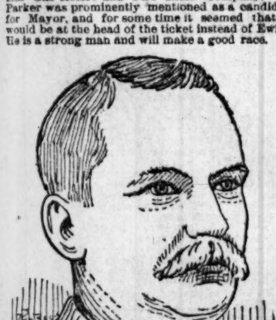
The Men Who Will Solicit Votes at the Polls To-Morrow.

The Features and Records of the Republican Nominees for the Council.

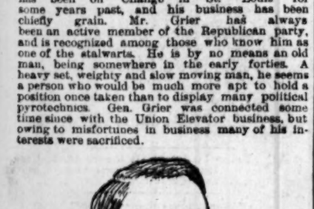
The Post-Dispatch Completes Its List of Candidates for City Offices—Cuts and Sketches of the Possible President and Members of the Upper House.

The composition of the Upper House of the Municipal Assembly is regarded as one of the most important considerations which will be presented to the voters to-morrow. The President and six members of the Council must be chosen, constituting a possible majority of the House. In accordance with the intention already expressed, and which has been partly carried out, the features and brief sketches of the men presented by the Republican party are given to the people below. This batch completes the list of candidates for local offices which will be voted on to-morrow.

GEORGE W. PARKER,
the Republican candidate for President of the Council, was President of the last Council, and is a successful business man, being president of the Oak Hill Gas Retort and Fire Brick Company. Mr. Parker was prominently mentioned as a candidate for Mayor, and for some time it seemed that he would be at the head of the ticket instead of Ewing. He is a strong man and will make a good race.



D. P. GRIER,
who heads the list among the Republican candidates for the City Council, is known chiefly as a member of the late firm of D. P. Grier & Bro. He has been on 'Change in St. Louis for some years past, and his business has been chiefly grain. Mr. Grier had always been an active member of the Republican party, and is recognized among those who know him as one of the stalwarts. He is by no means an old man, being somewhere in the early forties. A heavy set, weighty and slow moving man, he seems a person who would be much more apt to hold a position once taken than to display many political pyrotechnics. Gen. Grier was connected some time since with the Union Elevator business, but owing to misfortunes in business many of his interests were sacrificed.



P. W. MEIER
is a successful business man owning a large crockery and queensware store on Washington avenue. He is regarded as one of the leading representatives of the Germans in the city. This is his first entrance into political life. Mr. Meier has, however, been often before the people of St. Louis as one of the foremost merchants in every public enterprise. He is a very wealthy man, just in his prime of life, with a clear eye, and a quick, secure manner, which goes to show him a bundle of energy. Those who know him are enthusiastically his friends, although a slight coldness of manner has prevented many from coming at him in a manner to find out what a thoroughly good man in every capacity of life he is.

JOSEPH STERN
is also a German, and is a wealthy stock dealer. He served one term in the House of Delegates three years ago, and was once before a candidate for a seat in the Council, but was defeated by Ed Devoy. One of the things that contributed to his defeat was that a number of tickets were printed in the name of John Stern.

HENRY PINS
is a prosperous manufacturer and dealer in tinware in North St. Louis, living at Fourteenth and Monroe streets. He was nominated by the Filley Convention to run for Congress against John J. O'Neill in the Eighth District, last fall, but withdrew from the race before the close of the campaign. That experience, however, has made a politician of him forever. He is a very amiable gentleman, a good companion and all that sort of thing, and, if those who know him are to be believed, innocent enough to have been one of the babes in the wood, of which mention is made in the nursery tales.

ISAAC M. MASON
is so well known in St. Louis as to need no introduction to the voters. He has been twice elected sheriff, filling both terms acceptably. He has been connected for many years with the river interests and is at present superintendent of the Anchor Line. Mr. Mason was the County Marshal before he was elected Mayor. In face and form he is typically American. He is a wiry, muscular man, something past the grand climacteric in years, but not showing that fact either in face or conversation. He is clear-eyed, cool and slightly phlegmatic in temperament, and yet one of the most magnetic candidates now running for office in St. Louis.

E. S. ROWSE
is a member of the real estate firm of Cavender & Rowse, and has been prominent in local political circles for a number of years past. He has considerable experience in municipal affairs, having already served in the Council and taken an active part in city legislation. Personally, he is said to be the handsomest man in the late Council. A full, well-fed face is his, and a figure which, while more ample than it was twenty years ago at the waist, he still looks on lovingly. Mr. Rowse has, for many years past, controlled the investments in St. Louis of some of the heaviest Eastern capitalists.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

CAUSES OF BAD TIMES.

Over Production, Inflated Concerns and Unprofitable Expenditures Responsible.

NEW YORK, April 6.—The Sun has a notable editorial under the caption, "What Makes the Bad Times," in reply to a correspondent, who attributes the depression to the withdrawal of national bank notes from circulation. The Sun shows that money was never so cheap as now, and that, as the depression extends throughout Europe as well as the United States, it can not be attributed to a gold standard or to tariff laws, nor to anything in the condition of our shipping and ocean transportation. "For it exists in England, where there is an unprecedented extension of the merchant marine, just as severely, or even more so, than in this country, where for many years our merchant marine has been gradually declining. Nor yet is it caused by the failure of the crops, or by wars or famines in any part of the world. The crops have been generally good for several years, and no wars or famines of any account have existed, yet we may say in a general way that the depression is the result of over production; that is to say, of spending money and labor in ways that are not profitable and that give no return." The Sun concludes as follows: "Yet while this great collapse is indisputable and irresistible, we may be well contented over the fact that it is not so destructive as it might be and that business is quite as good and the situation of the country is quite as encouraging as we ought to expect. There are many workers out of employment and hardly an enterprise making much money; yet most people are getting enough to eat and enough to wear and are living along in happiness with reasonable economy. The country is rich and sound to the core; and when all the inflated and delusive concerns are settled up and cleared away, we shall find that we are a great deal better off than the philosophers of calamity and despair have imagined."

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

HEZEKIAH G. WELLS.

Death of an Influential Citizen and Pioneer of Michigan.

KALAMAZOO, MICH., April 4.—Hezekiah G. Wells, an influential citizen and pioneer of Kalamazoo, died to-day, aged 72. He was a member of both constitutional conventions of Michigan, and of the constitutional commission. For many years he was president of the State Board of Agriculture, President of State Agricultural Society and prominent in all public affairs. He was the presiding Judge of the United States Court of Alabama Claims during both periods of its existence.

Nicholson's Liquid Bread
is a refreshing, nourishing table beverage; it contains less than 3 per cent of alcohol and can be taken with impunity by the most delicate females. Ask your grocer or druggist for it.

LOUIS RIEL.

A Citizen of St. Louis Who Knew Him Many Years Ago.

The Tragic Manner in Which He Murdered Thomas Scott in His Coffin—An Oath Which Was Taken Under Difficulties—Some Interesting Reminiscences.

"I guess Sir John A. Macdonald is satisfied now that if he had handed Louis Riel over to the Orangemen in 1870, when they were clamoring for his blood for his implication in the Red River rebellion and the death of Thomas Scott, the Canadian Government would have been saved considerable expense and no end of worry," said Dr. Harry James to a POST-DISPATCH reporter in the rotunda of the Southern Hotel last night.

"Riel, I believe, has a very interesting past, has he not?"

"Well, yes; rather on the checkered order, and certainly not devoid of thrilling incidents. I remember I was a student at college in Ottawa when the first trouble with Riel occurred, and after Sir John A. Macdonald had let Riel slip through his fingers, the boys would hold indignation meetings, and those of English descent particularly were vociferous in their denunciation of the course of the Government. The whole country was stirred up at the time, and now after all that the premier has done for him, after risking his own popularity in order to amnesty him and set him free, the red-handed devil returns to foment disturbances and incite rebellion.

"Riel is a quarter blood Indian and French, about fifty years of age, 2 feet 6 inches in height, rather heavy set, with the quick, impetuous temperament, and all the characteristics common to the Frenchman. He was born in the Northwest Territory, and educated for a priest. He is astonishingly well informed, considering his early surroundings, and has a wonderful hold upon the affections of his people, who look upon him as their most capable man. Riel is certainly above the average in almost every respect, save in that which is so very important to a leader, judgment. He is too impetuous and jumps at conclusions without proper consideration. The trouble which he got on the Red River rebellion in 1869 grew out of the transfer of the northwestern territory by the HUDSON BAY COMPANY to the Canadian Government. The transfer was opposed by the Indians and French, and the feeling against Canada was intensified by the refusal of Canada to accede to the request of the half-breeds for a separate Parliament, and subsequently the resurveying of the territory, which natives claimed robbed them of a large portion of their lands. In the rebellion which ensued Riel established a provisional government at Fort Garry, the site of the present city of Winnipeg, and assumed command of the rebel forces. Riel's rapid rise and supremacy was distasteful to a number of the inhabitants of the territory, and an unsuccessful effort was made to overthrow him. Riel seized Thomas Scott, a loyalist to the Canadian Government, charged him with complicity in the revolt and condemned him to death. Scott was shot and his body placed in an ordinary pine coffin alongside of a grave in the stockade of the fort. Some three hours after Riel, accompanied by a Major Robinson, went out to look at the body. Riel in a boastful manner was rehearsing to Robinson the facts connected with Scott's case. When they heard the coffin they heard Scott's feeble voice groaning in agony and calling for some one for God's sake to kill him and put him out of misery. Both Riel and Robinson had supposed him dead. Robinson grew faint and sick at heart, and, turning on his heel, returned to the fort. Not so Riel. He advanced to the coffin, but what he did he is the only living man who knows. Robinson and the people in the fort heard several pistol shots in rapid succession, and the natural supposition is that those shots silenced poor Scott forever and answered his prayer for death. Riel, like most Frenchmen, was a Catholic; Scott was a Protestant. When the news of Scott's death, with the prominent part Riel had played in it, got abroad it incensed the Protestants all over the Dominion. The Orangemen imputed Riel's action to religious fanaticism and a cry went up for his head. The incident did much to intensify the bitterness already existing between the two religious denominations, and there is never an Orangeman's turn out or meeting to this day but what SCOTT'S NAME IS MENTIONED as that of a martyr and threats of vengeance are uttered.

"Sir Garnet Wolesley was dispatched against Riel on what has since become somewhat famous as the 'Red River Expedition.' When Wolesley arrived at Fort Garry it was deserted and Riel had fled across the line to Montana. The general supposition at the time was that he had been paid by Sir John Macdonald to leave the country in order to avoid bloodshed. The Government banished Riel for five years and he taught school in Montana until the ensuing winter when Sir John granted him amnesty, and he returned to Manitoba, and was elected to the Canadian Parliament from the province of Provencahls. The Orangemen were indignant at the lenient manner in which Riel was treated and laid for him on his arrival at Ottawa to take the oath as a member of Parliament, with the avowed intention of killing him. The whole town was in a ferment and excitement ran to a high pitch. Riel sneaked into town without detection, and remained in hiding two days until the opening of Parliament. On the opening day the galleries were packed with a crowd of angry, excited men, fully 600 of whom were armed with knives and revolvers. Had Riel appeared, he certainly would never have escaped alive. He was introduced privately to swear, and took the oath of allegiance secretly, immediately thereafter, taking communion at the French Cathedral. Through the efforts of Archbishop Taschе, Riel was again got out of the country. This time it was openly charged that Sir John had paid Riel for leaving out of the secret service fund. Riel settled in Montana, about seventy-five miles south of the boundary line, and returned to his old occupation as a school teacher. Nothing further was heard of him until during the present outbreak, when a deputation of half-breeds, headed by Marion Lepine, his old lieutenant in the Red River rebellion, waited upon him and requested him to return to supreme control of their forces and interests. Riel is looked up to by them as the only leader they have, and he can do as he pleases with them. There is no doubt in my mind that if Sir John desires, Riel can be bought off again."

ONLY thirty-two hours to New York via Vandalia Line. No change of cars.

A SELF-RELIANT LITTLE WOMAN.

Annie Koppel, the Immigrant, and Her Young Charges.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—A little blue-eyed, flaxen-haired girl formed the head of a very juvenile procession that filed into Castle Garden from an emigrant barge yesterday morning. The little girl was Annie Koppel, 11 years old. She turned around every now and then and gazed solicitously at the rest of the procession, made up of Martha Koppel, aged 7, Hans Koppel, aged 5, and 2-year-old Katie Koppel. A big bewhiskered German picked up Katie and set her on one of his mighty shoulders. Katie was delighted, but Annie looked up in alarm and cried to the big German, "Be careful! You will let the child fall."

"Never fear, little mother," said the big German, stooping down and stroking Annie's hair with his disengaged hand. The broad, fatherly smile that shone through the big German's whiskers reassured Annie, and she returned to her place at the head of the line. Annie stepped in front of the recording clerk, and told him her name and the names of the rest of the procession. She showed tickets to St. Louis, and said she was going there to meet her mother.

"How much money have you got?" asked the clerk.

"None," replied Annie.

"What are you and the babies going to live on before you get to St. Louis?"

Annie said she thought St. Louis was ONLY A LITTLE WAY from Castle Garden, and that she wouldn't need anything until she got there. Then she calmly asked: "How much would be required to feed the children and me?" until they reached St. Louis.

Somebody said: "About $2."

Annie corrugated her white brow, thought a moment, and asked the clerk if he would lend her $2, saying she would give him a receipt for it and send the money back when she got to her mother. The clerk gave her the money, and, when she had the money, she made out a receipt, to which she attached her signature in a clear, business-like hand. She put the money in her pocket, turned around and smiled on her smaller companions, and said: "Come on, children," and the procession moved no.

FIRED BY AN INCENDIARY.

The Cattle Plague—Whipped Her Brother-in-law—Missouri Matters.

SPRINGFIELD, April 6.—H. S. Bennet's cooper shop was fired by an incendiary yesterday. The loss is estimated at $1,000; insured for $700.

MEXICO, April 6.—A terrible combat took place here yesterday between a woman and her brother-in-law, in which the latter was terribly cut and the former battered with a club.

JEFFERSON CITY, April 6.—Gov. Marmaduke has telegraphed Gov. Martin of Kansas requesting him not to quarantine against this State on account of pleuro-pneumonia among cattle.

MARSHALL, April 6.—A meeting of cattlemen held here for the purpose of devising methods of stamping out the cattle plague is in favor of petitioning Gov. Marmaduke to call an extra session of the Legislature to make appropriations toward that end.

JOPLIN, April 6.—A little boy named Brewer accidentally shot himself yesterday, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

308 MILES OF SOLID COMFORT.

The Wabash Puts Elegant Sleeping and Parlor Cars on the St. Joseph Short Line.

The Wabash people have just received a lot of elegant new Pullman Combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars, which are undoubtedly the most comfortable and magnificent ever built. The combination car is one of the latest novelties in passenger equipment and has proved wonderfully popular wherever introduced. As usual the Wabash route is the first St. Louis road to appreciate and use them, and they are now running daily between this city and St. Joseph over the popular Wabash Short Line. The train leaves the Union Depot daily at 5:25 p. m., and arrives at St. Joseph at 10:05 next morning, connecting with trains for the West and North. Berths and chairs can be secured at Wabash ticket office, corner of Fourth and Pine streets, or at the Union Depot.

An Inducement to Parents.

To induce parents to attend our grand spring opening, we offer 1,000 children's blue flannel suits at $1 each this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

THROWN FROM A PORCH.

Death in a Coal Mine—Murderer and Horse Thief—Illinois Items.

ROCKFORD, April 6.—In a quarrel yesterday between Jeremiah Wayland and John Bartlett at the residence of the latter, Wayland was thrown from a porch, striking on a heap of stones fifteen feet below. His injuries are fatal and Bartlett has been arrested. The residence of Nelson Judd burned last night. Loss $2,000; insured in full.

ROCK ISLAND, April 6.—Miss Amanda Olmstead, of Moline, committed suicide last night. The cause of the trouble was a young man of the town whom she had loved to her sorrow.

CASEYVILLE, April 6.—John Beackly, of the Alma coal mines, while oiling the ropes of the head-gearing accidentally slipped and fell to the bottom of the shaft, killing him instantly.

PEORIA, April 6.—Adam Forden, a coal miner, 33 years of age, was killed by the falling of a bowlder in the roof of the mine.

SALEM, April 6.—Edward Jones, who shot and killed Andy Finley here in 1879, was brought here last night from Springfield, Mo., where he had been arrested for horse-stealing.

MONMOUTH, April 6.—Edward Nash, an insane boy, repeatedly shot and killed his mother and sister yesterday.

LASALLE, April 6.—The body of Wm. Wren was found on the track of the Rock Island road yesterday. His skull had been crushed and it is an undoubted case of murder, but there is no clew to the perpetrator.

LINCOLN, April 6.—John Scully, son of Lord Scully, of England, died here yesterday. He was a large landholder here.

QUINCY, April 6.—A young man named Holms, aged 19, fell from a C., B. & Q. freight train and had a leg crushed, making amputation necessary. Geo. Brokan and H. O. Sanders were fatally injured by a premature blast at the Rockport lime kilns.

PANA, April 6.—Charles McKillup, an unmarried young coal miner, and the main support of a widowed mother, was seriously, perhaps fatally, crushed by falling slate at the Pana coal mine.

PALMER, April 6.—Hueffner & Gordon, of St. Louis, are about to erect large flouring mills at this place. They will be the largest in Central Illinois.

SHELBYVILLE, April 5.—Rev. H. S. Gordon has accepted a call to the Hawaiian Islands.

BLOOMINGTON, April 6.—Conrad Rauble, a well-to-do farmer, is missing and it is thought he has committed suicide, as his conduct has been noticeably strange of late.

GALENA, April 6.—Another lead mine, pronounced one of the richest ever discovered in this region, has been opened on the farm of C. E. Sanders.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Miss Ada C. Swift, Pension Agent of this District, has refused to resign at the request of Commissioner Black. She has performed her duties in a thoroughly satisfactory manner, and says she may be removed but will not resign.

CENTRALIA, April 6.—The iron and nail works located here have quit operation. They will reopen when trade improves.

Confirmation Suits Lower Than Ever.

To begin our grand spring opening, 500 boys' full black diagonal suits, such as are sold by competing houses for $15, will be offered at $7 50; 500 boys' black suits, cheaper grades, at $3 50 and $3 50 this week, at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

TO SECURE accommodations on Vandalia Line fast trains to New York and the East, call at 100 N. Fourth street. Only thirty-two hours to New York.

Bargains in Hats.

1,000 dozen boys' good hats, sold in hat stores at $1, will go for 25 cents; 50 dozen men's and boys' nobby soft and stiff hats, held by hatters at $1 50, will go for 50 cents. Base balls with every boy's hat at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

DIED.

Marriage and death notices will be inserted at the rate of twenty-five cents for three lines.

LYNAM—On Sunday, April 5, 1885, at 9 o'clock p. m. GEORGE, son of Peter W. and Ellen Lynam, aged 8 years. The funeral will take place Tuesday, 7th inst., at 1:30 o'clock p. m., from family residence, 2931 Glasgow avenue, to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

HESTER—On Sunday April 5, at 4 p. m., JAMES HESTER, aged 47 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 717 Montrose avenue, on Tuesday, the 7th inst., at 2 p. m., to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

The deceased was a member of St. Malachy's Branch, 133, C. K. A.

AMUSEMENTS.

STANDARD THEATER.
The Great LORELLAS in MISHAPS.
10.20.30.
Next week, Miss Fanny Louise Buckingham in "MAEEFFA."

POPE'S. ISENSTEIN'S GERMAN DRAMATIC CO.
To-Night—Der Raub der Sabinerinnen.
Tuesday, Das Grosse Glocker. Wednesday Matinee, Das Bosse Fraulein. ALL WEEK—Matinees Wednesday and Saturday. Change of bill every night.
Saturday night, McCullough Club in Hamlet Revamped. Sunday, April 12, Minnie Madern in Caprice.

EXPOSITION
ROLLER SKATING RINK.
Three Sessions Daily.
Morning, 9 to 12. Afternoon, 2 to 5.
Evening, 7 to 10:30.
Livingston Brothers,
The Greatest Bicycle Combination,
will give their unique and refined exhibition of Fancy and Trick Riding every evening at 8.
Don't forget the date, April 14—AGINTON.

SPRING STYLES
CARPETINGS AND CURTAINS
We have received all the Newest and Handsomest Patterns designed for the Season, and will place on sale
MONDAY, APRIL 6,
150 PIECES WILTON CARPETS,
(English and American.)
200 PIECES MOQUETTE CARPETS,
200 PIECES VELVET CARPETS,
(English and American.)
500 PIECES BODY BRUSSELS CARPETS,
(English and American.)
1,000 PIECES TAPESTRY BRUSSELS CARPETS,
(English and American.)
And all the Cheaper Grades of Carpetings in Great Variety. The Patterns are NEW AND BEAUTIFUL.
We also announce that our
CURTAIN DEPARTMENT
Now in charge of MR. JOHN W. HOSIE, contains the most Beautiful Goods ever shown in this city, comprising the Latest Novelties in
BRUSSELS LACE CURTAINS, NTOTINGHAM LACE CURTAINS,
ANTIQUE LACE CURTAINS, TURCOMAN WINDOW CURTAINS,
SWISS LACE CURTAINS, TURCOMAN PORTIERE CURTAINS,
SILK MADRAS CURTAINS.
Indeed, everything which should be found in a First-Class Curtain Department.
We ask all persons who desire to purchase Floor Coverings or Window Furnishings of any quality, the most expensive, medium or cheapest grades, to examine the goods we are offering and ascertain prices before placing their orders.
We are the Largest Importers of English Carpetings in the United States, and are selling either English or American manufactured materials at prices which can not be undersold. We ask an opportunity to show you what we can do in quality, style and price.
J. KENNARD & SONS
CARPET COMPANY,
420 and 422 NORTH FOURTH STREET

Tongaline
TRADE MARK
FOR THE CURE OF
NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM AND NERVOUS HEADACHE
TONGA is a product of the Tonga or Friendly Islands, where it has long been used as a valuable remedy by the natives.
Tongaline is a compound of Tonga with other ingredients whose curative properties have been thoroughly tested.
Tongaline is taken internally, and produces no unpleasant effects.
It contains no Opium or Morphine
FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.
A. A. MELLIER, Sole Proprietor, 709 and 711 WASHINGTON AVENUE, ST. LOUIS.

Am convinced, after testing it, that TONGALINE possesses decided and marked curative properties in Rheumatic Neuralgia, and also in Muscular Rheumatism.—WALTER COLES, M. D., St. Louis, Mo.
Have tested TONGALINE in several cases of Neuralgia. It has given me perfect satisfaction.—C. B. GETTRAUER, M. D., Fairbury, Ill.
Have used TONGALINE in Neuralgia and Inflammatory Rheumatism, with the very best results.—J. W. PAGE, M. D., Vandercook, Ill.

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC.
To-night and during the week. Only Matinee Saturday. Return of the
McCaull Opera Comique Company
In the Universally Popular Opera.
FALKA!
Monday, April 13.—Fanny Davenport in FEDORA.

BROADWAY & TREYSER'S.
NEW DIME MUSEUM.
North Sixth street, near Franklin av.
JAMES A. BARNES, sole Manager.
Entire Change of Bill.
ENGAGEMENT OF THE FAMOUS
8—IRISH MIDGET TRIPLETS—8
ENTIRE NEW STAGE SHOW.
Open daily from 1 to 10 p. m. One dime, 10 cents, admits to the Museum and Theaterium combined.

AMUSEMENTS.

PEOPLE'S THEATER.
To-Night, All Week, Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.
The romantic young actor BYRON, supported by the charming actress MISS KATE BYRON and the famous Byron Combination in the great American historical play, HERO, or the Loves of Mount Shasta, love, war and adventure. Grand march of the troops, accompanied by a full military brass band. The Great Fire Scene and the Exciting Battle Scene, with over 200 people engaged.
Next week—Henry Chanfrau in Kit, the Arkansas Traveler.

PALACE THEATER,
Corner Seventh and Elm sts.
The Only First-Class Variety Entertainment in the City.
Admission, 10c, 15c and 25c. Matinees Sunday and Friday.

STAR ROLLER RINK,
Nineteenth and Pine Streets.
POLO!! POLO!! POLO!!
ST. LOUIS vs. GALESBURG.
Best amateur team in America. To-night and Tuesday. Admission, 25 cents.

AMUSEMENTS.

Fair Ground and Zoological Garden.
OPEN EVERY DAY.
Rented for Picnics and Festivals at
REDUCED RATES.

CASINO!
MATINEE TUESDAY at 2:40.
Ladies' and Children's Matinees
TUESDAY, THURSDAY, SATURDAY.....25 cts
EVERY EVENING,
MURPHY & MACK'S
Comedy 4 Company, and
MOORE & HOLMES'
EUROPEAN IMPORTATIONS.
MARIE LOFTUS, PATRICK FEENEY, MURPHY & MACK, FRANK LEWIS, BILLY CARTER, THE JEROMES, SATSUMA, GEORGE SHANSON,
In a grand Specialty Entertainment, concluding with the hit of the season,
MURPHY'S DREAM.

7th ANNUAL
ELKS' BENEFIT
FOR THE
BENEVOLENT FUND!
Will Take Place at the
OLYMPIC THEATER,
Thursday Matinee,
APRIL 9.
Combined Attractions of all the Theaters.
The Great Dramatic Event
OF THE SEASON.
Box Office now open for the selection of Reserved Seats.
Reserved Seats.....$1
Balcony, except first 3 rows.....1
General Admission.....
Gallery.....

BRANCH OFFICES.

1500 CHOUTEAU AV.—H. F. A. Spliker. 2700 CHOUTEAU AV.—W. E. Krueger. 2901 MARKET ST.—St. L. Pharmacy Co. 1515 OLIVE ST.—Exposition Pharmacy. 3340 OLIVE ST.—M. Mahoney. 1018 GARRISON AV.—Blechly's Pharmacy. 2631 GAMBLE ST.—Braun's Pharmacy. 1106 N. SIXTEENTH ST.—John F. Howe. 1854 CASS AV.—Benj. Parent's. 1559 S. JEFFERSON AV., cor. Lafayette—Harris & Smith. 1838 PARK AV.—J. Callaghan. 2100 SIDNEY ST.—Ed. Dufour. 1501 BENTON ST.—Otto Sutta. 2635 N. BROADWAY.—Bremen Drug Store. 3119 S. BROADWAY.—Otto A. Karnatz. EAST ST. LOUIS, op. Post Office—Oscar F. Kresse. BELLEVILLE, ILL., (Chandler Building)—Knercher & Stolberg.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST OFFICE address.

Our Want Advertisements.

The Post-Dispatch, with the largest circulation in the city of St. Louis, offers advertising in its Want Columns at lower rates than any other paper.

Situations Wanted, three lines for ten cents.

Help Wanted, Board, Boarders, Houses or Rooms Wanted, five cents a line.

Marriage and Death Notices, three lines for twenty-five cents.

Personals, ten cents a line.

Above rates are for solid agate. Full rates will be charged for display.

Advertisements for each day's issue must reach the office not later than 1 p. m.

LODGE NOTICES.

GOLDEN CROWN LODGE, No. 62, K. of P. will hold a stated convention at their Castle Hall, s. e. cor. Franklin av. and 11th st., on Tuesday evening, 7th inst., at 8 o'clock: resident members are urged to attend, as matters of interest to all will come before the lodge. Visiting knights fraternally invited. By order of

M. F. FORSYTHE, C. C.

Attest. M. H. BECK, K. of R. and S.

CORNER STONE LODGE, No. 328, A. F. & A. M. will hold a stated communication this (Monday) evening, at 8 o'clock at Freemasons' Hall, 10 w. cor. 4th and Olive sts. Visiting brethren fraternally invited.

M. A. O'KEEFFE, W. M.

LEWIS A. J. LIPPERT, Secretary.

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS OF Wingenund Lodge, No. 27, I. O. O. F., are requested to attend regular meeting this evening; installation of officers and other important business; sister lodges cordially invited.

W. G. STEWART, N. G.
GEO. W. GRAYSON, Rec. Sec.

DESOTO LODGE No. 90, I. O. O. F., meets Tuesday evening, March 31, 9th and Olive. Election of officers and other important business. Speech by Otto Peterson, P. G.

HENRY KORZENDORFER, N. G.
KELLY R. CHANDLER, Sec.

PARAGON Hall for rent. Corner 7th and Olive sts. Apply to 104 N. 7th st.

FOR RENT—Large hall, every Friday, S. E. cor. 11th st. and Franklin av. 133

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 36

WANTED—Situation by young man as assistant book-keeper or office clerk. N 25, this office. m36

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—A position by young man as salesman or collector; can furnish first-class city references. 807 N. 11th st. m37

WANTED—A situation by a young man for general office work; salary no object. Ad. A. D. Martin, 2611 Lucas av. m87

WANTED—Situation in a dry goods house, wholesale or retail, by a young man just out of employment; would be willing to work one week on trial, without compensation; best refs. S 24, this office. m37

Coachmen and Drivers.

WANTED—Situation as coachman by married man; no children; wife good cook. Inquire at Van Blaricom's, 2 N. 7th st. m36

WANTED—A place in private family as coachman. Frank Linghan, 1235 Morgan st. m39

The Trades.

WANTED—Situation by a practical carpenter; competent to act as foreman or superintendent. Ad. O 22, this office. 44

WANTED—Situation by a butcher of 25 years' experience. Ad. 1002 Pine st. m33

WANTED—Young man who can do some house painting; 2 weeks' work. Ad. W 25, this office. 138

Cooks.

WANTED—A young German man wants a situation as cook; best ref. Louis Kirsch, 1004 Pine st. m40

WANTED—Situation by a first-class confectioner, or as head pastry cook; highly satisfactory references given. Ad. Geo. Kloberg, 1509 S. 9th st. m40

Boys.

WANTED—A boy with about 2 years' experience in drug business wishes a permanent position. K 25, this office. m42

WANTED—By boy of 16, any kind of employment; can give best of ref. J. Hubler, 917 Madison st. 142

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A place by a young man to take care of horses; can milk and do most any kind of work. Ad. 117 S 8, this office. m43

WANTED—Situation by a competent man as porter, wash man or stockman; best of refs. Address C. Theret, 101 S. 17th st. m42

WANTED—Situation by a young man aged 21, as nail man, or restaurant cashier; ref. Fifth Avenue Hotel New York. Ad. T 24, this office. m43

WANTED—A situation by a young man in wholesale house, or is willing to work at most anything; best ref. given. P. H. Pears, 1116 Locust st. m43

WANTED—By a young man not afraid of hard work, and of energy and business experience, a position of some kind; will work on commission or small salary for advancement. K 26, this office. m45

WANTED—By a strong German man, 26 years of age, situation of any kind of work; is willing to work steady. Ad. F. F. 1014 Russell av. 143

WANTED—Young man would like a situation in private family or where he can make a living. J. S., 2230 Pine st. m46

WANTED—A man of 30, willing to worx, wishes a situation as porter, janitor, or any kind of work where he can make an honest living. Ad. M. H., 210 Olive st., room 42. m46

WANTED—A place as waiter in hotel or restaurant. Call at 24 S. 20th st. m43

WANTED—A young man who is not afraid to work wishes a position of any kind. W. J. Richardson, 1238 Clark av. m48

WANTED—$3 to party finding young man situation as timekeeper or other office work in iron or other works. O 23, this office. 143

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 42

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

FAMILIES supplied with the best brands of wines and liquors at 820 Walnut st. Telephone 708. 83

CHEW Silver Tag Plug. It's fruit flavored. Tags redeemed at 1c each. Ask your dealer for it. 38

WANTED—Two young men on our lines in this city to learn telegraphing and take office paying $75 to $100 per month. Apply to superintendent immediately. Union Telegraph Co., 301 N. 3rd st.; take elevator. 43

The Trades.

WANTED—A cribber pressman, for general job work. Ramsey, Millett & Hudson, Kansas City, Mo.

WANTED—Stove mounters at the Western Stove Foundry, 9th and Dock st. 128

WANTED—Twenty cabinetmakers or coachworkers by the Litchfield Car and Machine Co., Litchfield, Ill.

CHEW Silver Tag Plug. It does not taint the breath. Tags redeemed at 1c each by the dealers. 38

WANTED—Card cutter; none but experienced need apply. Graham Paper Co. 96

WANTED—A carriage painter, or good boy. Bill Market st. m36

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

MONEY to loan on all personal property from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 36

Laborers.

WANTED—20 good trackmen for Chicago and Alton Railway, to leave Tuesday morning; free fare. Apply at once at 321 Walnut street. m39

Boys.

WANTED—A boy from 16 to 17 in a butcher-shop. Ap. 1184 Hickory st. m51

WANTED—Twenty boys at St Louis Union office, 823 Market st.; call this afternoon. m41

WANTED—Office boy to address circulars; wages $3 per week; address in own handwriting. W 34, this office. m51

WANTED—A bright, intelligent boy, about 18 years of age, to learn artists' material business; one with experience in stationery or fancy goods preferred. Apply S. e. cor. 6th and Olive sts. m51

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A porter to work in a saloon. Call with good reference at 322 Walnut st. m37

WANTED—2 or 3 good farm hands near Creve Cœur Lake. R. H. Stevens. 162

CHEW Silver Tag Plug. It will not give you heartburn. Tags redeemed at 1c each by the dealer. 62

WANTED—2 live, energetic men at once for city; big pay; no risk. R 18, this office. m52

THE best meal in the city for the money, 15c, can be had at the Original Good Cheer Restaurant, 816 Morgan st. Stevenson & Maloney, proprietors. Furnished rooms. 167

DRAWING for shoes, or for patents; also, drawing and its application to the trades taught, night or day. Geo. Crehore, 814 Vine st. 62

MONEY to loan on guns and pistols from $1 to $10,000 at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

WANTED—Situation in office as assistant to bookkeeper, copyist, cashier or assistant cashier, or housekeeper, by young lady, highly educated and good hand-writer; ref. req. and given. Address M 100, this office. 44

Stenographers.

WANTED—A situation as stenographer; understands telegraphy and type-writing. Ad. P 20, this office. m45

WANTED—A situation as stenographer; understands telegraphy and type-writing. Ad. P 20, this office. m40

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—Situation in a family as seamstress or housekeeper. M 24, this office. 146

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By a competent middle-aged lady a position as housekeeper for widower or bachelor. Ad. E. K., 1402 Olive st. m47

WANTED—Refined young widow wishes to keep house for widower, or will work in small family. Apply at 734 N. 15th st. 147

WANTED—Lady with best references wishes position as housekeeper in city or country. Ad. W 36, this office. 147

General Housework.

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States, to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

HAVE your Wringers repaired at factory; common roll $1 50; patent roll $2 00. Work called for and delivered free. Special discount to the trade. Wringers from $2 50 to $7 00. Wm. G. Willard, 718 S. 8th st. 43

WANTED—By competent girl, situation to sew and help in housework or children; best of ref. Call at 3524 Clark av. m48

WANTED—Situation by a woman to do general housework for a small family. 811 N. 12th st. m48

WANTED—A situation by a girl to do housework or general housework in a small family; call for two days at 2210½ O'Fallon st.; no postals answered. m48

Cooks.

WANTED—Situation by German girl; 1st-class cook; ref. given. Call Monday, 1234 N. 18th st. m49

WANTED—By a middle-aged woman, situation to cook and do housework. Call at 1918 Franklin av., up stairs. m49

WANTED—A respectable woman would like to get a situation as cook and help with general housework. Please call at 1446 Warren st. m49

Nurses.

WANTED—By a neat, tidy colored girl, situation as nurse or to do light housework. Call at 1107 Morgan st. m50

Laundresses.

WANTED—A woman wishes a situation to wash out by the day. Ad. or call at 900 4th st. m51

WANTED—By a colored woman, washing to take home; ref. given. 1838 Gay st., up-stairs. m51

WANTED—By r young colored man, 29 years of age, to do laundry work; seven years' experience; good ref. Ad. H. D., s. e. cor. King's Highway and Easton av.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by German girl to do dining room work. Ad. J 25, this office. m52

WANTED—A place to learn the tailor trade by a girl who has worked at the business. Address Miss Mack, 2815 Chouteau av. m52

WANTED—By a good woman, a place to wash and iron or house-clean. Please call the first of the week, 123 S. Channing av. m52

WANTED—By a woman, place by the day or week, to come home in the evening, for washing, ironing or housekeeping. Ap. at 1217 N. new 16th st. m52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

WANTED—Two young ladies on our lines in this city to learn telegraphing and take offices; paying $75 to $100 per month. Apply to Superintendent immediately, Union Telegraph Company, 301 N. 3d st.; take elevator. 43

Clerks and Saleswomen.

NEXT shorthand class begins April 6; tuition $5 per month. Barnes & Hayward, 506 Olive st. m33

Housekeepers.

WANTED—Mrs. Minnie Teel to call at Post Office for letter. w65

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework; only three in family; must be a first-class cook and come well recommended; wages no object for a neat, competent and reliable girl. Apply at 2731 Adams st. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 408 Montrose av. m66

WANTED—A girl for housework; good wages; at 1023 Morgan st. m66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at 3.03 Easton av m66

WANTED—Two good German girls for general housework; private family. 704 Olive st., rooms 3 and 4.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply with ref. at 2200 Eugenia st. m66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework, immediately, at 1301 Franklin av. (shoe store). m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 3677 Finney av. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; German preferred. Apply at 1300 Lucas av. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and take care of children. Call at once at 1408 N. Park place.

WANTED—By a young girl, situation as house-girl. Ap. 2032 Market st. m48

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in a small family. Corner Vandeventer and St. Ferdinand avs. Mrs. P. D. Sage.

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 3627 Cook av.; German preferred. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and take care of children. Call at once at 1408 N. Park place.

WANTED—By a young girl, situation as house-girl. Ap. 2032 Market st. m48

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in a small family. Corner Vandeventer and St. Ferdinand avs. Mrs. P. D. Sage.

WANTED—Girl for general housework at 3627 Cook av.; German preferred. m66

WANTED—Girl for general housework and take care of children. Call at once at 1408 N. Park place.

WANTED—At once—First-class colored or German woman for general housework; two in family; good wages. 1008 Pine st. m66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; must know how to cook; good wages; German or Swede preferred; references required. 2709 Geyer av., near 18th and Lafayette av. m66

Laundresses.

WANTED—A girl for laundry work. Conway's, 6th and Walnut sts. m67

WANTED—Good laundress for two days' work; pay, $1 per day. Apply at 4004 Washington av. m67

WANTED—Competent laundress at 2704 Chestnut st. m67

Cooks.

WANTED—Experienced girl to cook, wash and iron for small family. 2301 Franklin av. m68

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—A forewoman, thoroughly competent to take charge of our dressmaking department. Ad. Lock Box 171, Columbia, Mo. w69

Nurses.

WANTED—A neat German girl from 12 to 14 years old to make herself useful around the house and to assist in care of baby. Call at 2219 St. Charles st. m79

WANTED—Nurse girl, with reference, willing to leave city for summer; one about 18 years of age preferred. Apply at 3613 Chestnut st., bet. 10 a. m. and 12 m.

WANTED—Situation as wet nurse. Address 1407 N. 12th st. m70

WANTED—A girl about 12 or 14 years old to take care of a 5-year old child. Apply at 25 S. 6th st. m70

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Young girl 14 to 16 years old to assist at housework and take care of children. 2944 Thomas st. 671

WANTED—A good honest girl without a home can find a good place with fair wages, by addressing L 34, this office. 71

WANTED—Good girl at 2022 Morgan st. Call this evening. m71

GOOD girls wanting first-class situations can get them at any time by calling at 1921 Geyer av. Mrs. Hartz.

WANTED—Shoe stitchers; one first-class stitcher and one first-class paster. Rowan Bros., 1128 and 1128 N. 3d st., 2d floor. m71

WANTED—Ladies, something entirely new, perfectly simple and easy; no photograph painting, no glass; ladies and young girls in city or country can earn from $15 to $20 per week; work sent by mail and furnished all the year round; distance no objection; no canvassing; no stamp required for reply. Address Empire Manufacturing Co., Box 5138, Boston, Mass. 71

WANTED—First-class shirt makers; plenty of work; good pay; we furnish steam power to run all machines. Ad. T. R. Boyd & Co., 309 N. 4th st. 71

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen at once in city, town, or village, to hang light, pleasant work at their own homes (distance no objection). Work sent by mail; can be done during leisure hours or as steady employment; $2 to $3 a day can be quietly made; no canvassing. For full information please address Globe Manuf'g Co., 153 Milk st., Boston, Mass., box 5,944. 71

DRESSMAKING.

LADIES will find it to their interest to call upon MISS LONG, 2930 Lucas av., before ordering spring wardrobe; special attention given to ladies' tailor-made garments; satisfaction guaranteed in style, fit and finish.

LADIES, remove your pimples, freckles or sunburn by using Bloom of Beauty. Price 25c. Ask your druggist.

AGENTS WANTED.

$3000, SALARY AND COMMISSION

to competent business manager for (this) STATE GENERAL AGENCY (controlling number of local agencies) for exclusive sale of our improved machines. Rank with the telephone. Over 7,000 in service. Indorsed by highest mercantile, corporate and expert authorities. Over 50 agencies established paying from 50 to 100 per cent on investment every 60 days. Sales in in New York City approximating $500 per day. Aggregating sales, over $50,000 for January, 1885. Applicants must furnish first-class credentials, and deposit from $1,000 to $5,000 cash security—not bonds—for goods in their possession.

THE NATIONAL G. S. CO.
21 East Fourteenth Street,
NEW YORK.
s73

WANTED—Agents to sell electric scarf pin; great novelty; perfect incandescent lamp, pocket battery, weight only ten ounces; price complete, $3. New York Toy Co. Live agents wanted. Richard Garvey, manager, 14 Howard st., New York City. m13

WANTED—First-class shirt canvassers for city and country. Wm. Robinson & Co., 908 Olive st. 173

AGENTS wanted to collect small family pictures to be enlarged and painted by a new process in water colors; all portrait, at one tenth the cost of old style paintings; all pictures taken non-reversed; samples free. For catalogues address Friedman & Co., Martinsburg, Mo. 73

WANTED—Men; any man or woman making less than $40 per week should investigate our easy money-making business. We offer energetic people the best chance on earth to make money; $4 samples free to those meaning business. An agent writes: "Your plan brings the money quickest of any I ever tried. Ad. with stamp for papers, B. F. Merrill & Co., Chicago, Ill. 73

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—A competent instructor for the stage may find 2 young lady pupils by addressing S 18, this office. m75

PROFESSIONAL.

RUPTURE!

Dr. Sharman, the celebrated specialist in the treatment and permanent cure of rupture, may be consulted at his St. Louis office, Granite Building, elevator entrance 314 Market, above Fourth street. Further treatment should call at once. Stay limited, this trip, to Saturday, April 11. s54

DR. J. L. FITZPORTER—Offices Nos. 305 S. 14th st. and 827 S. 7th st. Female and chronic diseases specialties.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—Board and furnished room in a refined family by a single gentleman; price must be moderate. Ad., stating price, R 26, this office. m19

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

MONEY to loan on jewelry from $1 to $10,000, at S. Van Raalte's loan office, 12 S. 4th st. 20

HOUSES. ROOMS. ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—By April 15 or May 1, two rooms and kitchen, unfurnished, for light housekeeping for young man and wife; no children; rent must be moderate to a permanent and prompt-paying tenant; cottage preferred; man who will take very best care of house. Address, with price, O 24, this office. m21

WANTED—A furnished room for transient use in a quiet neighborhood; state price and locality. Ad. F 25, this office. m21

WANTED—Two neatly furnished connecting rooms in quiet locality, convenient to street cars; Soulard addition preferred. Address, stating price and location, A 25, this office. t21

WANTED—One fur. front room in a private family where no other roomers are. Ad. 606 Gratiot st.

WANTED—By a family of three adults, two unfurnished rooms in good neighborhood; state price and locality; permanent if suited. Ad, C 24, this office, m21

WANTED—By a family of three adults, small furnished house for the summer, in good locality. Ad. D 25, this office. m21

WANTED—A girl who expects to work in a factory wants furnished room where there are other working girls. Ad. B 23, this office. m23

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To exchange a peddling wagon for a light spring wagon. Ap. 110 N. 11th st. 124

BOOKS.

WANTED—10,000 stand books, new and old, law and medical, free. Dan Linahan, 4th and Howard sts.

DO not forget that all kinds of new books are sold at half price at Archer's, 515 Pine st.

EDUCATIONAL.

SIGNOR PANDOLFIN from Rome teaches the Italian language. Address, P. O. m29

FRANKLIN INSTITUTE—Select school for boys. Granite Building, Fourth and Market. 29

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 613 and 620 Olive st., established 1876. Trial free.

BARNES & HAYWARD'S Shorthand, Telegraph and Business College, 506 Olive st. 29

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Furniture, household goods, boxes, pianos; clean; careful handling; dry; low rates; loans made. R. U. Leonori, Jr. & Co., 1005 Olive st. 82

FURNITURE, pianos etc., stored; money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

BEST storage for furniture; clean, dry and lowest rates. Broisatz & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 84

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

$2 PER dozen for best Cabinet photos; $1 for best Ninette photos at White's New Gallery, 1324 Franklin av. Open all day Sunday.

WANTED—Second hand Indian for cigar store. Ad. N 24, this office. 126

WANTED—To buy a good second hand soda fountain. Address R 23, this office. w26

WANTED—A small safe with combination lock and inside door; state price. Ad. O 25, this office. 126

WANTED—The complete outfit of a 6 or 4-room house; it must be nice and cheap; state price. Address 4154½ N. Grand av. m26

HIGHEST prices paid for your cast-off clothing. Call on or address H. B. Cohn, 621 Morgan st. 26

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$15 Reward—Sunday, 5th, small morocco pocket-book, containing about $25 and several notes, payable to R. F. Kligen, 309 Pine st. m30

LOST—April 4, gold bar breastpin with three bangles and owner's name; liberal reward if returned to No. 3316 Franklin av. m30

LOST—Pocketbook containing papers, keys, and a few bills. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at 2117 Pine st. m30

LOST—Engineer's license, recommendations and $5. Return papers and keep money. J. E. Morrison, 1705 Grand av. m30

LOST—At the Exposition Rink Saturday night, a large 1 last set for ring. Finder will be rewarded by leaving at Pratt, Todd & Co., 939 Washington av. 130

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

WANTED—Situation desired by a well educated German girl; is competent to teach the German, as nursery governess or ladies' maid in family going to Europe; willing to work for no wages first; ref. Ad. H. T., 113 S. 3d st. m74

MRS. WILCUS, truest fortune-teller, 902 N. 12th st., bet. St. Charles and Washington avs., can be consulted on matters of love, business and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in 9 days; ladies received only.

MRS. LANKTON, Indian fortune teller, 108 N. 12th st., bet. Chestnut and Pine sts. 74

CAST-OFF clothing bought by S. Barnett, 219 Locust st. Send postal card. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature ten cents a line.

PERSONAL—The acquaintance of a young widow is desired by a young man. Address S 19, this office. m1

PERSONAL—The lady seen at matinee last Saturday, gold red hair, in company with lady friend, both wearing gray fur collars, met again crossing 6th and Washington avenue with gent holding her arm; would like to hear from her and tell me where to meet the lady in question; initials are J. H. T 26, this office. m1

PERSONAL—Mattie: F—A—B and the other just arrived; am sorry you did not see genuine; do not make yourself known. Dan. m1

PERSONAL—The young lady (brunette) who noticed gentleman sitting opposite in O'Fallon street car and who left car at 6th and Carr sts., the gentleman would be pleased to learn her address. Ad. L 25, this office. m1

PERSONAL—The lady in parquette circle who flirted so cleverly with one of two gentlemen at People's Theater Sunday night, with opera glasses and programme, will find a true friend in the gentleman who sat in the dress circle. Ad. M 25, this office. m1

PERSONAL—L. P. R.: Will see you to-day, after 5 o'clock, or to-morrow at 5 o'clock, at 7th and Walnut. M. F. R. m1

PERSONAL—Annex: For God's sake let us know where you are. Answer. Mother. m1

PERSONAL—An old gentleman with a good home, and lonesome, desires the acquaintance of a respectable old lady of some means; object, company; no triflers; German preferred. R 24, this office. m1

PERSONAL—The gentleman who called on Messrs. Geo. K. Hopkins & Co. this morning and inquired for Ray R. Mitchell can find him at the Moser Hotel. m1

PERSONAL—A Montana gent will find, wishes a lady correspondent. Richard Woolworth, Stanford P. O., Montana. m1

PERSONAL—Minnie H.: I want to see you; meet me at 9 this (Monday) evening at 9 o'clock on cor. 14th and Chestnut sts. Mrs. R. m1

MARTIN'S Shorthand and Type-writing College, 613 and 620 Olive st. Established 1876. Trial free.

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$250 for 2 or 3 months; 10 per cent interest; good security. T 20, this office. m28

ALL SORTS.

GASOLINE Stoves of all kinds repaired and altered into gas stoves. Send your order to Wm. Bliesner, 1925 Geyer av. 3

FOR FINE dress shoes made to measure of the best of French calf, patent and enameled leather, and fit guaranteed, at George Frisch, 606 Walnut st. 62

FRANK T. LUND, House and Sign Painter, 3519 Cass av. Orders by mail promptly attended to. 122

A THOUSAND chromo cards or envelopes for $1. Howard Scott, Printer, 1732 Franklin av. 82

P. HEAGEN, composition roofer, old roofs repaired with promptness. Office 615 Market st. Factory 1530 Morgan st. 32

PARROTS, singing birds, gold fish, bird cages, bird seed, mocking bird food, etc. A. Bohna, taxidermist, 216 N. 6th, op. Barr's.

HIGHEST cash price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Call or address D. A. Pereira, 614 Morgan. 32

FINANCIAL.

$25 AND UPWARDS loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN—$250 to $5,000 in sums to suit on T. CONZELMAN, real estate. 310 N. Third st. 31

$25 to $500 loaned on furniture, pianos and $50 to general households good in residence; also on horses and wagons; business confidential; no charge for making loan. F. W. Peters & Co., 701 Pine st. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; lowest rates; business confidential. 309 Morgan st. s31

MONEY loaned on household goods, pianos, etc., with out removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. J. H. Veste, Notary Public, 619 Chestnut. 31

MONEY TO LOAN

$100,000 in sums to suit, at lowest rates of interest, on St. Louis city real estate. Application promptly decided on. CAVENDER & ROBYSHE, 218 N. 8th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security. Parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1003 Morgan st. 31

MONEY LOANED—On furniture in residence; business confidential; no charge for making loan. Broisatz & Voorhis, 111 N. 6th st. 31

MONEY to loan on jewelry, guns, clothing, trunks, etc., from $25 to $10,000. S. Van Raalte, 12 S. 4th st. 31

MONEY TO LOAN.

$25,000, $10,000, $5,000, $2,000 on City and County real estate.

JOHN LADY No. 306 Olive st.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—Physician's property; present owner wishes to retire; the only regular physician in town of 800 inhabitants; will introduce successor to a practice worth $1,500 per year. Ad. D. C. Weitner, DeWitt, Mo. m2

BUSINESS WANTED.

WANTED—To buy a POST-DISPATCH route, at 909 O'Fallon st. m3

WANTED—A small grocery or bakery and confectionery with accommodations for small family. Ad. stating price and location. P 22, this offices. m3

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Restaurant and fixtures for sale cheap. Apply to Jesse Woods, 1110 Morgan st. m4

FOR SALE—Butcher business; great bargain; $350; all shop trade; fine chance; must sell at once as other business to look after. G 25, this office. t4

FOR SALE—Bar room and handball alley, n. w. corner Cass and Jefferson avs., opposite base-ball park, with lease of house. For particulars apply to H. Boesewetter, Stifel's Brewery, N. 14th and Howard sts. s4

FOR SALE—First-class lodging-house, very cheap. Apply to No. 15 S. 6th st. f4

FOR SALE—Confectionery and ice cream store, cor. 4th and Broadway, East St. Louis, Ill. 4

FOR SALE—Cheap; grocery store and lot, with stock fixtures, etc.; business established; rooms above store title perfect; warrantee deed. Call or ad. R. DeHoog, Kirkwood, St. Louis County, Mo. t4

FOR SALE—The oldest book, news and toy store on one of the principal thoroughfares in the city; must be sold soon. A 24, this office. t4

FOR SALE—Cheap, interest in a valuable patent; my object in selling is to get means to manufacture. Call or address, T. J., 815 Market st., up stairs. f4

FOR SALE—The well-known stove business of D. W. Waldecker, at 817 Franklin av., established in 1853; store for rent. 4

FOR SALE—No. 1 grocery; new clean stock and good trade; bargain if taken soon. Ad. B 20, this office.

FOR SALE—Cheap; if sold immediately, a No. 1 new cigar store; will be sold cheap for cash. 322 S. 14th st. m4

FOR SALE—For 20 days—The celebrated Perry Springs Hotel, Pike County, Ill., with its wonderful springs; 100 rooms and over 100 acres, at a low figure; after that, propositions will be received for leasing same. Ad. Edwin A. Wilson, Springfield, Ill.

FOR SALE—A 1 routes in excellent condition and good pay; one in southern part of city and the other in central; good investment; reason for selling given. Apply to Superintendent of Carriers, this office. 4

FOR SALE OR RENT—Hotel on Creve Cœur Lake containing 12 rooms; saloon doing a good business; first-class location for grocery; will take in part payment other property. Apply to G. E. Loring, 822 Chestnut st., room 1. 4

A THOUSAND business cards, bill-heads or statements for $1. HOWARD SCOTT, Printer, 1732 Franklin av

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—Fine shade trees, sycamore and maple; easy terms. Call at or address 512 Argyle av. or 3011 Gratiot st. All orders promptly attended to in any part of the city. m5

WANTED—A respectable German woman to take care of children. Apply 1407, N. 12th st. m5

FOR SALE—A tricycle, for lady or gentleman. For particulars Ad. S 26, this office. m5

FOR SALE—Three fresh grade Jersey cows. B. H. Stevens, M. D. Lake P. O., Mo. w12

WESTERN FANCIERS' AGENCY, 4142 Fairfax av., will buy, sell and exchange dogs, birds, poultry; wants Newfoundlands. m5

FOR SALE—One water spaniel dog. 2340 Clark av. m5

FOR SALE—The furniture, carpets and gas fixtures of a 16-room house; modern style and everything pertaining to a first-class dwelling; rent cheap. Apply for ten days to 2741 Morgan st. f5

COAL MARKET—Hall & Co., 2107 Morgan st.; 11 bushels $1, direct from the cars; send postals. 5

FOR SALE—Singer sewing machine, good running order. Mrs. Parsons, dressmaker, 1522 Olive st. s5

BOWERS is making the finest retouched cabinet photos in the city for $2 per doz., at 520 Franklin av. m5

NEW AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINES, 410 Morgan st. A. Jameson, Manager. m5

FOR SALE—1,000 shade trees, from $25 up. Now is your time to plant. Call at 1830 Blair av. s25

COME ONE! COME ALL!

and buy your household outfit on time payments at cash prices of the People's Furniture, Carpet and Stove Co., 210 and 212 N. 7th st., near Olive. m5

FOR SALE—A very fine forty-wheel child's buggy, in No 1 condition. Apply at No. 2200 N. Market st. s5

FOR SALE—Good kindling wood. Call or send postal to 1509 Spruce st.; $1 50 a load. 25

ONLY 25c Pack (52) Trick Playing Cards and directions, postpaid. Howard Scott, 1732 Franklin av. 5

CHEAPEST clothing in the city. Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

FOR trunks, mirrors, wringers and fixters go to Dunn's loan office, 912 Franklin av. 5

REMOVALS.

DR. WM. REILLY removed his residence from 1311 N. 10th st., to 2939 Cass av. 25

MUSICAL.

MY intention is, and has been, to do a strictly legitimate, honorable business, to make no misrepresentation about my stock; and to sell at the lowest price consistent with an honest profit. Miller, Guild, Hallett and Fease, and second-hand pianos always on hand. Cash or time; no interest. J. A. Reisenhorst, 1111 Olive st. 27

WANTED—A situation in brass band; solo, alto or French horn; player in string band. Apply 817 N. 7th st., in care of Mr. John Chrismans. w27

50 SECOND-HAND pianos wanted for cash, by C. Holtz, 1517 Franklin av. m27

WEBER

Pianos are known to be the best in the world. Western supply depot at H. Koerber's, 1108 Olive street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

206 S. FOURTEENTH ST.—Nicely furnished front parlor; also 2 rooms complete for light housekeeping. m18

314 CHESTNUT ST.—3 or 6 rooms on 3d floor, with water and closet and elevator for coal. m18 KEELEY & CO., 708 Pine st.

607 TWENTY-THIRD ST.—One door north of Washington av., a nicely furnished room, also 2 unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. t13

708 S. BROADWAY—Furnished rooms for light housekeeping; $8 and $10 a month; also 2 unfurnished. m13

716 OLIVE ST.—Splendid rooms, suitable for office or any other first-class business; furnished or unfurnished. Apply in photograph gallery. m13

806 OLIVE ST.—Opposite the Post Office, clean and neatly fur. rooms; every convenience, rent moderate. m18

809 MORGAN ST.—3 unfurnished rooms, 2d floor; price $12 per month. s13

813 WALNUT ST.—Two neatly furnished front rooms for gents. m13

1019 PINE ST.—New and elegantly furnished rooms in the flats just completed; for gentlemen only. s13

1113 WASHINGTON AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms convenient to good board. w13

1121 LOCUST ST.—Carefully kept and nicely furnished rooms to respectable parties only; terms moderate. s13

1300 WASHINGTON AV.—Elegantly furnished rooms; delightful location; gentlemen only; reference required. m13

1406 LUCAS PLACE—Comfortable rooms at moderate price. m13

1421 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms, southern exposure; all conveniences; private family. f13

1428 OLIVE ST.—Good woman to work in kitchen. Call to-day.

1513 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front rooms; so. ex.; gas and bath; for gents or gent and wife. t13

1520 S. SEVENTH ST.—Four large rooms, 2d floor, newly whitened and papered. m13

1521 MORGAN ST.—3 large, light rooms, so. ex.; 2 front rooms, $8; 1 front room fur., $5; 2 rooms unfur., $5. m13

1545 PAPIN ST.—3 pleasant unfur. rooms and bath; 2d floor; large yard; $11 to man and wife. m13

1659 COR. JEFFERSON AND LAFAYETTE AVS.—New five-room flats, second floor; hot and cold water. w13

2034 CHESTNUT ST.—One fur. front room; 2d floor. m13

2108 CHESTNUT ST.—Neatly furnished front parlor; convenient to board. m13

2116 CLARK AV.—Furnished rooms with board. m13

2224 WRIGHT ST.—3 rooms first floor; marble mantel, folding doors, water included; $11.

2334 OLIVE ST.—For rent on 1st and 3d floors, rooms fur. for gents; northern and southern exposure; rent moderate. m13

2626 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely fur. rooms; 2d story front; single or en suite; also front parlor. f13

2735 MORGAN ST.—Very desirable unfur. rooms; eastern and southern exposure; gas and bath; table board in same block. m13

2740 GAMBLE ST.—Four unfurnished rooms, all modern conveniences to small family without children; ref. req. m13

2802 18-19 CHOUTEAU AV.—Flats of 3 and 4 rooms; water and closets; $11, $17 and $14. Apply at 2800 Chouteau av. 13

2824 ADAMS ST.—Four nice rooms, with bath, etc. s13

2904 PINE ST.—One handsomely furnished front-story room, southern exposure, with board, suitable for one or two gentlemen; late dinner. t13

3004 LOCUST ST.—Second-story front room, with board; table-boarders desired; ref. ex.

3039 CLARK AV.—Furnished, a large front room, southern exposure; suited for two or three gents, or man and wife; light housekeeping; no other roomers; or two connecting rooms. t13

3212 OLIVE ST.—A very desirable suite of south rooms with first-class board; ref. ex. s13

3335 OLIVE ST.—2 rooms furnished single or en suit, no other ro

Barr's

WILL CONTINUE AS USUAL TO ADVERTISE NONE BUT BARGAIN GOODS!

And they will also continue to denounce the fraud perpetrated on the public in constantly advertising hundreds of articles AS BARGAINS that can be bought from any Reliable Dry Goods House at Lower Prices.

YOU CAN ALWAYS GO TO BARR'S AND FIND ALL GOODS AT LOWEST PRICES!

But be sure to go when they are offering Special Bargains, of which the following are samples, for their reputation is pledged that every article is from 20 to 50 per cent below its value. THERE CAN BE NO LEGITIMATE COMPETITION WITH SUCH A HOUSE.

45c
Yard for an ALL-WOOL TRICOT, 40 inches wide, and in all the new shades, will keep BARR'S Dress Goods salesmen busy for a few hours cutting up the 3,000 yards they own.

20c
Yard will buy four cases of ALL-LINEN PRINTED LAWNS, extra goods and choice patterns.
BARR'S do not keep trash. You will find them in Wash Dress and Fabric Department.

$1
For 10 yds Amoskeag A C A Feather Ticking is a Grand Bargain for every economical housekeeper in St. Louis. We will begin selling at 10 a. m. to-morrow, and agree to dispose of 10,000 yds.

$1.25
Yard will buy all of BARR'S New Importation in 22-INCH BLACK SATIN DUCHESSE, which they offer as a Rare Bargain.

$10
Each for 60 Elegant SATIN AND SILK WRAPS, handsome Lace Trimming and Passementerie.
All we have of these goods is offered this week.

15c
Yard for PERSIAN MULLS, which is the most elegant of all White Goods Fabrics, and is a Bargain sure at this price.

25c
Each for a lot of 60 doz RUFFLED and TUCKED DRAWERS and 30 doz CORD BAND CHEMISE.
This kind of bargain is soon bought up at BARR'S.

55c
Yard for 8-4 TABLE DAMASK, a Real Choice Article.
We have 1,500 yards, and will sell at this price only during the present week.

$3
Pair for a selection from 300 pairs of 4-yard-long NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS.
There is a great choice in this lot.

50c
Pair will only be asked for 300 pairs LADIES' KID HOUSE SLIPPERS, without heels.
There are not many pair, but they are cheap.

10c
Yard for about 10,000 yards of 4-4 PENANG SHIRTING, in French styles, will be the price this week in BARR'S Print Department.

20c
Pair for your choice of all sizes in CHILDREN'S HOSE, Black, Fancy and Solid Colors. They are extra long. There is a great choice.

25c
Yard will buy 2,000 yards BLACK SPANISH GUIPURE LACE, from 3 to 5 inches wide.
BARR'S will also offer 6 to 7-inch goods at 35c, of which they have 1,000 yards.

75c
For a choice of New Designs in DIAMOND and STAR WAISTS, will make a stir in BARR'S Children's Clothing Department to-morrow.

45c
Per yard will buy about 1,800 yards of 54-INCH MARION SUITING, which you will find to be a superb Dress Fabric, in BARR'S Flannel Department.

$1
A yard for a 54-INCH QUEEN CLOTH, suitable for Walking Jacket, will soon sell out all Barr's own, which is just 600 yards.

THE WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO.

Feel fully justified in exposing the frauds in Bargain advertising that have been imposed upon the St. Louis Public, and if any of the perpetrators find the description fits, they must not blame BARR'S, but rather repent and sin no more.

MODERN WITCHCRAFT.

The Prevalence of Superstition Among Pennsylvania Farmers.

A Son Brings Suit Against His Mother for Bewitching a Favorite Dog—The Aged Dame Fisher and Her Peculiar Practices.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

COLUMBIA, Pa., April 6.—The bringing of a lawsuit in a justice's court, in one of the back regions of this county, by a young man against his mother to recover damages for the loss of a dog, which he claims she bewitched so that it ran in a circle until it died from exhaustion, brought into notice the fact that there is an almost general belief in witchcraft and the charms of magic spells among farming populations in those isolated localities, and that there are many old women who are regularly consulted by young and old, and in whose arts and supernatural powers they put the greatest faith. At the trial of the lawsuit mentioned, several of these "witch women" testified in the case, and the curious and absurd beliefs they professed were given in great detail. The principal one, and the one most sought for advice and counsel by the community for miles around, is Barbara Fisher, who lives in the Dunkard settlement, five miles from Reinoldsville, in a small cabin in the mountains. She is 80 years old, bent and gray, but is still active and well preserved. She is a shrewd, cunning old woman, and lives alone.

SHE IS SO INDEPENDENT

that she will take the case of no one who is a stranger to her, or who she thinks lives in any large town unless the applicant simply wants her to treat him for a common ailment, requiring no "wonder working." A sufferer from hurts, sts, burns and similar ailments she will treat at once, and men, women and children come from far and near to seek her aid. If a child is deformed, demented or afflicted in any way, it is taken at once to Dame Fisher. If a farmer has a horse stolen the first thing he does is to consult this old woman and implore her to aid in recovering the lost animal, and detecting the thief. If there is trouble with cattle, if crops look bad, Dame Fisher's aid is the first thing sought. She stands ready at any time to extend her aid, and if she fails it is attributed unanimously to lack of faith on the part of the person she is working with. In her healing operations she uses no medicines, but depends upon her "charms." Her "powwows" consist of breathing on the afflicted part and waving the hand over it, accompanied by a few muttered words. The conditions for operating are implicit faith and confidence in the operator and a strict following of her directions. She will then promise a radical cure, and after half a century of "wonder-working" in that community she enjoys an almost universal reputation for infallibility. She is only one of many "witch women" who are consulted by their credulous neighbors. By far the most interesting feature of this backwoods healing art is that part which pretends to work magic spells, charms, curses, bad or good luck, or objects of hate or love. The most of these women live alone. Each has

A "MYSTERY BOOK,"

which is an ancient volume printed in the German language, which is to be consulted when charms are to be worked. Old Mother Rouke, who lives near Reinsoidsville, had the entire farming neighborhood working every night for weeks in search of gold, and when they failed to find it she gave as a reason that some of them had a cow with blood in its horn and until that could be found and killed, and the blood drawn from the horn and spilled on the ground in the moon's first quarter, it would be useless to look further for the treasure. The farmers spent much time trying to find such a cow among their stock, and in case a cow is killed in that vicinity to this day the horns are sawed off in hope the blood may be found. In answer to questions asked at the trial of the case of the old woman and her son, mentioned above, the following were given as some of the methods used by the witches in working their charms. In case a horse is stolen, the thief may be caught and the horse recovered if there can be three hairs from the missing animal's tail found in the stall. The three hairs must be cut into equal lengths, knotted in the middle, and lighted at both ends. This must be done at sunset, while the hairs are held on a shovel, near the stable. Whichever way the two ends of the hair point or turn as they burn will indicate the direction taken by the thief. The stub ends are to be

BURIED IN THE BARNYARD

where the sun shines. This acts so upon the thief that he cannot go beyond a certain limit, and involuntarily turns the horse back to the spot from which it was stolen. To make a well run dry, ashes of witch hazel are forced into the mouth of a toad, which is then dropped in the well. Cows may be made to give bloody milk by obliging them to trample toads under their feet. Dry cows may be made productive, lightning strokes warded off, enemies bewitched, crops increased, and evils and blessings laid upon persons at will, by these wonder workers, by the use of similar charms, and they undertake all such jobs. They will guarantee to stunt the growth of a baby, destroy a rival's beauty, separate man and wife, settle lovers' quarrels, produce desired marriages, or any other thing equally as absurd, on receipt of a fee for the purpose. In the potency of witch-hazel the wonder workers chiefly rely. It is burned to ashes and the blossoms used. Young women carry its leaves in their bosoms as a love charm, and sleep with them under their pillows to make them dream of their lovers, but of the persons who testified in the lawsuit only one said he had never had a relative bewitched. The witness who testified in behalf of the person who claimed his dog had been bewitched declared that since he had sided with him, his well had gone dry, his cows gave bloody milk, and his three-weeks' old baby had refused to be suckled, and he expected it to die at any time. The Justice of the Peace endeavored to ridicule the idea of witchcraft to the people present, but they insisted on their belief, and he gave the owner of the dog a judgment of $4 for the loss of his dog, the woman admitting that she had dosed it to death.

KNOWS HE IS CRAZY.

Mills, the Brooklyn Murderer, Wants the Top of His Head Taken Off.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—George H. Mills, who killed his wife, is to be hanged in the Brooklyn Jail on Friday. He says the question of his sanity has not been sufficiently investigated. "I know that I have something wrong in my head," he said yesterday, "and I want my brain examined. I am willing to undergo any operation, even if they take off the top of my skull. They can take a piece off my skull easily enough—trephining they call it, I think." He occupies cell No. 4 in the lower corridor, a few yards from the end of the main corridor, where the scaffold will be erected. The execution will take place about 10 o'clock.

BLOODY BATTLES.

New York Sports Enjoy Two Prize Fights on Sunday.

The Contest Between Ned Gilmartin and Hen Spicer—A False Alarm Causes a Panic—The Set-To Between Tom Greene and Jack Smith—A Hard Fought Battle.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, April 6.—A large crowd of youths with sporting proclivities assembled in a barn in the rear of Jones' Wood early yesterday morning to witness a hard-glove fight between Ned Gilmartin and Hen Spicer. Both men are heavy middleweights, and met to settle a disagreement and the possession of a purse of $100. Gilmartin is 5 feet 6¼ inches tall, and weighed 160 pounds. He was seconded by Tony Owens, the clever light-weight pugilist. Spicer is 5 feet 8 inches tall, and weighed two pounds less than his shorter rival. Bill Mack looked after Spicer's interests while he was in the ring. The men both wanted a friend as referee, and each objected to any man named by his opponent. Finally Tom Murphy, the light-weight collar and elbow wrestler, was agreed upon. When time was called

THE MEN DASHED AT EACH OTHER,

and fought savagely until time was called. Just as the men were ordered to go to their corners, Gilmartin struck Spicer in the stomach and the latter's friend claimed a foul. It was not allowed, and an embryo riot was started which was quelled by the referee, who declared he would stop the fight and lick the crowd. The succeeding four rounds were fought slowly and cautiously by both men, and very little damage was done. In the sixth round, Spicer's superior reach came in handy and he repeatedly struck Gilmartin heavy blows. The latter's eyes began to darken and swell, and Spicer became the favorite, three to one. The round closed by Spicer knocking Gilmartin off his feet. Before the eleventh round began, Owens bet $25 to $50 that his man would defeat Spicer. When time was called; Gilmartin jumped from his corner and rushed savagely at Spicer and knocked him down by a flush hit on the throat. When time was called for the twelfth round,

SPICER WAS VERY GROGGY.

Gilmartin was still first and said he would knock Spicer out "in short order." He went right at his man and punched him severely, although Spicer was still on his feet when time was called. At that moment a cry of "police" was raised. Instantly all was confusion. The candles were extinguished and the pugilists sought for their clothes in vain. Spicer left the ring and was hurried away by friends. The cry was found to be false and the referee ordered the men to re-enter the ring and continue the fight. Gilmartin appeared and said he was willing to fight, but Spicer refused and Gilmartin was declared the winner. The fight lasted, including the stoppage caused by the false alarm, one hour and eight minutes.

TOM GREENE AND JACK SMITH.

In a tavern on a road just back of Hoboken, there gathered early yesterday morning, a crowd of 100 sporting men from this city and Brooklyn, each of whom paid $1 for the privilege of witnessing a mill with hard gloves between two well-known light weight pugilists. The principals were Tom Greene of this city, and Jack Smith of Brooklyn. The men met, not so much to decide the possession of the purse, as to settle an old grudge. Much difficulty was experienced in obtaining a referee. Finally, Denny Sullivan was selected as referee and Dave Florence as time-keeper. It was shortly after 1 o'clock when the men appeared in the ring. Smith showed up first. He was seconded by Jack Pender and "Sandy" Mitchell. He had trained hard and his 145 pounds that he weighed was mostly of bone and muscle. He gazed steadfastly at Greene when the latter entered the ring. Greene was 180 pounds and shorter than his opponent. He, too, was in fine condition, and he said: "It's a pudding for luck that I'll stick." Greene wished to fight with bare knuckles, but, as a precaution, coverings of a somewhat tissue-paper consistency were ordered to be worn. The referee told the men that they were expected to fight according to Queensberry rules and cautioned them against fouls. He then called time and the fight, which proved one of the

SHORTEST AND HOTTEST ON RECORD,

began. Both sparred cautiously for the lead. Smith secured an opening and led at the stomach. Then he swung his right heavily on Greene's nose, splitting that useful member and causing the blood to spurt in all directions. First blood was claimed for and allowed to Smith. Greene seemed to have been awakened to the nature of the affair and went at Smith like a whirlwind. He landed repeatedly on Smith's nose, eyes, ears and ribs with only light returns. Greene drove Smith all around the ring and just before time was called Smith was knocked down by a swinging right-hander. When time was called for the second round Smith was slow to respond. Greene smilingly awaited the coming of his bruised and bleeding opponent. Greene

RUSHED SMITH ALL AROUND THE RING,

showering heavy blows on his face, neck and head. The crowd was wild with excitement and yelled words of encouragement to both men. In the middle of the second round Smith dropped into his corner and pulled off his gloves, giving up the fight. Greene was thereupon declared the winner.

AFFECTS RECEIVERS.

An Important Decision in the Pfandler Process Company's Case.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

ROCHESTER, April 6.—The decision filed here Saturday evening by Charles R. King, referee in the matter of the recounting of the receiver of the Pfandler Process Fermentation Company, involves the rights of all receivers of insolvent corporations. A receiver was appointed a year ago. Against the company were judgments of $30,000. He filed a bond and operated the business of the company for six months, and, having been offered $25,000 for the property, was granted permission by the court to sell before the date fixed. The minority stockholders enjoined the sale on the alleged ground that James Sargent, the president of the company, had obtained judgments by fraud. The judgments were subsequently set aside and the receiver discharged. Before the final judgment the company sold its property without the consent of the receiver. It was sold to the Consolidated Company for $75,000 capital stock. Referee King holds that the receiver is only entitled to commissions on $500 cash received. The best authorities consider this decision erroneous.

A Georgia Tragedy.

By Telegraph to the Post-Dispatch.

MACON, GA., April 6.—John McHussin, colored, was found several days ago mashed to death on the track of the Savannah and Florida road, near Willcoochee. After an investigation, a coroner's jury has decided that he was first murdered and his body then placed upon the track to conceal the crime. There is no clew to the murder.

Sought a Watery Grave.

CAIRO, ILL., April 6.—At 10 o'clock last night a man, whose name is unknown, while under the influence of liquor, walked off the wharf-boat into the river, and was drowned. The body was not recovered.

HEARD & McCARTNEY,
SUCCESSORS TO
LEWIS & GROSHON,
HATTERS!
New Spring Styles.
218 N. BROADWAY.
Furs Insured against Fire and Moths.

CITY ITEMS.

'Tis vain to seek a powder that defies detection; but use Pozzoni's to improve the complexion.

NATHAN CARD has the village and seaside carts, 604 Market and 18 S. Sixth street.

DR. E. C. CHASE, 823 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles street, cures diseases of indiscretion, excesses, indulgencies. Call or write

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Wholesale arrests of Anarchists have been made in Switzerland.

Capt. Elias Sims, a prominent skipper of Cleveland, died Sunday.

The Grand Ueberif of Mecca has proclaimed El Mahdi as an outlaw.

Secretary Whitney has decided to send 250 reinforcement to Colon, Isthmus of Panama.

The loss by the fire at Colon amounts to $4,000,000. The fall of Cartagena is considered inevitable.

Governor Eaton of Colorado has issued a proclamation quarantining the State against diseased cattle.

Charley Reed, the missing Norristown express agent, who is short $30,000, is now known to be in Canada.

Ex-Khedive Ismail Pasha told King Humbert that England and Italy combined could not conquer and hold the Soudan.

It is reported that Howard Cooper, the negro who outraged a young lady near Baltimore, Md., has been quietly lodged in the county jail.

The Comte de Paris and the Duc de Chartres are to consult at Naples this week on the prospect of re-establishing a monarchy in France.

Sam. White, foreman of the Kentucky Gazette, committed suicide at Lexington Sunday afternoon by shooting himself through the head.

The Teton Sioux have taken the war path. Colonel Irvine, at Prince Albert, is practically surrounded and is awaiting re-inforcements.

The Jewish portion of Vienna is greatly excited over the discovery, in a convent of a beautiful Jewess who was abducted two years ago.

It is stated that the advance orders for the revised Old Testament exceed the advance orders for the revised New Testament four years ago.

The Prince of Wales, on his Irish tour, will lay himself out in attending shows, theaters, bazars, and in opening various charitable institutions.

Three men were knocked insensible at Waco, Tex., by lightning Sunday afternoon, and one of them, James B. Barker, is not expected to live.

The veterans visit to the battlefield of Gettysburg is set for May 4. President Cleveland will be present. The Compte de Paris has been invited.

The effect the agreement said to have been made between England and the Ameer, is to so completely shut out Russia, that war is as near as ever.

The small fund of $1,500 for the relief of James Stephens, the Fenian head center, is considered by the English press an evidence that Fenianism is dead.

The strike of miners in Yorkshire, Staffordshire and Derbyshire, England, include 30,000 men, and is the greatest that has taken place in England for years.

The ice in the Susquehanna River, near Lock Haven Pa., is gorged eight and ten feet high. Some houses near the river are flooded to the second story.

Charles Brown, a skating rink manager at Philadelphia, has skipped out, leaving several brokenhearted maidens whom he promised to marry and a number of unpaid debts.

General Aizpura, the rebel leader, has organized a Government at Panama. Both sides are anxious to know what motive stands back of the movements of the United States troops.

The eldest son of Dr. Stephen Tyng, A. G. Tyng of Peoria, Ill., has made an application in New York City for a commission of lunacy to inquire into the sanity of his father.

It is rumored in New York that the Marie-Garrison suit, which involves the entire Missouri Pacific System and some $8,000,000, has been settled on terms favorable to the company.

Wm. Bascomb and his wife of North Platte, Neb., were burned to death in their house Saturday. It is supposed that some parties murdered them first and then set fire to the house.

The American papers in Paris are clamoring for the recall of Baron Salvador, French Consul at St. Paul, Minn., who, in letters to the Paris Figaro, has continually denounced Americans.

Miss Ada C. Sweet, pension agent at Chicago, was requested to resign by Commissioner Black, Saturday, but she indignantly and pluckily refused, and telegraphed President Cleveland to be retained.

M. Henri Brisson will form the new French Cabinet. The report that on the retreat from Lang Son, the troops had to abandon their guns and money chests, so enraged the Paris populace that an attempt was made to mob ex-Premier Ferry's residence, but it was frustrated by the timely arrival of the police.

The British Cabinet approved the agreement between the Ameer and Earl Dufferin. By it an Afghan garrison will be kept at Herat to maintain the frontier. The English are to construct a line of railway from Bolan to Candahar, and a military road from Candahar to Herat. The Russian army organ at St. Petersburg, the Svet, says that the fortification of Herat would be a casus belli.

"Her face so fair, as flesh it seemed not,
But heavenly portrait of bright angel's hue,
Clear as the sky without a blame or blot,
Through goodly mixture of complexion's due,
And in her cheeks the vermeil red did show."

This is the poet's description of a woman whose physical system was in a perfectly sound and healthy state, with every function acting properly, and is the enviable condition of its fair patrons produced by Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription." Any druggist.

THREE daily trains St. Louis to New York via Vandalia Line. All trains have Pullman hotel or Buffet sleeping cars through without change. Day coaches to Pittsburg and Pittsburg to New York. Only thirty-two hours St. Louis to New York.

Thieves and Their Plunder.

A sneak thief entered L. E. Taylor's residence, No. 3020 Chestnut street, when the family were at breakfast, and stole a light brown spring overcoat from the hall rack.

Last night a thief boarded car No. 110 of the St. Louis Company near Salisbury street and stole a black cassimere suit, the property of John Schab, which lay on the seat.

William R. Bamer of O'Fallon, Ill., reports that he was robbed of a hunting-case gold watch and a lot of jewelry. He has reason to believe that the thieves live in this city and this morning he reported his loss at Police headquarters.

A large St. Bernard dog was stolen last night from No. 1900 S. Third street.

A thief, of promiscuous proclivities, who entered Enterpe Cafe, southest corner of Leffingwell avenue and Walnut street, last night stole seven boxes of cigarettes, four pounds of smoking tobacco, eight pounds of French candy and a canary bird.

A lot of men boarding at No. 105 Barton street reported to the Second District Station last night that their rooms had been entered by thieves, who stole a lot of clothing from them.

There is Help for You.—Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" will cure that obstinate case of Kidney, Liver or Blood disease. Try it; $1; six bottles for $5.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

Knew Where to Land.

Georgie Hurst, the two-year-old nephew of Col. Hurst, had a fall yesterday afternoon from the balcony in front of the hotel. He landed in a sitting position upon the stone pavement below, after a perpendicular descent of twenty feet, and was knocked out by the concussion, but Dr. Atwood, who was hastily called in, examined him and found that no bones were broken and no indications of internal injury were apparent. To-day the child is as well as ever, munching peanuts with a normal avidity.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

NEW AUTOMATIC SEWING MACHINES, 410 Morgan st. A. Jameson, manager.

CLEVELAND'S VOICE.

The Presidential Vocal Organ Compared to Matt Carpenter's.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran Charmed With the New Chief Magistrate—The Gallery and Proposed Art School—Republican Economy Dodges—Commissioner Miller—Miss Cleveland's Politics.

Special Correspondence of the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, April 4.—President Cleveland has a voice, in ordinary conversation, which exactly resembles in clearness and sound, that of the late Senator Matt Carpenter. A gentleman who was very near to Mr. Carpenter, was sitting in the office of Private Secretary Lamont at the White House the other day. He chanced to be thinking about Mr. Carpenter when he suddenly heard behind him an easy, good-natured voice, which so recalled Carpenter that it positively startled him. He turned and there was the President. He was talking with Mr. Bayard and had approached the door of the private secretary's room. There is an under current of good feeling and kindly humor in the tones of the President's voice, which are wonderfully like those of Carpenter's. The President is not fond of going out to visit any one. He is glad to see people who come to the White House for the purpose of making social calls. He has made only one call since he has been in Washington. During the first week of his stay here he called upon the millionaire philanthropist, Corcoran. He understood that Mr. Corcoran was very anxious to see him. Mr. Corcoran is in his 80th year. The President paid him the usual compliment of going to his house out of regard for his great age and reputation. The President remained with him nearly an hour.

* * *

In a call upon Mr. Corcoran the other evening, I asked him how he liked the President. He replied that he liked him very much. He seemed to him like a straight, forward business man and he believed that his Administration would be very successful on that account. Mr. Corcoran is very much interested in the attempt of the New York WORLD to raise the money for the pedestal of the Bartholdi statue, although he would not himself contribute to the fund. His reason was that New York people ought to be ashamed to go outside of their own city for assistance. "Why," said he, "France has presented to the city of New York one of the most beautiful works of art of modern times. It does not seem possible to me that New York, where so much money centers, where great fortunes are only too common, should have any trouble in raising the money for a pedestal. It seems to me that it ought to be raised in a day, by so small one, or any half a dozen capitalists that I could name at random." He said farther that most of the official people of Washington were poor. He had no doubt but that they would all contribute something to the success of the WORLD'S project. He thought, however, that it should be a matter of pride with the New York people to accept a cent from any outside source. He praised very highly the WORLD'S patriotic unselfishness in taking up this project, and he wished it every success. Recently he gave $5,000 to a hospital in Richmond; since that time he has resolved to confine his future contributions to the public institutions of Washington. He told me some interesting things about the Corcoran Art Gallery. The endowment fund of that institution is now in the neighborhood of $1,000,000. This is invested so that it brings in an income of about $60,000 a year. This fund is the absolute property of the gallery. It will be used for the purchase of pictures and for the endowment of a future art school. Mr. Corcoran, although very old, still hopes to see this school started and completed before he dies. Admiral Lee, who owns the property next to the gallery, is the only obstacle in the way. Mr. Corcoran has desired to enlarge and extend the gallery, but he has been unable to purchase the Admiral's lot, although he has offered him his own price for it. Admiral Lee dislikes the veteran banker, and, through motives of personal resentment, has refused to sell the property.

* * *

In the investigation of the Treasury Commission a number of interesting things have been brought out in the examination of the affairs of the internal Revenue Bureau. Last year it took $3,500,000 of expenditure to collect the revenues. Immediately following the last election the Republican officials of the bureau began to economize, and cut down expenditures so as to anticipate the possible economies of the new administration to Democratic. They have so cut down the scale of expenditures that the outgo this year for the collection of revenue will be reduced $500,000. The Commission have examined a number of Republican experts who are still in the employ of the Bureau. They have given it as their opinion that the estimates can be still further cut down, without in any way impairing the honest collection of the revenues. Remove political influences, these experts say, from the bureau; put its management upon a good business basis, and you can make another cut of $300,000. This will make a saving of $800,000 a year in one Bureau of the Government alone which can be properly credited to the election of a Democratic administration. The commission has discovered a number of ways in which money is wasted in the collection of the revenue. The gaugers are a special subjects for criticism. In many cases a large distiller will connive with the gauger so as to keep him with him. This he will do by giving the gauger an opportunity of measuring over and over again the same liquor. The gauger is required to measure so many gallons each day as a part of his day's work. The law intends him to keep moving about and to not stay to one place. Under the old system of measuring the same liquor over a great many times, a much larger number of gaugers have been employed than are necessary. It is thought by the commission, also that the collectors of Internal Revenue can be reduced from their county, their present number, to sixty. There is no law required for this cut. The President can by executive order reduce the force as Arthur did during his term of office.

* * *

Mr. Miller, the new Commissioner of Internal Revenue, is one of the most business-like looking men who has ever had charge of that office. He is a man slightly above medium height and is quite stout. He does not look to be much over 40 years of age. He has a round, large head, thickly covered with closely trimmed curling black hair. His forehead is broad and high, his eyes a coal black, his nose is straight and firm in line, while his broad, fresh colored face is smooth shaven with the exception of a small crisp mustasche, and an inch of black side whiskers in front of each ear. He has the resolute steady look of a Cleveland business man. He is reorganizing his bureau upon a business basis and looks much more to the business capacity of those under him than he does to their political influences.

* * *

There has been a good deal of discussion, or rather gossip, about the political faith of Miss Cleveland and Mrs. Hoyt. By some it has been said that they are Republicans. There is no authority for any such assertion. Neither one of Mr. Cleveland's sisters has expressed any political opinions since they have come here. They did not believe that it would be becoming. Miss Cleveland is especially anxious to receive the ladies who come to her house upon a social and not a political basis. She has refused to join in with the rapcures of some of the Democratic ladies over the triumps of the Democratic party and that has given rise to the story that she is a Republican in sympathies. Yet, if Republican ladies were to go to her to ask her to condole with them over the defeat of their party, they would meet with as little sympathy. Miss Cleveland has said or done nothing since her arrival here to warrant any story about her political faith. She very much admires her brother and believes that she can best assist him in dispensing the hospitalities of the White House by her ignoring the subject of politics in her reception and treatment of visitors. When this comes to be fully understood it will, no doubt, increase her general popularity, although some of the prejudiced wives of some of the ultra Democrats would have preferred a different course, a blacklisting of all the ladies who have been prominent under the previous Republican administrations. Under Miss Cleveland's rule there will be no social wars and wrangles.

T. O. CRAWFORD.

WE retail trunks and satchels at our factory, cor. 21st and Morgan also repair. HICKMAN TRUNK CO.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

LOUIS ZEPP.

The Funeral of a Well-Known Citizen of Old St. Louis.

The funeral of Louis Zepp, at 2 o'clock this afternoon, was one of the largest known in St. Louis for years past. The residence, 3419 S. Broadway, was unable to contain the guests, and thirty carriages were required for the family alone. Mr. Zepp was the oldest of a family of twenty-one brothers and sisters. He was the brother of Mr. Philip Zepp of the Court of Criminal Correction, and the stepfather of Mr. Fred Gerber of the Collector's office. The pall bearers were Messrs. Paul Oehler, Joseph Beck, Jacob Kaiser, Chas. Yost, Nicholas Berg, George Weissenburg, Cuno Warner and Anton Weber. Representatives from the American Protestant Association, the American Legion of Honor, the Freiband, of which organization Mr. Zepp was the founder in St. Louis, the Harugari and the Odd Fellows. The Rev. Mr. Brascher of St. Matthias' (Lutheran) Church conducted the funeral services.

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presents his compliments and respectfully requests an early inspection of his importations for SPRING and SUMMER.

FAST TIME.

Thirty-two Hours to New York via Vandalia Line, in Effect April 6, 1885.

Day Express—Leave St. Louis 8 a. m. arrive Pittsburg 6:30 a. m., arrive Washington 8 p. m., arrive Philadelphia 6:50 p. m., arrive New York 9:40 p. m.

Limited Express—Leave St. Louis 10 a. m. arrive Pittsburg 6 a. m., arrive Washington 5:55 p. m., arrive Philadelphia 4:45 p. m., arrive New York 6:35 p. m.

New York Express—Leave St. Louis 7 p. m., arrive Pittsburg 6:10 p. m., arrive Washington 6:40 a. m., arrive Philadelphia 8:35 a. m., arrive New York 8 a. m.

All trains run daily, Saturday and Sunday included.

Pullman hotel or Buffet sleeping cars on all trains to New York. Locations can be secured in advance at 100 N. Fourth street.

Whose Is Your Tailor?

In order to induce all to attend our grand spring opening this week, we will offer 1,000 men's nobby corkscrew sack and cutaway suits worth $18, for $10, at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

A VALUABLE BOOK.

Some Curious Facts Which May Be Gleaned from the City Directory.

Gould's St. Louis Directory for 1885 has just been issued. A casual glance at its pages reveals innumerable oddities in names and groups of names. The name which heads the list of the people of the city is a combination of scripture names both belonging to noted men in Jewish history; it is Ephraim Aaron. The combination of scripture names are very frequent, especially among the Hebrew citizens, such as Daniel Abraham, Isaac Abraham, Joseph Abraham, Abraham Isaac, Daniel Isaac and so on. One man rejoices in the classic name of Agricola; there is an Angel, quite a number of Curists, several Gabriels, a few Christians, some Churches and various other religious titles. One man is named Always. The months of April, May, March and January are represented. There is a D'Amour, an Amor, a Love and several Hugs, but no kisses. Ham, Jelly, Cake, Coffee, Lamb, Goon, Rabbit and Pickles suggest a pleasant feast, while for the mournful there are Stix, Coffins, Groves and Sextons. That there is plenty of wealth in the city is indicated by Rich, Diamond, Nickel, Silver, Gold and Golden. A very necessary little article is always in the houses of several people named Pins. There are two Tramps. One man's friends have to swear every time they address him as his name is Damme. There is a Fife, a Fiddler and a Drummer. There is Also and Odor, whether good or bad, is not stated. Ah Tung and Ah Gong must have noisy houses. There is a Hop Sing, but no Hop Skip. Jacob Astor has a namesake, as also has President Porfirio Diaz. Among other curious and suggestive names are Dial, Dudgeon, Faith, Fee, Dun, Fox, Game, Garden, Gare, Gut, Heller, Holy, Homer, Horn, House, Jolly, Keg, Kraut, Lily, Lime, Lion, Mann, Mop, Muff, Munch, Painter, Pair, Pale, Pick, Pill, Puff, Rain, Rainwater, Quick, Raw, Quest, Silence, Sly, Pile, Pilgrim, Sock, Shoddy, Shickery, Speck, Suck, Suckling, Fountain and others. There are some names which, if the possessors were gathered into one town, would make a fair-sized directory alone. The Smiths are the most numerous, as they foot up 1,000; next are the Johnsons, with 537; next the Browns with 511, and the Louises come next with 417, closely followed by the Robinsons, and a host of other names. The last man on the list is named Joseph Zykan.

THE Vandalia Line New York Express leaves St. Louis at 7 p. m., every day in the week, and arrives at New York at 8 a. m., second morning—nearly four hours earlier than formerly.

Fine Cassimere Pants Coming Down.

Among the drives at our grand spring opening this week are 1,000 pairs men's good cassimere pants worth $3 50 for $1 50, at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

CITY NEWS.

Frank Landmeyer was arrested Saturday at the instance of M. Murphy, who charges him with the theft of an overcoat.

The Executive Committee of the Western Commercial Travelers' Association, met yesterday afternoon. Quite a number of new members were admitted.

The St. Louis Medical Society met Saturday night at the Lindell Hotel. The meeting was taken up in informal discussion of various medical subjects.

George Hurst, son of James Hurst, fell from the porch of Hurst's Hotel to the pavement, about 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, but escaped serious injury.

A meeting of the florists of this city was held at the Exposition building to-day to arrange for the May festival. The board of directors will meet this evening.

Anton Krouse reported to the police yesterday that two boxes of chewing tobacco were stolen from his establishment, 6449 Florisant avenue, on Saturday night.

Clara O'Connor, a little girl 4 years of age, who resides with her parents at 2230 Biddle street, was struck with a rock thrown by her brother yesterday. Her skull was fractured.

A small fire, which was extinguished without much damage, broke out about noon yesterday in Mr. Suttleberg's tenement house, near St. Louis avenue and Thirteenth streets.

Jacob Ponthus, who is employed at the Winklemeyer brewery on Eighteenth and Market streets, sustained a severe scalp wound Saturday afternoon by being struck by a valve which was blown from a boiler.

The side wall of the building, 902 Locust street, gave way yesterday, and Thomas McDonagan, the occupant of an adjoining building, came nearly being crushed to death. The damage to the building is estimated at $300.

The Carpenters' Union held a meeting yesterday at Central Turner Hall. The committee appointed to fix a standard of wages reported in favor of $3 per day. The report was adopted and the members were ordered not to work for less.

Frank Klausen, a German, who lives at Kirkwood, came to the city last night, and when standing on the corner of Clark avenue and the Levee about 9 o'clock, was held up by three men and robbed of $6 and a silver watch and chain.

Elias Sherman, who was employed at the Dunham confectionery establishment on Locust, between the Levee and Main streets, fell through an elevator hatchway on the first floor to the basement. He sustained serious injuries and was sent to the City Hospital.

The following gentlemen were elected as officers of the Shamrock Benevolent Society at the annual meeting held yesterday at St. Patrick's Hall: Patrick Monahan, president; John Hughes, vice-president; John R. Selk, treasurer; John Hughes, financial secretary, and John Welsh, recording secretary.

Mrs. Kate Whelan, who lives with her father, John Walsh, at 2014 Cass avenue, was accidentally shot yesterday by James Howard. Howard was handling a pistol, when it went off unexpectedly, the bullet striking Mrs. Whelan in the right eye. The wound is not considered serious. Howard was arrested.

On Saturday night raids were made by the police on crap houses kept by Archie Irwin at 1021 Christy avenue, and J. Curtis at 717 Morgan street. In the former they captured fourteen players, and in the latter twelve players and the proprietor. The prisoners, all of whom were colored, were taken to the Four Courts, where they furnished bond for their appearance.

Barney Casey and two friends went into Chris Schumacher's saloon on Seventh and Biddle streets early yesterday morning, and began to sing in a boisterous manner. The barkeeper, Nicholas Rosch, ordered them out, but they refused to go. Casey then attempted to go behind the bar, and as he did so Rosch struck him a terrific blow on the head with a club. Rosch was arrested and Casey was taken to the City Hospital.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

Base-Ball Outfits Given Away,

Consisting of ball, cap and bat with every boy's suit, at the grand spring opening this week at the

GLOBE, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

COST OF MAKING GAS.

Some Interesting Information on an Extremely Important Subject.

"I was talking not long ago to an employe of the St. Louis Gas Light Company," said Mr. F. G. Jordan to a POST-DISPATCH reporter, "and he gave me some information about the manufacture of gas which is valuable to St. Louisans. He was in the Carondelet Company. The Pennsylvania soft coal can be laid down at the works for 5 cents a bushel; one bushel is sufficient for 240 cubic feet of gas, and hence it takes a little over four bushels to make a thousand feet; say the cost of coal for this amount reaches 25 cents. The manufacture, distribution and collection, costs something, but on the other hand coke sells for from 11 to 13 cents a bushel, and the tar and ammonia water are valuable. We figured that the net cost of manufacturing gas amounted to only 50 cents per thousand feet. At this rate, if the city owned the plant and made the gas with anything like good management, it could be sold for from 60 to 75 cents at a fair profit. The city of Richmond, Virginia, manufactures its own gas and sells it at 80 cents, and last year cleared a profit of 54 per cent. This only shows now the gas companies have gouged the people."

Bargains in Shirts.

We offer 100 dozen white unlaundried shirts at 25 cents each, fifty dozen French percale shirts, collars attached, sold all over at $1, for 50 cents each at the

Globe, 714 and 716 Franklin avenue.

308 Miles to St. Joseph via the Great Wabash Short Line. Elegant new combination Sleeping and Parlor Cars run daily.

The Withall Banquet.

A complimentary banquet was tendered Mr. Chas. E. Withall, late chief clerk of the Missouri Pacific Freight Office, by his former comrades in the General Freight Department last Saturday evening, at the Lindell Hotel. It proved to be a pleasant affair and was participated in by some thirty or more of Mr. Withall's late companions. The table was set in the ladies' ordinary and a very tempting menu was laid. Quite a number of speeches eulogistic of Mr. Withall's many good qualities were made, and his health was drunk again and again.

WOMEN
Needing renewed strength, or who suffer from infirmities peculiar to their sex, should try
BROWN'S IRON BITTERS
THE BEST TONIC
This medicine combines Iron with pure vegetable tonics, and is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all those who lead sedentary lives. It Enriches and Purifies the Blood, Stimulates the Appetite, Strengthens the Muscles and Nerves—in fact, thoroughly Invigorates.
Clears the complexion, and makes the skin smooth. It does not blacken the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation—*all other Iron medicines do.*
MRS. ELIZABETH BAIRD, 74 Farwell Ave., Milwaukee, Wis., says, under date of Dec. 28th, 1884:
"I have used Brown's Iron Bitters, and it has been more than a doctor to me, having cured me of the weakness ladies have in life. Also cured me of Liver Complaint, and now my complexion is clear and good. Has been beneficial to my children."
Genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Made only by
BROWN CHEMICAL CO., BALTIMORE, MD.
LADIES' HAND BOOK—useful and attractive, containing list of prizes for recipes, information about Iron, etc., given away by all dealers in medicine, or mailed to any address on receipt of 2c. stamp.

NO POISON
IN THE PASTRY
IF
DR. PRICE'S SPECIAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS
ARE USED.
Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor Cakes, Creams, Puddings, &c., as delicately and naturally as the fruit from which they are made.
FOR STRENGTH AND TRUE FRUIT FLAVOR THEY STAND ALONE.
PREPARED BY THE
Price Baking Powder Co.,
Chicago, Ill. St. Louis, Mo.
MAKERS OF
Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
—AND—
Dr. Price's Lupulin Yeast Gems,
Best Dry Hop Yeast.
FOR SALE BY GROCERS.
WE HAVE BUT ONE QUALITY.

OLDEN TIMES
The formula by which Mishler's Herb Bitters is compounded is over two hundred years old, and of German origin. The entire range of proprietary medicines cannot produce a preparation that enjoys so high a reputation in the community where it is made as
MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS.
It is the best remedy for Kidney and Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Cramp in the Stomach, Indigestion, Malaria, Periodical Complaints, etc. As a Blood Purifier, it has no equal. It tones the system, strengthening, invigorating and giving new life.
The late Judge Hayes, of Lancaster Co., Pa., an able jurist and an honored citizen, once wrote: "Mishler's Herb Bitters is very widely known, and has acquired a great reputation for medicinal and curative properties. I have used myself and in my family several bottles, and I am satisfied that the reputation is not unmerited."
MISHLER HERB BITTERS CO.,
525 Commerce St., Philadelphia.
Parker's Pleasant Worm Syrup Never Fails

HERE HE IS!

Take a good look at him! We'll tell you his name Wednesday morning after the returns are all in. He will pay his election bets at "Famous," and as he has wagered several Spring Suits, besides Hats, Shoes and various articles from our Furnishing Goods and Parasol Departments, we'd advise you to drop around and size him up, and if you have any wagers to pay in our line, you will find us ready to help you out of the scrape at the least possible cost to yourself.
FAMOUS,
Leading Retailers of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Parasols, Millinery, Novelties, Chinaware, Books and House Furnishings.
BROADWAY AND MORGAN.
Send for our monthly price buletin.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PROPOSALS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES AND TRANSPORTATION.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, March 30, 1885.—Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Beef" (bids for beef must be submitted in separate envelopes), Bacon, Flour, Clothing, or Transportation, etc., (as the case may be), and directed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Nos. 45 and 47 Wooster St., New York, will be received until 1 P. M. of Tuesday, May 5, 1885, for furnishing for the Indian service about 1,200,000 pounds Bacon, 40,000,000 pounds Beef on the hoof, 250,000 pounds Beans, 97,500 pounds Baking Powder, 1,000,000 pounds of Corn, 450,000 pounds Coffee, 8,000,000 pounds Flour, 56,000 pounds Feed, 195,000 pounds Hard Bread, 68,000 pounds Hominy, 25,000 pounds Lard, 1,500 barrels mess pork, 145,000 pounds Rice, 7,500 pounds Tea, 500 pounds Tobacco, 190,000 pounds Salt, 175,000 pounds Soap, 850,000 pounds Sugar, and 50,000 pounds Vinegar.

Also Blankets, Woolen and Cotton Goods (consisting in part of Ticking, 20,000 yards; Standard Calico, 125,000 yards; Drilling, 9,000 yards; Duck, free from all sizing, 96,000 yards; Denims, 17,500 yards; Gingham, 210,000 yards; Kentucky Jeans, 20,000 yards; Cheviot, 4,500 yards; Brown Sheeting, 120,000 yards; Bleached Sheeting, 15,000 yards; Hickory Shirting, 10,000 yards; Calico shirting, 6,000 yards; Wincey, 1,500 yards) Clothing, Groceries, Notions, Hardware, Medical Supplies, Books, &c., and a long list of miscellaneous articles, such as Harness, Plows, Rakes, Forks, &c., and for about 325 Wagons required for the service, to be delivered at Chicago, Kansas City and Sioux City. Also for such wagons as may be required, adapted to the climate of the Pacific Coast, with California brakes, delivered at San Francisco.

Also, transportation for such of the articles, goods, and supplies that may not be contracted for to be delivered at the Agencies.

BIDS MUST BE MADE OUT ON GOVERNMENT BLANKS.

Schedules showing the kinds and quantities of subsistence supplies required for each Agency, and the kinds and quantities in gross, of all other goods and articles, together with blank proposals, conditions to be observed by bidders, time and place of delivery, terms of contract and payment, transportation routes, and all other necessary instructions will be furnished upon application to the Indian Office at Washington, D. C., or to the Indian Agents, Nos. 45 and 47 Wooster street, New York; Wm. H. Lyon, No. 483 Broadway, New York; the Commissaries of Subsistence, U. S. A., at Cheyenne, Chicago, Omaha, Leavenworth, Sandy Hook, Saint Paul and San Francisco; the Postmasters at the following named places: Kansas City, Burlington, Caldwell, Dodge City, Emporia, Eureka, Great Bend, Howard, Hutchinson, Larned, McPherson, Marion, Medicine Lodge, Newton, Osage City, Salina, Sterling, Topeka, Wellington, Wichita and Winfield.

Bids will be opened at the hour and day above stated, and bidders are invited to be present at the opening.

CERTIFIED CHECKS.

All bids must be accompanied by certified checks upon some United States Depository, or the First National Bank of Los Angeles, Cal., for at least five per cent of the amount of the proposal. J. D. C. ATKINS, *Commissioner.*

GOULD DIRECTORY CO., No. 813 Locust st., St. Louis, Mo., March 28, 1885.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the above company will be held at their office on Monday, April 13, 1885, for the election of directors for the ensuing year. Polls open from 9 a. m. to 3 p. m.
DAVID R. GOULD, President.
EDWIN POTTER, Secretary.

THE annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bentonstore Mining Co., for the election of five directors to serve during the ensuing year, will be held on Tuesday, April 7th, 1885, at the office of the President, J. G. Chapman, Room 32, Day building, 51 and Pine streets. Polls open from 9 to 12.
J. G. CHAPMAN, President.
ROB'T. MCCULLOCH, Secretary.

PHOSPHATIC LEMON RYE
For Mental and Physical Exhaustion, for Dyspepsia, it is unequalled. Secures perfect digestion. It is recommended especially to ladies in delicate health, and is a true and healthy Tonic for children. For sale by all druggists.

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING
SUITS CLEANED IN SIX HOURS.
Cleaning. Dyeing.
Coat.....$1 00 | Coat.....$2
Pants.....50 | Pants.....1
W. SURBLED.
North Sixth st., bet. Market and Chestnut.
Orders by mail promptly attended to.

JOHN MAGUIRE,
REAL ESTATE AGENT
NO. 519 WALNUT ST., BET. 5TH AND 6TH.

POLITICAL.

GRAND RALLY!
Attention, Every One!
Come one and all, and hear Hon. Jesse Harper and other prominent speakers at Central Turner Hall this evening at 8 o'clock. Grand display of fireworks.
Frank G. Cossmann,
PRESENT INCUMBENT,
Is a candidate for re-election for House of Delegates from the Seventh Ward.
ROBT. LANGE
FOR
President Board of Assessors.
Election Tuesday, Apr. 17, 1885.
M. R. COLLINS, JR.,
REGULAR DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE
FOR HOUSE OF DELEGATES,
EIGHTEENTH WARD.
VOTE FOR
JAMES DUROSS
FOR THE
CITY COUNCIL.
Election Tuesday, April 7, 1885.

BEAUTIFUL SPRING STYLES!
IN MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S
CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS!
Three floors, well-filled with the choicest assortment of new, clean, tailor-made and custom-like Clothing and the best of Furnishings at prices lower than ever before named in St. Louis.
If you want to buy a $10 Suit, If you want to buy a $35 Suit,
If you want to buy a $15 Suit, If you want to buy a $40 Suit,
If you want to buy a $20 Suit, If you want to buy a $45 Suit,
If you want to buy a $25 Suit, If you want to buy a $50 Suit,
If you want to buy a $30 Suit, If you want to buy a Pair of
Trousers, Spring Overcoat, Boys' Clothing or Furnishings, come and see us. Our $10 and $18 Suits are great values. They must be—everybody says so that sees 'em. Such prices as we have put on our truly elegant Spring Stock are strangers to St. Louis, and we trust that you won't get excited because a $30 Suit or Overcoat isn't marked $2 50.
F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
The Pioneer American Clothiers of Broadway.
The J. M. Ward Furniture, Stove and Carpet Co.
1111, 1113 and 1115 Franklin Avenue.
Have now ready for inspection ELEGANT BEDROOM SETS in CHERRY, MAHOGANY and WALNUT; Handsome PARLOR FURNITURE, Beautiful CARPETS, RUGS and EVERYTHING NEEDED in HOUSEKEEPING, which they offer on EASY WEEKLY or MONTHLY PAYMENTS at bedrock prices. Call and be convinced. Open until 9 o'clock every evening.

POLITICAL.

EWING AND VICTORY
Republican Mass Meeting
—AT—
MERCANTILE LIBRARY HALL
Monday Evening, April 6,
At 8 O'Clock P. M.
The following Speakers will address the Meeting:

Hon. Wm. L. Ewing,	E. S. Rowse,
Col. D. P. Dyer,	Henry Ziegenhein,
Gen. John W. Noble,	G. A. Finkelnburg,
Hon. Emil Preetorius,	Geo. W. Parker,
Leo Rassieur,	Louis Gottschalk,
Gen. D. P. Grier,	A. J. Warner,
J. Milton Turner,	Wm. A. Hobbs.

Hon. Nathan Cole will preside, assisted by the following gentlemen as Vice-Presidents:

Samuel Bonner,	W. F. Coxeen,
B. B. Bonner,	W. S. Pope,
F. B. Chamberlain,	P. Brockman,
J. M. Corbett,	C. Conrades,
Geo. E. Leighton,	Henry Meyer,
Hugo Muench,	Casper Stolla,
H. M. Pollard,	L. Methudy,
John Wahl,	E. B. Kirby,
E. W. Donk,	H. C. Yaeger,
John T. Davis,	R. B. Brown,
George Bain,	Arnold Beck,
John S. Cavender,	Dr. Fred Hill,
John C. Orrick,	James C. Cowan,
N. C. Hudson,	Charles Starke,
Chas. G. Stifel,	John W. Wheeler,
Geo. H. Brockenkamp,	S. P. Anderson,
Gust Sessinghaus,	W. P. T. Jones,
Moses Fraley,	J. R. Young,
Dr. R. C. Hill,	P. C. Bulkley,
George H. Rea,	J. W. Howard,
B. C. Kesens,	Charles Miller,
James R. Yeatman,	Louis Schafer,
J. B. Woestman,	Conrad Rose,
Samuel Hays,	Otto Smith,
Charles Parsons,	W. H. Thompson,
Thomas C. Dutro,	J. H. Fisse,
James G. Butler,	James S. Garland,
John C. Bensick,	J. K. Tiffany,
August Gehner,	J. W. Mortimer,
Anthony Kessler,	Jacob Kline,
J. C. Lullman,	William H. Pulsifer,
Herman Stamm,	C. M. Woodward,
Chas. F. Vogel,	Wm. L. Huse,
Phil Stamm,	H. C. Haarstick,
Wm. Booth,	Austin R. Moore,
David Nicholson,	Christian Peper,
Seneca N. Taylor,	J. C. H. D. Block,
Frank Husaman,	F. W. Biebinger,
John H. Lightner,	Conrad Fath,
John Grether,	N. O. Nelson,
Cyrus B. Burnham,	Nelson Cole,
John Krauss,	Dr. Thomas O'Reilly,
S. D. Barlow,	John Grogan,
J. W. Campbell,	Peter Talon,
R. S. Hays,	John A. Scudder,
Louis Nolte,	Wm. H. Scudder,
C. W